

PROGRAMMABLE AC/DC POWER SOURCE KP2000AS

INSTRUCTION MANUAL

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Preface

Thank you for purchasing our Programmable AC/DC Power Source KP2000AS.

For safe and correct use of the electrical product, please first read "Safety Precautions" on the next page.

■ Alert symbols in this manual

This manual uses the following alert symbols. The instructions by these alert symbols shall be carefully obeyed to ensure equipment operator's safety and prevent damage to equipment.

⚠ WARNING

Equipment handling could result in death or serious injury. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

A CAUTION —

Equipment handling could result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

This manual consists of the following chapters.

If it is the first time for you to use this product, start with "1. Outline."

- 1. Outline: Explains the overview, configuration, and features of this product.
- 2. Preparation before Use: Explains the preparations carried out before installation or operation.
- 3. Basic operation: Explains the component names and basic operations.
- 4. Advanced Operation: Explains the operations more extensively.
- 5. Description of Screen and Menu: Explains the screen configuration and menu composition.
- 6. Remote Control: Explains the remote control via communication interface.
- 7. Options: Explains the available options.
- 8. Troubleshooting: Explains the remedies when an error message is displayed, or when a failure is suspected.
- 9. Maintenance: Explains the methods of storage, repackaging, transportation, and maintenance.
- 10. Specifications: Provides the list of specifications of functions and performance.

Scope of contents

The description of this manual applies to products with firmware version 1.00 or above. For details on checking the firmware version, see Chapter 9.4.

Safety Precautions

For safe use, ensure to obey the following warnings and considerations.

We are not responsible for damage resulting from failure to obey these warnings and considerations.

This product is an insulation Class I device (with a protective conductor terminal) complying with the JIS and IEC standards.

Ensure you obey the instructions in this instruction manual.

This instruction manual contains instructions for safe operation and use of this product.

Before using this product, please read this manual first.

All the warning items contained in this instruction manual are intended for preventing risks that may lead to serious accidents. Ensure to obey them.

• Ensure to ground.

Ensure to connect the protective conductor terminal of the power input terminal of this product to an earth ground so that ground resistance is 100Ω or less. If the product is not certainly grounded, an electric shock might occur.

To prevent electric shock, ensure that the protective grounding conductor is connected before you connect a cable to the power input terminals L, N.

For grounding, use the supplied power cable or an equivalent cable whose diameter is same or greater.

Check the power supply voltage.

This product operates on the power supply voltage specified in "2.4 Grounding and Power Connections". Before connecting this product to a power supply, make sure that the voltage of distribution board conforms to the power supply voltage rating of the product.

• If you notice anything strange

If this product produces smoke, unusual odor, or strange sound, immediately cut the power to the product and stop using it.

Should you encounter any anomaly like above, immediately contact us or our agent. Never use it until the repair is completed.

• Do not operate in an explosive atmosphere.

An explosion or other such hazard may result.

Do not remove the cover.

This product has high-voltage portions inside. Never remove the cover.

When inspection into the inside of the product is needed, never allow anybody to touch the innards except our certified service engineers.

Do not modify the product.

Never modify the product. Modification to the product may pose a new risk. We may refuse the repair of a modified product at fault.

Prevention of electric shock by output voltage

The maximum output of this product is \pm 454 V. Be careful to avoid electric shock. Directly touching the output or changing the cable connection while the output is on may cause electric shock.

• This product weights over 18 kg.

Do not carry it alone, or you may suffer physical injury.

• Do not expose this product to water.

When this product is used in wet condition, it may cause an electric shock and a fire. If this product is exposed to water, cut the power at the distribution board immediately, and contact NF Corporation or one of our representatives.

If lightning occurs, power off this product and cut the power at the distribution board.

A lightning may cause an electric shock, a fire and a failure.

Safety symbols

The following shows the general definitions of the safety symbols used on the product main unit and in the instruction manual.



Refer to the instruction manual

This notifies the user of potential hazards and indicates that he/she must refer to the instruction manual.



Electric shock hazard

This indicates that an electric shock may occur under specific conditions.



Protection conductor terminal

This indicates that the terminal needs to be grounded in order to prevent electric shock accidents.

Before operating the equipment, ensure to connect this terminal to an earth ground so that ground resistance is $100~\Omega$ or less.

⚠ WARNING

Warning

Equipment handling could result in death or serious injury. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

↑ CAUTION

Caution

Equipment handling could result in minor or moderate injury, or property damage. This symbol contains information to avoid such risk.

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Other symbol

\perp

Chassis

This indicates that the terminal (or external conductor for a connector) is connected to the chassis.

Request about disposal

For environmental preservation, pay attention to the followings when you dispose of this product.

- Do not discard this product in domestic household waste. This product shall be disposed of through an appropriate industrial waste disposer.
- This product contains one coin-shaped lithium battery.
- · This product does not contain mercury.

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1. Outline

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1.1 Overview

The programmable AC/DC power source KP2000AS is a single-phase 2 kVAAC / 2 kW DC stabilized power source that can be boosted up to 4 kVA single-phase two-wire system. It is equipped with various interfaces such as external control terminals and communication interfaces (GPIB is optional.), enabling testing of various types of electrical equipment.

1.2 Features

■ Single-phase two-wire system (Boost-up)

In this document unless otherwise noted, single-phase two-wire is represented as "1P2W".

KP2000AS single-unit output capacity is 2 kVA. KP2000AS two units can be connected by system cables to configure boost-up to 4 kVA.

The KP2000AS has system master and booster functions, allowing flexible expansion or division of the system with a single model.

Note, however, that different models cannot be combined.

■ High output voltage

Voltage can be output up to 350 Vrms.

Various interfaces to address a variety of usage

The interface to use for the remote controlling from a computer or sequencer is equipped. USB, RS232, LAN, and GPIB (option) interface are standard. You can use a contact/TTL signal to turn the output on/off or switch the memory without using a computer. The product also offers the status output for showing the device status. With these functions you can achieve various types of systemization and automatization. The AGC function and Autocal function for calibrating the output voltage drop are also provided.

■ Direct recall function

The RECALL key and numeric keypad can be used to directly recall the basic setting memory from No. 0 to No. 9.

■ Variable limiter

This function can limit the effective value and the positive/negative peak value of the output current where the limiting value is variable. You can set the limiter so that the output is turned off when the limited condition continues for a certain time.

■ Feature-rich measurement function

On the panel the product displays the effective value, peak value, average DC value, and peak-hold value of the output voltage/current. Furthermore, the power factor, crest factor, active/apparent power, and harmonic current are also measured and displayed.

■ Control Software

User can perform the following operations by using Control Software:

- · Operations same as those performed on the control panel
- · Data logging (importing the measured values)

The control software can be downloaded from the support page of our website.

https://www.nfcorp.co.jp/english/

■ USB memory support (supported format type: FAT32)

User can write/read the basic setting data to/from a commercial USB memory stick.

■ Restriction of power usage

The efficiency is improved by about 30 % compared to the linear amplifier method by adopting the switching amplifier method.

■ High impedance output off function

When the high impedance output off function is enabled, the output is switched off in a high impedance state, so that the output can be switched off without discharging the electric charge of the capacitors or batteries connected to the output terminals.

If the high impedance output off function is disabled, the output voltage is set to 0 V before the output is switched off, thereby suppressing voltage surges when the output is switched off.

■ Options* (partial)

· System Cable

Connect multi units by this cable to configure a boost-up system.

· Rack-Mount Adapter

A set of brackets used to mount the product on the EIA or JIS standard compliant rack.

· Power Cable

Cables for the power input.

^{*} These are dedicated options.

2. Preparation before Use

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2.1 Check before Use

■ Check the safety.

To ensure equipment operator's safety, be sure to read the following sections of the instruction manual.

- Safety Precautions (Page ii)
- 2.4 Grounding and Power Connections
- Check the appearance and contents.

If there is any problem, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased this product.

• Appearance check

Make sure that there is no damage or dent made during the transportation on the LCD screen, keys, or dial of the control panel, or rear connectors.

• Contents (main unit and accessories) check

The contents are listed in *Table 2-1*. Make sure that all of the main unit and accessories are included.

Table 2-1 List of Content

	Content	Quantity
Main unit	Main unit	1
	KP2000AS Instruction Manual	1
Aggagarias	Ferrite core	1
Accessories	Cable tie	1
	Connector for SHUT DOWN	1

Download documentation and software.

The following documents and software are available from our website.

(https://www.nfcorp.co.jp/english/)

Download for remote control of the product.

- Control Software for KP2000AS
- LabVIEW Driver
- Instruction Manual (Remote Control)
- Control Software for KP2000AS Instruction Manual

2.2 About Installation Environment

To use safely and maintain the reliability, take the followings into consideration:

- Install the product where the exhaust heat will not damage surroundings.
 - This product performs forced air cooling using a fan. Keep the front and rear, on which the air inlet and outlet are located, away from the wall at least 50 cm to secure air circulation.
 - This product exhausts the heat from the air outlet on the rear. Do not place heat-sensitive objects around the outlet.
 - If you install the product in a closed narrow room, air conditioning equipment is required. The heat value is 0.4 kW. (Estimated at power input single-phase 200 V, rated output.)
- Install the product on a sturdy place.
 - The floor needs to have enough strength to support the weight of this product. The mass of KP2000AS is approximately 20 kg.
 - Do not install this product on a sloped surface.

About arrangement

Stacking arrangement

- · Do not stack a total of four or more units.
- The center of gravity becomes high, which poses a risk of falling down.
- · This product does not have a structure for supporting a heavy load.



Tandem arrangement

 Placing this product one behind another causes overheating by exhaust heat, which reduces the product's lifespan.



- Do not place the product on its side, back or top.
- Do not place it in front or back of the other (arrangement which makes the unit placed behind inhale the exhaust heat of the other).
- A total of up to three units of only KP2000AS can be stacked.
- When building a 1P2W system by connecting two units together, there is no constraint regarding
 the order in which units are arranged. Arrange them in your convenient order within the range
 of the length of the System Cable.

- Other installation location conditions
 - Use the product indoors, at altitude up to 2000 m.
 - Use the product where the temperature is 0 to +50 degrees Celsius, and the humidity is 5 to 85%RH (the absolute humidity should be 1 to 25 g/m³, without condensation). However, on some specifications, the temperature range limit is more strict.
 - Do not install the product in the following places:
 - · Place exposed to inflammable gas
 - →This may pose a risk of explosion. Never install and use the product in such a place.
 - · Outdoors, place exposed to direct sunlight, or place near fire or heat source
 - →This may reduce the performance, or cause failure.
 - · Place exposed to briny air
 - → This may cause salt damage.
 - · Place exposed to corrosive gas or water, or humid place
 - →This may cause corrode or failure.
 - · Place near electromagnetic field source, high-voltage equipment, or power line
 - →This may cause malfunction.
 - · Place of frequent vibration
 - →This may cause malfunction or failure.
 - · Dusty place
 - →This may cause failure. Especially do not install the product in a place with conductive dust.
 - This product may cause interference if used in residential areas. Such use must be avoided unless the user takes special measures to reduce electromagnetic emissions to prevent interference to the reception of radio and television broadcasts.

2.3 Cautions during Moving and Transportation

Follow the instructions below when moving or transporting this product.

■ Remove all wirings connected to this product.

⚠ WARNING

- Before removing the wiring, be sure to turn off this product to cut the power from the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Check before movement and transportation
 - Check the weight before moving the product. The mass of KP2000AS is approximately 20 kg.

2.4 Grounding and Power Connections

■ Ensure to ground.

This product uses a line filter. If the product is not grounded, an electric shock might occur.

⚠ WARNING

- Ensure to connect the protective conductor terminal of the power input terminal of this product to an earth ground so that ground resistance is 100Ω or less. If the product is not certainly grounded, an electric shock might occur.
- To prevent electric shock, ensure that the protective grounding conductor is connected before you connect a cable to the power input terminals L and N.
- For grounding, use the optional power cable or a power cable of sufficient ampacity for the maximum current consumption (see *Table 2-2*).
- Before connecting the product to power source, check the followings.

⚠ WARNING

- The power supply for this product must be taken from the distribution board.
- Before connecting this product to the distribution board, be sure to cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Route the wire so that the distance between this product and the distribution board switch (breaker) is 3 m or less. If the distance with the distribution board exceeds 3 m, install another switch within 3 m from this product to connect. Use a switch complying with IEC 60947-1 and IEC 60947-3 which can shut the power input from all of L and N. (Protective grounding must not be disconnected.) Mark the switch with a sign indicating that it is a disconnecting device of power input for this product.
- These are from requirements in IEC 61010-1.

- A CAUTION -

 Condensation may form inside the product when the ambient temperature or humidity changes suddenly, for example, after transportation in winter. In such case, leave the product in room temperature enough time to evaporate the condensation, and then connect the product to the power source.

Check the power source

For safety, use the product in the ranges of input voltage and frequency described below.

Voltage range: Single-phase 100 to 230 V

Frequency range: 50 Hz/60 Hz

About power input terminal

The power input terminal screws are M5.

■ About power cable

Use a cable of sufficient ampacity for the maximum current consumption (see *Table 2-1*). A protective grounding cable should have ampacity higher than or equal to the power cable. For the optional power cable, see 7.5.

Table 2-2 Maximum Power/Current Consumption

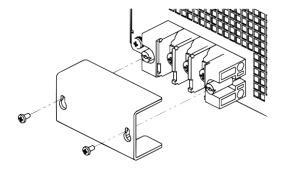
Rated	Maximum power consumption	Maximum current consumption		
output		Power supply input Single-phase 90 V	Power supply input Single-phase 170 V	
2.0 kVA	2.65 kVA	30 A	16 A	

■ Power source connection procedure

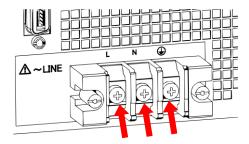
Check the current capacity of the distribution board before wiring. The wiring must be performed by a professional engineer.

⚠ WARNING

- Before connecting this product to the power source, be sure to cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- 1. Remove the resin-molded power input terminal cover.



2. Connect the power cable to the power input terminal of this product. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly.



- 3. Attach the resin-molded power input terminal cover.
- 4. Ensure that the power switch of this product is turned off, and then connect the power cable to the distribution board.

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.

- CAUTION -

• Be sure to check phases L and N are correctly connected between this product and the distribution board.

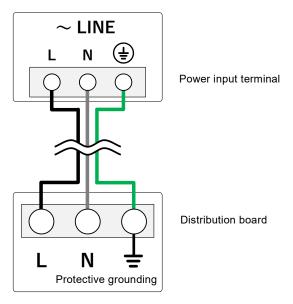


Figure 2-1 Power Input Connection

2.5 Output, Sensing, and System Cable Connections

■ Before connecting, check the followings.

⚠ WARNING

• Before touching the output terminal, be sure to turn off the power switch of this product, and cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

- **⚠** CAUTION

• The output terminals that can be grounded are the Lo terminal. Do not ground the Hi terminal.

About output terminal

The power output terminal screws are M5.

■ About voltage sensing terminal

The conductor diameter of a cable that can be used with the voltage sensing terminal is AWG 24 to AWG 16. Strip approximately 10 mm of the sheath off the cable.

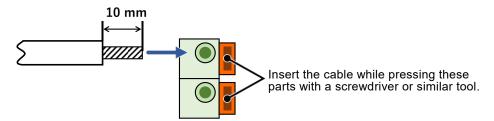


Figure 2-2 Voltage Sensing Terminal

↑ CAUTION

• Connect the core wires of the cable properly so that they do not touch the unit sheet metal.

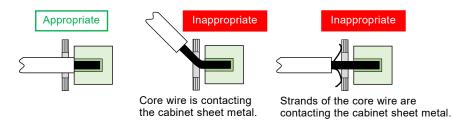


Figure 2-3 Example of Connecting Cable to Voltage Sensing Terminal

2.5.1 Single Output

Connect the output cable. When using the remote sensing function (see 4.9), also connect the sensing cable.

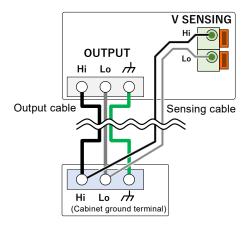
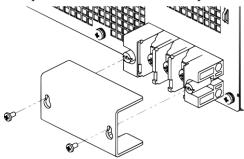


Figure 2-4 Connecting Output and Sensing Cables

- Connection procedure (output cable)
 - 1. Remove the resin-molded output terminal cover of the output terminal.



2. Connect the output terminal to the load with a cable. Be sure to tighten the screws firmly. If you want to ground the output terminal at one point only, ground the Lo terminal. The Hi terminal should not be grounded. If the load has a ground terminal, connect it to the chassis terminal of the output terminal of this product.

- ⚠ CAUTION —

- The output terminal that can be grounded is the Lo terminals. Do not ground the Hi terminal.
- If you want to ground the output terminal at one point only, ground either one of the output terminal or load terminal.
- 3. Attach the resin-molded terminal cover.

⚠ WARNING

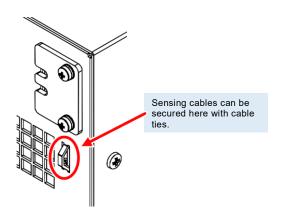
- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.
- Connection procedure (sensing cable)
 - 1. Remove the resin-molded terminal cover of the voltage sensing terminal.
 - 2. Connect the voltage sensing terminal to the load with a cable.
 - 3. Attach the resin-molded terminal cover.

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use the cable with an appropriate length of exposed wires to prevent touching live conductive parts. If the exposed wires are too long, an electric shock might occur.

------ Notes-----

• To prevent the cable from disconnecting from the connector, the cable can be secured to the projection on the underside of the connector with a cable tie or similar.



2.5.2 Boost-Up

You can boost-up by connecting optional system cables to the SYSTEM connector of this product. Change the role of each unit to one of the roles in *Table 2-3*.

Connect the system cables before turning on the power.

Table 2-3 Role of Each Unit in a Multi-unit system

	Description
System master	Master of entire system
Slave (Booster)	Unit for expanding the output capacity of the system master

------ Notes-----

• For the procedure to set each unit to a master unit or slave unit, see 3.4.

■ System configuration

Boost-up (parallel operation) of up to one unit (Total 4 kVA) is possible.

For details on the master/slave setting of each unit, see 3.4.2.

Figure 2-5 shows the connection of the SYSTEM connector of each unit.

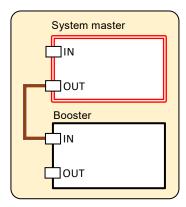


Figure 2-5 Maximum System Configuration

----- Notes -----

- Only KP2000AS can be connected.
- Turn on the power of all units within the set time. (Time set by default: 10 seconds; see 3.4.2.)
- Do not connect anything to a SYSTEM connector that will not be used.
- The booster is restricted in their operation as follows:
 - · Cannot use the communication interface (USB, RS232, GPIB, LAN).
 - · Cannot use the external control function and the shutdown function.
 - · Cannot use a USB memory. (Except for saving a screenshot)
 - · Starts up according to the contents of the Basic Setting Memory No.1 of the system master.
 - · Does not accept the control panel key operations except for special cases.
 - Can only display the output measured value of their own unit in the measurement display. The display format of the measured value (3.5.10) follows that of the system master.

■ Load cable connection (1P2W system)

Connect each of the units to the load with a cable of the same length and thickness. When using a relay terminal block, connect from each of the units to the relay terminal block with a cable of the same length and thickness. For the cable to connect the relay terminal block and load, use a cable of a thickness that supports the flow of the total output current of the units.

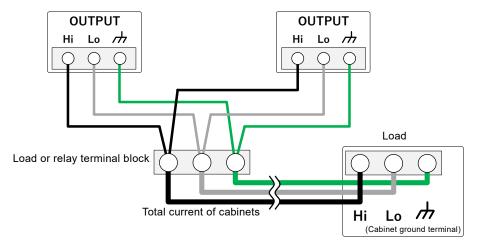
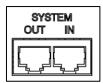


Figure 2-6 Connecting Outputs of Two Units Using 1P2W

■ Connection procedure

1. Connect the system cable to the SYSTEM connector while referring to Figure 2-5.



- 2. Remove the resin-molded output terminal cover of the output terminal of each unit.
- 3. Connect the output terminal to the load with a cable while referring to *Figure 2-6*. Connect a voltage line to the Hi terminal of the output terminal of each unit.

$-\bigwedge$ CAUTION -

- The terminal that can be grounded is the Lo terminal of each unit. Do not ground the Hi terminal.
- When grounding the Lo terminal of a 1P2W system, ground it at any one of the output terminals or load terminals of any one unit. Do not ground at more than one location.
- 4. Attach each of the resin-molded output terminal covers. Direct the folded part of the resin-molded terminal cover to the upper side of the product.

⚠ WARNING

- Do not use this product when the resin-molded terminal cover is removed. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.
- Use enough thick cables to prevent touching live conductive parts after attaching the resin-molded terminal cover. If a thin cable is connected, fingers may enter the gap between the resin-molded terminal cover and the cable, resulting in electric shock, therefore attach some additional guards.

Grounding of output terminal

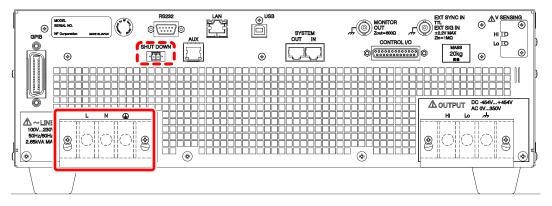
When grounding the Lo terminal of a multi-unit system, ground at the one point of either the output terminal or load terminal of one of the units.

2.6 Simple Operation Check

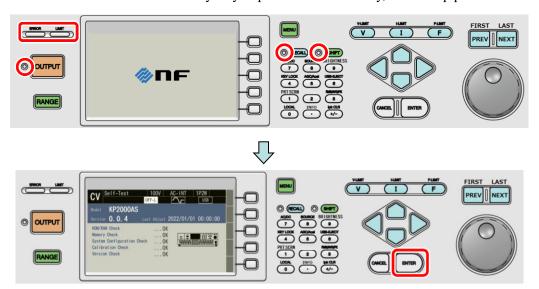
This section describes how to perform a simple operation check when you purchased a new product, or after storing the product for a long period. This check should be performed without load. For a 1P2W system, remove the system cable, and check for each unit. If you are not satisfied with the results verified at the operation check, please request the repair to us or our agent.

Operation procedure

- 1. Connect the power supply referring to 2.4.
- 2. Attach the resin-molded output terminal cover without connecting anything to the output terminals or any other terminal/connector. However, if the shutdown input function is enabled, short-circuit the terminals of the SHUT DOWN connector.



3. Turn on the switch of the distribution board, and then turn on the power switch of this product. Check that all LEDs on the control panel illuminate for several seconds, and then turn off, and that our logo mark appears on the LCD screen (see 3.2.3). After several seconds, the screen transitions to the Self-Test screen automatically. If you press the ENTER key, the startup process resumes.



4. Except when you purchased a new product, refer to 4.26 to initialize the product to factory defaults.

The product will be reset, and display the Continuous screen automatically.

- 5. When you purchased a new product, the product will start and then display the Continuous screen automatically.
- 6. Check that the measured values of CV, 100 V range, AC-INT, V, and I are displayed in RMS, and that the AC voltage (ACV) is set to 0 V.



7. Press the OUTPUT key to turn the output on. Press the V key to open the numerical entry box for AC voltage (ACV). Raise the AC voltage setting value gradually by using the MODIFY dial, arrow keys, or numeric keypad, and check that the measured voltage value (V) has become about the same as the setting value.



2.7 Calibration

When the product needs calibration, contact us or our agent.

3. Basic Operation

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3.1 Component Name

3.1.1 Front

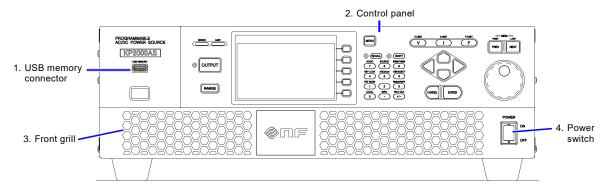


Figure 3-1 Component Name (Front)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	Control panel	Configures the settings and turns the output on or off. Information such as setting values and measured values is displayed on the LCD screen.	3.1.3
2	USB memory connector	USB memory can be connected.	4.6
3	Front grill	The fresh air inlet. An air filter is attached.	9.2
4	Power switch	Turns the power on/off.	3.2

Table 3-1 Component Name (Front)

3.1.2 Rear

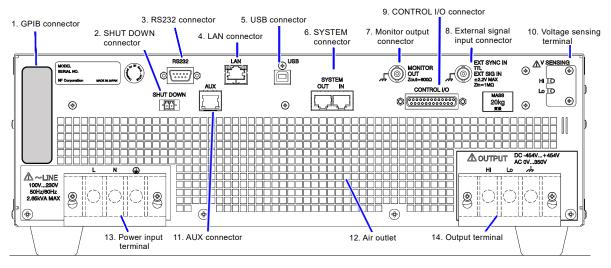


Figure 3-2 Component Name (Rear)

Table 3-2 Component Name (Rear)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	GPIB connector (Option)	GPIB communication interface.	6.1.4
2	SHUT DOWN connector	Used to forcibly turn off the output to stop	4.24
		operation by using an external signal (or	
		non-voltage contact).	
3	RS232 connector	RS232 communication interface.	6.1.2
4	LAN connector	LAN communication interface.	6.1.3
5	USB connector	USB communication interface.	6.1.1
6	SYSTEM connector	Used to connect an optional system cable to	2.5.2
		build a 1P2W system with two KP2000AS	
		units.	
7	Monitor output connector	Can observe waveforms of the output voltage	4.8
		and output current when connected to a unit	
		such as oscilloscopes.	
8	External signal input	Used when controlling the voltage value	4.14,
	connector	setting by the external signal (VCA), when	4.16,
		synchronizing the output frequency with the	4.17
		external signal (SYNC), and when outputting	
		the amplified external signal (EXT, ADD).	
9	CONTROL I/O connector	Used to control this product externally by	4.15
		logic signal and non voltage contact. You can	
		also get the product state by using the logic	
		signal.	
10	Voltage sensing terminal	Connect to the load end that is located in the	4.9
		distance from the main unit to detect its	
		voltage.	
11	AUX connector	This is a spare connector for expansion.	-
12	Air outlet	Air outlet for exhausting the heat.	2.2
13	Power input terminal	Power input terminal.	2.4
14	Output terminal	Output terminal.	2.5

3.1.3 Control Panel

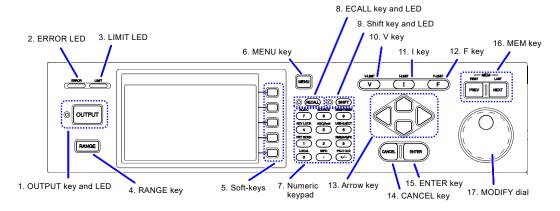


Figure 3-3 Component Name (Control Panel)

Table 3-3 Component Name (Control Panel)

Number	Name	Description	Refer to
1	OUTPUT key OUTPUT LED	Turns the output on or off. The LED illuminates in the output on state.	3.5.8
2	LIMIT LED	Illuminates when any of the limiters activates.	4.1
3	ERROR LED	Illuminates when an error is detected.	8.1
4	RANGE key	Switches between the 100 V and 200 V ranges.	3.5.2
5	Soft-keys	The functions displayed at the right of the LCD screen can be assigned.	5.1
6	MENU key	Displays the root menu.	3.3.1
7	Numeric keypad	Used to enter a value directly.	3.3.5
8	RECALL key RECALL LED	Turns on or off the state that enables the operation to recall from Basic Setting Memory. The LED illuminates when the RECALL state turns on.	4.5.3
9	SHIFT key SHIFT LED	Turns on or off the shift state, which enables Shortcut operations. The LED illuminates when the shift state turns on.	3.3.7
10	V key	Opens the numerical entry box for the output voltage setting.	3.5.4
11	I key	Opens the setting window for the peak current limiter when the shift state turns on.	3.3.7, 4.1
12	F key	Opens the numerical entry box for the frequency setting.	3.5.5
13	Arrow key	Used to move across the items or incrementing/decrementing the value by one step.	3.3
14	CANCEL key	Returns to the previous state without confirming the selection. Closes the numerical entry box when a value was incremented or decremented using the MODIFY dial or arrow keys.	3.3
15	ENTER key	Confirms the selection.	3.3
16	MEM key	Allows switching the selected memory number in the Memory View.	4.5.2
17	MODIFY dial	Used to move across the items or incrementing/decrementing the value by one step.	3.3

3.2 Power On/Off

3.2.1 Before Turning on the Power

This product can output AC 350 V / DC 454 V at a maximum. The wrong operations may cause the electric shock or result in malfunction of your load. Please check the following before starting operations.

- When using this product for the first time, we recommend performing the test operation without any connection to the output (= without load) with the instruction manual at your side.
- Double-check the connection to the power supply. Ensure that the cable is appropriate for the current consumption and firmly connected.
- Double-check the connection to the output. Ensure that the cable is appropriate for the output current and firmly connected.

3.2.2 Power On

Press "On" side of the power switch. If you build a 1P2W system, there is no constraint regarding the order in which units are turned on.

3.2.3 Screen Display and Operations at Starting Up

When you power on the unit, all LEDs in the control panel illuminate. The LEDs are lighted off after a while and the following contents are displayed in the order below.

- 1. The "NF" logo mark is displayed for a few seconds or more than 10 seconds.
- 2. The self check is performed and the result is displayed. If there was a problem with the result or if the boost-up connection has changed, the startup process halts at the Self-Test screen shown in *Figure 3-4*. Check the self check result and press the ENTER key to resume the startup process.

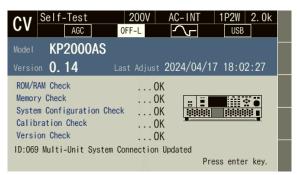


Figure 3-4 Self-Test Screen when Started in a Different System than Before

3. If the output-on at power-on setting is on, the output is turned on after the confirmation message to inform that the output is automatically turned on is displayed for about 10 seconds. If you press the ENTER key while this message is displayed, you can cancel the setting of automatic output-on. For detailed information about the output-on at power-on setting, see 4.20.

3.2.4 The Settings Loaded after Startup

The output settings are invoked from the Basic Setting Memory No.1 and other settings are loaded from the System Setting Memory. For details, see 4.5 and 10.21.

3.2.5 Checking the Rated Power

On the screen after startup, the rated power icon is displayed in the position shown in *Figure 3-5*. The value in the icon indicates the maximum electric power that can be output. In *Figure 3-5*, the maximum electric power is 2.0 kVA.



Figure 3-5 The Rated Power Icon

------ Notes -----

• For a 1P2W system, the system total rated power is displayed.

3.2.6 Power off

Disable the output and ensure the OUTPUT LED is off before pressing "OFF" side of the power switch. All screens disappear and all LEDs turn off, then the power input and the output are blocked inside the system. For a 1P2W system, although there is no constraint regarding the order in which units are turned off, a communication error message may appear if the difference in the time between turning off the units is too large. This does not cause any problem.

3.3 Basic Key Operations

3.3.1 Displaying the root menu

Press the MENU key to displays the root menu shown in Figure 3-6.

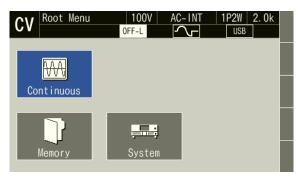


Figure 3-6 The Root Menu

3.3.2 Item Selection

Move the cursor by using arrow keys or MODIFY dial. However, some items cannot be selected depending on the settings. These items are skipped when moving the cursor. If you press the ENTER key, the item under the cursor is selected and run. If the item is a menu, the menu screen, window, or selection box is displayed. If you press the CANCEL key, the menu in the upper hierarchy is displayed without selection or execution of that item.

■ Selection box

If the menu has numbers before its menu items as shown in *Figure 3-7* (selection box), pressing the corresponding number on the numeric keypad also selects and runs the item.



Figure 3-7 The Example of a Selection Box

Data list box

When selecting data in the memory, the data list box shown in *Figure 3-8* is displayed. Use the arrow keys, numeric keypad, or Memory No. box to select data in the data list box, and press the ENTER key. This enables the state to enter a value. Press the ENTER key.

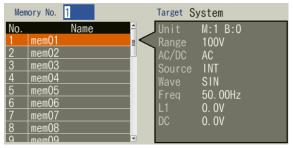


Figure 3-8 The Example of a Data List Box

3.3.3 Using Soft-keys

When soft-key functions are displayed at the right of the LCD screen as shown in *Figure 3-9*, pressing a soft-key performs the function assigned to that key.

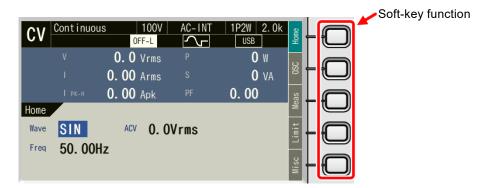


Figure 3-9 Soft-key Function

■ Switching between major items

For a setting function with major items in the setting items, you can switch the major item by moving the cursor with the arrow keys. Switching can also be performed by pressing the soft-key for that function.

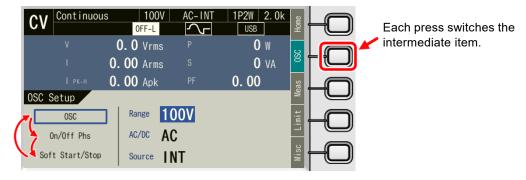


Figure 3-10 Switching Major Items

3.3.4 Closing Windows

■ Window with the [OK]/[Cancel] button

Following two methods are available to close the window with the [OK]/[Cancel] button shown in *Figure 3-11*.

- Move the cursor to the [OK] button or [Cancel] button in the window by using the arrow keys or MODIFY dial, and press the ENTER key.
- Press the CANCEL key. To do so, perform the same operation as you did to select the [Cancel] button.



Figure 3-11 The Example of the Window with the [OK]/[Cancel] Button

3.3.5 Entering Values

Input by arrow keys or MODIFY dial

For an item that sets a value, move the cursor to a value and press the ENTER key to switch to the state to change the value as shown in *Figure 3-12*. Move to the desired digit by using the right or left arrow key and increment/decrement the value by using the up or down arrow key or MODIFY dial. During the edit, the value is confirmed every time it is incremented or decremented. For voltage, frequency, and other output, the values are applied even during editing. If you press the ENTER key or CANCEL key, the state to change the value ends.



Figure 3-12 Value Change Screen

Enter values directly by using the numeric keypad

For an item required to set values, hover the cursor over a value and enter a new value by using the numeric keypad. A numerical entry box opens as you start entering a value, and the entered value is displayed. Press the ENTER key to confirm the value. The previous values for the voltage or frequency output are held until you press the ENTER key. If you press the CANCEL key, the settings are not changed.



Figure 3-13 The Numerical Entry Box

-- Notes -----

- If you already know the value to set, the direct entry using the numeric keypad will be convenient.
- If you want to increment/decrement the value by one step at one time, use the up and down arrow key.
- If you want to increment/decrement the value by a large amount step by step, use the MODIFY dial.

.....

3.3.6 Entering Strings (Character String Entry Box)

You can change the name of the data when saving it to the internal memory or USB memory. In this case, hover the cursor over the string and press the ENTER key. This enables the state to change the string as shown in *Figure 3-14*.

When you turn the MODIFY dial or press the up or down arrow key, the character at the cursor position is changed in the order of *Table 3-4*. When you press a key in the numeric keypad, the corresponding value or symbol is entered. To move the cursor position, use the right or left arrow key. When you press the ENTER key, the edited string is confirmed.



Figure 3-14 String Change Screen

Table 3-4 Character String Entry List

← Turning the MODIFY dial in the counterclockwise direction Pressing the down arrow key

ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijkImnopqrstuvwxyz

0123456789!#\$%&'()+,-.;=@[]^_`{}~□

(Note) \Box indicates a space.

------ Notes -----

• The name of the data which will be saved in the internal memory or USB memory must be 16 characters long at a maximum.

.....

3.3.7 Using Shortcut Operations (SHIFT Key and RECALL key)

When you press the SHIFT key, the SHIFT LED illuminates. In this state (shift state), pressing one of the V, F, I, and any keys in the numeric keypad enables shown in *Table 3-5*.

If you press the SHIFT key once more in the shift state, the SHIFT LED is lighted off and the shift state exits.

When you press the RECALL key, the RECALL LED illuminates. Pressing keys 1 to 9 of the numeric keypad in this state recalls the basic settings of the corresponding number saved in internal memory. In this instruction manual, pressing key X in the shift state is denoted by "SHIFT + X," and pressing key X in the RECALL state is denoted as "RECALL + X."

------ Notes -----

- The shift state or RECALL state is kept until you press the SHIFT key or RECALL key next time. Therefore, continuous Shortcut operations can be performed.
- You do not have to hold down the SHIFT key or RECALL key while you press another key.

Table 3-5 Shortcut Operations

Shortcut	Item	Description	Refer to
SHIFT + V	V-LIMIT	Opens the setting window for the voltage setting range limit.	4.1.3
SHIFT + [I-LIMIT	Opens the setting window for the peak current limiter.	4.1.1
SHIFT + F	F-LIMIT	Opens the setting window for the frequency setting range limit.	4.1.3b)
SHIFT + 1	PRTSCRN	Saves a copy of the screen to USB memory.	4.7
SHIFT + 2		Not used.	
SHIFT + 3	RMS/AVG/PK [†]	Switches the display format of the measured value in the following order: RMS, AVG, PK.	3.5.10
SHIFT + 4	KEY LOCK	Enables/Disables the key lock.	4.21
SHIFT + 5	AGC/Acal	Opens the AGC/Autocal set window.	4.10, 4.11
SHIFT + 6	USB-EJECT	Performs the eject operation for removing a USB memory.	4.6
SHIFT + 7	AC/DC	Switches the AC/DC mode in the following order: AC, ACDC, DC.	3.5.1
SHIFT + 8	SOURCE	Switches the signal source in the following order: INT, VCA, SYNC, EXT, ADD.	
SHIFT + 9	BRIGHTNESS	Opens the brightness setting window for the LCD.	4.23
SHIFT + 0	LOCAL	Exits the Remote state between the device connected to the communication interface and enters the Local state in which the panel operations are accepted.	6.2
SHIFT + •	INFO	The Information window opens.	9.4
SHIFT + (+/-	Ipk CLR	Clears the current peak-hold value.	3.5.11
SHIFT + PREV	FIRST	Moves to the first number when changing the memory number in Memory View.	4.5.2
SHIFT + NEXT	LAST	Moves to the last number when changing the memory number in Memory View.	
RECALL + 0	RECALL	Recalls the factory default basic settings.	4.5.3
RECALL +		Recalls the basic settings of the corresponding number saved in internal memory.	

Note 1: If you change the item presented with † symbol using a Shortcut operation, the setting is not saved in the System Setting Memory (see 10.21).

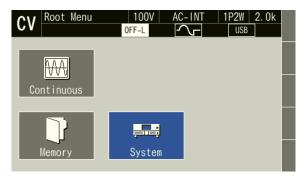
3.4 Setting Master/Slave

Set master or slave for each unit that makes up the 1P2W system.

3.4.1 Opening the Master-Slave Setting Window

When building a 1P2Wsystem, enable the master/slave function.

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Select the [Master-Slave] item.



3. The Master-Slave setting window opens. Set the master/slave function in the [Master-Slave] item.



4. First turn the power off and then restart the system to reflect the settings. If you enable the master/slave function, set each item while referring to 3.4.2 and then restart the system.

-- Notes ------

- When using a single unit, disable the master/slave function.
- For details on connecting the output cables and system cable, see 2.5.2. Be sure to connect the cables before startup. Do not connect and disconnected cables after startup.
- To prevent a contact failure between the system cable and system connector after startup, do not touch the system cable or sheet metal around the system connector.
- Avoid use in a location with a lot of noise. A communication failure may occur between units
 due to static electricity or noise. If a communication failure has occurred, the protection function
 is activated and the system is locked. (See 8.1)

3.4.2 Setting Master/Slave

Set the master or slave for each unit that makes up the multi-unit system. When you open the Master/Slave setting window and enable the master/slave function, this item becomes able to be set. Once the setting is complete on all units, first turn the power of all units off and then restart the system to reflect the settings.



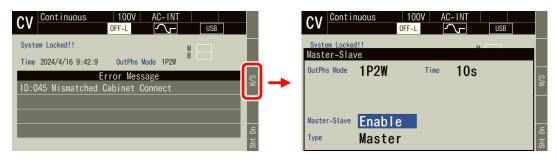
Figure 3-15 Setting Items of Master/Slave Function

------ Notes -----

• It takes approximately 3 seconds for the settings to be saved internally. Wait at least 3 seconds before turning the power off after setting completes.

3.4.3 When differs from the connection of the system cable

When the master/slave settings differ from the connection of the system cable, the System Locked screen appears due to an error at startup. Press the [M/S] soft-key to open the Master-Slave setting window. Change the settings to match the connection of the system cable and then restart the system.



-- Notes

• When starting up the system, turn on the power of all units within the time set for the [Time] item

3.5 Using the Continuous Function

3.5.1 Setting the AC/DC Mode and the Signal Source

The description of the AC/DC mode is shown in *Table 3-6*. The description of the signal source is shown in *Table 3-7*. The selectable combinations of the AC/DC mode and the signal source are shown in *Table 3-8*.

---- Notes

- If the load is a transformer whose core saturates even with small amount of DC component, select the AC.
- If you output AC less than 40 Hz, select the ACDC mode. You cannot set the frequency to less than 40 Hz in the AC.
- In the AC mode, if the output is a waveform that has a long cycle or is dissymmetric in terms of positive and negative (e.g. when the phase is changed rapidly or the different values are set for the positive and negative in the peak current limiter), the waveform may be transformed by the DC component removing function of the AC. If you want to make the output waveform similar to the signal source, select the ACDC.

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Table 3-6 Description of the AC/DC Mode

AC/DC mode	Description
AC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are AC-coupled, and the DC component is canceled.
	Only the AC output setting of 40 Hz to 550 Hz is available.
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT, VCA, SYNC, EXT, and ADD.
	When the waveform superimposed with DC is amplified using EXT and ADD (using external signal sources), it may not be an intended output because the DC component is canceled. In this case, select the ACDC.
ACDC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled, and the DC component is also amplified.
	The AC and DC output settings of 1 Hz to 550 Hz are available.
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT, SYNC, EXT, and ADD.
	Select this mode when you want to amplify a signal including DC, to superimpose DC (DC offset), or output a frequency of 40 Hz or lower. Also select this mode when the DC component temporally occurs, for example, by sudden change of voltage or phase.
DC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled.
	Only the DC setting is available.
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT and VCA.

Table 3-7 The Description of the Signal Source

Signal source	Description
INT	Uses the internal signal source.
	Sets the output voltage or output current, output waveform, frequency, output on phase, and output off phase by using the panel or the external interface such as USB.
VCA	Uses the internal signal source.
	Controls the output voltage or output current setting of the internal signal source with the DC signal which is input to the external input terminal. The output voltage setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output voltage setting are same as INT.
	Cannot be selected in the ACDC.
SYNC	Uses the internal signal source.
	Synchronizes the frequency of the internal signal source with the signal (EXT) from the external synchronization signal input terminal (also used as the external input terminal) or the power supply input frequency (LINE) of the product. The frequency setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output frequency setting are same as INT. Cannot be selected in the DC.
EXT	Uses the external signal source.
	Amplifies the signal from the external input terminal by the specified gain (variable), and outputs it.
	Cannot be selected in the DC.
ADD	Uses both the internal and external signal sources.
	Amplifies the signal from the external input terminal by the specified gain like EXT, and adds the internal signal source component to it.
	Cannot be selected in the DC.

Table 3-8 List of the Selectable Combinations of the AC/DC Mode and the Signal Source

AC/DC	Signal source				
mode	INT	VCA	SYNC	EXT	ADD
AC	AC - INT	AC - VCA	AC - SYNC	AC - EXT	AC - ADD
ACDC	ACDC - INT	-	ACDC - SYNC	ACDC - EXT	ACDC - ADD
DC	DC - INT	DC - VCA	-	-	-

- Operation procedures using soft-keys
 - 1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [AC/DC].

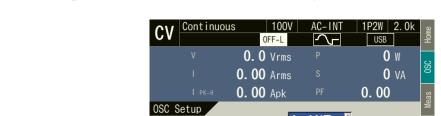


2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired AC/DC mode.



3. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [Source].





AC/DC

Source

4. In the displayed selection box, select the desired signal source.

OSC

On/Off Phs Soft Start/Stop

- Operation procedures by using shortcuts
 - 1. SHIFT + 7 Switching the AC/DC mode

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 7 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the AC/DC mode is switched in the following order: AC, ACDC, DC, AC. Some modes may be skipped and cannot be selected depending on the signal source.

2. SHIFT + 8 Switching the signal source

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 8 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the signal source is switched in the following order: INT, VCA, SYNC, EXT, ADD, INT. Some signal sources may be skipped and cannot be selected depending on the AC/DC mode.

3.5.2 Setting the Output Range

You can select the	100 V	range or the 2001	Vrongo	Table 2 0 chary	the cotting range	for anah ranga
Tou can sciect the	TUU V	range of the 200	v range.	Table 3-3 Show	the setting range	ioi cacii faiige.

Notes

• You cannot switch the output range in the output on state.

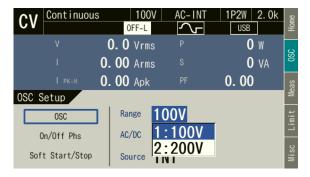
Table 3-9 The Setting Range per Output Range

C-44: I4	AC/DC Waveform		Setting range			
Setting Item			100 V range	200 V range	Unit	
DG 1	ACDC, DC	-	-227.0 to +227.0	-454.0 to +454.0	V	
DC voltage	ACDC, DC	-	-454.0 to +454.0	-908.0 to +908.0	V	
AC voltage	AC	SIN, CLP	0.0 to 175.0	0.0 to 350.0	Vrms	
(Phase voltage)	ACDC	SIN, CLP	0.0 to 160.0	0.0 to 320.0	Vrms	
External Input Gain			0.0 to 227.0	0.0 to 454.0	V/V	
Peak current limiter (positive)						
Peak current limiter (negative)			See 10.13			
RMS current limiter						
Voltage Setting Limit				See 10.14.1		

- Operation procedures using soft-keys
 - 1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [Range].



2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired output range.



■ Operation procedures using the RANGE key

The range is toggled between 100 V range and 200 V range every time you press the RANGE key.

3.5.3 Setting Waveforms

You can select a waveform of the internal signal source from sine wave (SIN) and clipped sine wave (CLP, three types available). See 4.4 for details on the clipped sine wave.

------ Notes -----

- The AC and DC voltage settings (ACV and DCV) are common regardless of the waveform setting.
- The waveform can be changed in the output on state.

■ Operation procedure

1. Select the [Wave] item.



2. In the displayed selection box, select the desired waveform (SIN, CLP).



3. If you select CLP, the [Setup] icon (Setup) is displayed next to it. When you hover the cursor over the [Setup] icon, the clip ratio or crest factor is displayed. When you press the ENTER key, the setting window opens. In this window, set items.



3.5.4 Setting the Output Voltage

Set the AC component and DC component separately for the output voltage of the internal signal source. For the AC component, set the output voltage in the ACV item. For the DC component, set it in the DCV item.

------ Notes -----

- The AC and DC voltage settings (ACV and DCV) are common regardless of the waveform setting.
- In the ACDC, the voltage setting range limit is applied to the additional values of the AC voltage setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC voltage setting. For details, see 4.1.3.
- Operation procedures for setting the AC voltage

Select the [ACV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.





-- Notes -----

• Set the RMS values for the voltages of the sine wave (SIN) and the clipped sine wave (CLP).

■ Operation procedures for setting the DC voltage

Select the [DCV] item and then enter a numeric value. For how to enter values, see 3.3.5.





3.5.5 Setting the Output Frequency

Set the AC component frequency of the internal signal source.

■ Operation procedure

Select the [Freq] item and follow the instructions in 3.3.5 to enter a value.



3.5.6 Setting the Output On/Off Phase

Set the phases when the output turns on/off. After the output-on operation, the voltage output is started from the output on phase. After the output off operation, the voltage output is completed when it reaches the output off phase. The output off phase can be disabled. If disabled, the output is turned off immediately after the operation of output off.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [On/Off Phs]. The output on/off phase setting window opens.



2. Set the on and off phase in the [On Phase] item and [Off Phase] item respectively. If you want to disable the off phase, select [1:Disable].



----- Notes

- When soft start is enabled, the output on phase is fixed at $+0.0^{\circ}$.
- When soft stop is enabled, the output off phase is disabled.
- If you set output on/off phase or soft start/soft stop, the corresponding icons in *Table 3-10* will light up.

3.5.7 Setting Soft Start and Soft Stop

Soft start is a function to gradually increase the output when the output is turned on. Likewise, soft stop is a function to gradually decrease the output when output is turned off.

When the output off operation is performed during a soft start, a soft stop is implemented over the set time from the output at that point in time. (See *Figure 3-16*.) Also, if the output off operation is performing during a soft stop, output becomes 0 instantly.

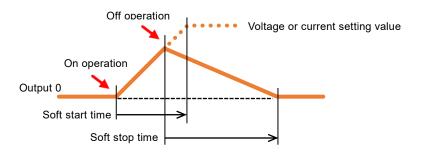


Figure 3-16 Output Off Operation during Soft Start

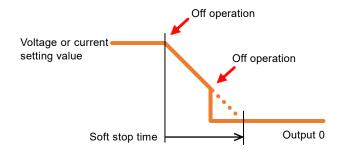


Figure 3-17 Output Off Operation during Soft Stop

------ Notes -----

- If any of the following conditions are met, the soft start and soft stop settings are disabled.
 - · When EXT, VCA, or ADD is selected for the signal source
 - · AGC and Autocal are on
- If the following condition is met, only the soft start setting is disabled.
 - When the setting value of the output on phase is a value other than 0°
- If any of the following conditions are met, only the soft stop setting is disabled.
 - · When the output off phase setting is enabled
 - · When the high impedance output off function setting is enabled
- If you set output on/off phase or soft start/soft stop, the corresponding icons in *Table 3-10* will light up.

Table 3-10 Output On/Off Phase and Soft Start / Soft Stop Setting Icons

Icon	Output on phase	Output off phase	Soft start	Soft stop
~	+0.0° (Factory default	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
- ~ //// ! -	setting)	Eliabled	Enabled	Disabled
7	Other than +0.0°	D: 11 1	D: 11 1	Disabled
- ₹/\/\\\	Other than 10.0	Disabled	Disabled	Enabled
7	Other than +0.0°	Enabled	Disabled	Disabled
-~\\\\\		Disabled	Enabled	Disabled
<i>/</i> \/\/\~~	+0.0° (Factory default setting)		Disabled	Enabled
~^\\\\\\^ <u>~</u>			Enabled	Enabled
None			Disabled	Disabled

■ Operation procedure

- 1. Check that in the state of not meeting the conditions in the notes above.
- 2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [Soft Start] or [Stop]. The output on/off phase setting window opens.



3. Set each of soft start in the [Soft Start] item and soft stop in the [Soft Stop] item.



3.5.8 Turning the Output On or Off

Use the OUTPUT key to turn the output on or off. The OUTPUT LED illuminates in the output on state.

When soft stop is enabled, even if the output off operation is performed with the OUTPUT key, output continues for the soft stop period (while decreasing). If the OUTPUT key is pressed once again during the soft stop operation, output turns off instantly.

	Notes
•]	For how to turn the output on or off rapidly, see 4.18.

3.5.9 Using the Measurement Function

The measured values are displayed in the measured value area (see 5.1). The main measurement functions of this product are shown in *Table 3-11*. For details of the display items of the measured value, see 5.1.2.

Table 3-11	Main	Measurement	Functions
-------------------	------	-------------	-----------

Item		Description	Unit
V	Output voltage	The output voltage on the output terminal. There are the effective value, average value, maximum value, minimum value, and peak value.	Vrms Vavg Vmax Vmin
I	Output current	The output current. There are the effective value, average value, maximum value, minimum value, and peak value.	Arms Aavg Amax Amin
V _{PK-H}	Output voltage peak- hold value	The hold value of whichever of the maximum value and minimum value of the output voltage has the largest absolute value.	Vpk
І _{РК-Н}	Output current peak- hold value	The hold value of whichever of the maximum value and minimum value of the output current has the largest absolute value.	Apk
P	Active power	The active power provided to the load.	W
S	Apparent power	The apparent power provided to the load.	VA
PF	Power factor	The power factor of the load.	_
CF _I	Crest factor	The crest factor of the output current (peak value/effective value).	_
CF _V	Crest factor	The crest factor of the output voltage (peak value/effective value).	_
Freq	Synchronization frequency	The measured frequency value of the synchronization signal source when the signal source is SYNC.	Hz

3.5.10 Switching the Display Format (RMS/PK/AVG) of the Measured Value

You can switch the display format of the measured value (RMS/PK/AVG) for the output voltage and output current. The items which are displayed in each measuring mode are shown in *Table 3-12*. For a 1P2Wsystem, the display format set in the system master is applied also for the slave (booster).

Measuring mode	Items to be Displayed
RMS	V (effective value), I (effective value), I _{PK-H} , P, S, PF
PK	V (maximum and minimum values), I (maximum and minimum values), I _{PK-H} , CF _I

V (average value), I (average value), I_{PK-H}, P, S, PF

Table 3-12 Measurement Value Display Format (1P2W Output)

■ Operation procedures using soft-keys

AVG

1. Push the [Meas] soft-key. The [Meas Setup] window opens.



2. Select the [Type] item. In the displayed selection box, select the desired measuring mode.



Operation procedures by using shortcuts

SHIFT + 3 Switching the display format of the measured values

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the 3 key of the numeric keypad during the shift state, the display format is switched in the following order: $RMS \rightarrow AVG \rightarrow Peak \rightarrow RMS$. Some display formats may be skipped and cannot be selected depending AC/DC mode.

3.5.11 Clearing the Peak-hold Value

The peak-hold value is the maximum absolute value of the measured peak value, which is then updated appending signs and held. The current peak value is held. This held value can be cleared. After the held value is cleared, it is updated with the value measured after that. The held value is cleared when the power is turned off.

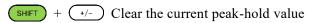
- Operation procedures using soft-keys
 - 1. Push the [Meas] soft-key. The [Meas Setup] window opens.



2. Move the cursor to [Exec] of the [PK-H Clr] item and press the ENTER key.



Operation procedures by using shortcuts



Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the +/- key in the numeric keypad in the shift state, the output current peak-hold value is cleared.

4. Advanced Operation

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4.1 Using Limiter, Setting Limiter

4.1.1 Using Peak Limiter

You can choose whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the peak limiter. If you choose to set the output off, specify the continuous operation time of limiter until the output off becomes effective. Whether output off is set or not and the time setting are common regardless of the output ranges.

For the default setting range, see 10.13.

-- Notes

- Output current value may be limited by a value that is different from the setting value, depending on the load.
- For an inductive load, overvoltage protection may be triggered due to the operation of peak current limiter. Overvoltage protection may be avoided by lowering the limiter setting value both for negative and positive values.
- If the output off after the continuous operation of the limiter for the specified duration is enabled, the setting of output-off phase is ignored.
- In the case that the peak current limiter operates when the setting value of the peak current limiter is set as asymmetry between positive and negative in the AC, the DC component is generated in the output. Although the function to remove the DC component of the output works in the AC, when the peak current limiter operates intermittently, the DC component may not be removed sufficiently, or the output waveform may be modified.
- If boosted up, this is the limiter setting value for the total output current.

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limit] soft-key to select PK Limiter. Opens the peak limiter set window. The operation can also be performed with shortcut keys.

Press SHIFT + 1 to open the peak current limiter set window.



2. Set the peak current limiter values of positive/negative in the [+Iop]/[-Iop] item.



3. Set the [Output OFF] item as [Enable] or [Disable]. When setting to [Enable], also set the time from the start of limiter operation to the output off.



4.1.2 Using RMS Limiter

The effective value of output current is limited by the RMS current limiter. While the limiter is working, the icon is displayed and LIMIT LED illuminates. Setting values of limiter are variable, and kept independently for each of 100 V and 200 V ranges.

You can choose whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the RMS limiter. If you choose to set the output off, specify the continuous operation time of limiter until the output off becomes effective. Whether output off is set or not and the time setting are common regardless of the output ranges.

For the default setting range, see 10.13.

------ Notes -----

- It will take time from the limiter starting operation to the output current or output voltage being restricted sufficiently, because the RMS limiter needs to calculate the effective value. If you want to limit the output at a faster speed, use the peak limiter. For peak limiter, see 4.1.1.
- If the output off after the continuous operation of the limiter for the specified duration is enabled, the setting of output-off phase is ignored.
- If boosted up, this is the limiter setting value for the total output current.

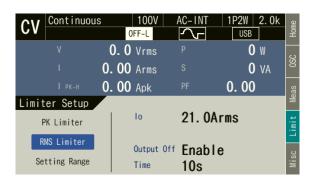
— ↑ CAUTION —

• For loads with very low impedance (e.g. output short circuit), the RMS current limiter cannot sufficiently limit the output current and may exceed the rated current. Use within the rated current range by checking the current measured value and using the peak current limiter together etc.

■ Operation procedure

1. Push [Limit] soft-key to select RMS Limiter. Opens the RMS limiter set window. The operation can also be performed with shortcut keys.

Press SHIFT + 1 to open the RMS current limiter set window.



2. Set the value of RMS current limiter in [Io] item.



3. Set the [Output Off] item as [Enable] or [Disable]. When setting to [Enable], also set the time from the start of limiter operation to the output off.



4.1.3 Using Setting Range Limit

You can limit the ranges of output setting values (output voltage and frequency). A setting range limit is useful for the prevention of an excessive output when the output setting value is rapidly increased or decreased with the MODIFY dial.

a) Voltage setting range limit

When the signal source is INT, SYNC, or ADD, the range of the output voltage setting value to the internal signal source can be limited. Even if trying to set a voltage that exceeds the limit, the setting value is restricted to the limiting value. This can prevent mis-setting when you do not want to set values outside the range.

As for the voltage setting range limiting values, each value is kept independently for the following settings for 100 V and 200 V ranges respectively: AC, ACDC, and DC.

The limiting value should be set using the effective value or the positive and negative peak value. The effective value can be used only when in the AC. For the default setting range, see 10.14.1.

------ Notes -----

- In ACDC, the limit is applied to the additional values of the AC setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC setting.
- The setting range limit cannot be applied to the external signal source of EXT and ADD.
- A setting range limit that does not include an output voltage or output current already set cannot be set.

b) Frequency setting range limit

You can limit the range of the frequency setting value for the internal signal source by using the frequency setting range limit. Even if trying to set a frequency that exceeds the limit, the setting value is restricted to the limiting value. This can prevent mis-setting when you do not want to set values outside the range.

The frequency setting range limiting value is common to both output ranges.

For the default setting range, see 10.14.2.

Mataa			
Notes	;	 	

• The frequency setting range limit is useful for the prevention of an unintended frequency setting when a setting value is rapidly increased or decreased with the MODIFY dial.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the [Limit] soft-key and select [Setting Range]. Opens the setting window for the setting range limit. The operation can also be performed with shortcut keys.





2. Set values in the [+Vop]/[-Vop] and [Freq Up]/[Freq Lo] items so that the upper value of the frequency setting range limit is higher than or equal to the lower limit.



4.1.4 About Wattage Limiter

The wattage limiter operates when trying to output the power exceeding the rated power. When the wattage limiter operates, the output voltage or output current is suppressed until the output active power per unit is 2,100 W (reference value). While the limiter is working, the icon displayed and LIMIT LED illuminates.

------ Notes -----

- If the wattage limiter operates, suppress the output wattage within the rated output power by lowering the output voltage setting value.
- Active power (unit: W) is restricted by the wattage limiter, however, reactive power (unit: var) is not restricted. Therefore, the apparent power (unit: VA) may exceed the rated power depending on the power factor of the load. Set the output voltage so that the apparent power does not exceed the rated power, regardless of the operation of the wattage limiter.
- The value of the wattage limiter cannot be changed. To limit the output power to a value that is lower than the rating, use the peak (current/voltage) limiter or the RMS (current/voltage) limiter.

KP2000AS 55

4.2 Measuring Harmonic Current

Some electric devices of AC power input have its input current waveform greatly distorted from the sine wave. For example, when the power input section uses a capacitor input type rectifier circuit, the input current is generally distorted as shown in *Figure 4-1* Current Waveform Containing Many. A waveform distorted like this contains many harmonic components. If a current with many harmonic components is supplied to the power line in high volume, the line voltage is distorted, causing problems such as malfunction of devices and overheated transformer which may result in accidents.

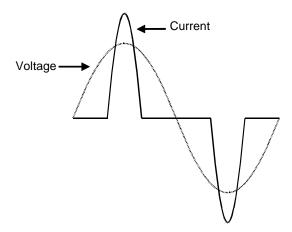


Figure 4-1 Current Waveform Containing Many Harmonic Components

4.2.1 Harmonic current

The components contained in output voltage and output current can be measured.

The harmonic current measurement function is available only for the Continuous function, AC-INT, and set frequency of 40 Hz to 550 Hz.

The maximum frequency that can be analyzed is 5000 Hz. The upper limit of the analysis order varies depending on the frequency of the fundamental wave. The components are displayed as an RMS and a percentage in respect to the fundamental wave component.

------ Notes -----

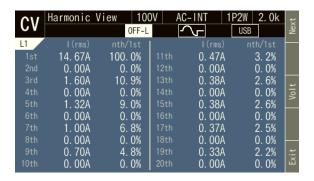
• The Harmonic current measurement function does not support the standard tests defined by organizations such as IEC. Use this function for a preliminary testing.

4.2.2 Measured Value Display Method

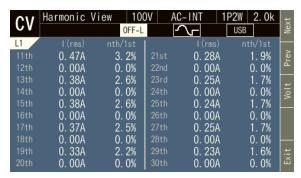
- Operation procedure
 - 1. In the Continuous function, select the [Measure] soft-key, put the cursor on [View] of the [Harmonic] item, and press the ENTER key.



2. The view opens populated with the measured harmonic components of orders 1 to 10 on the left side and orders 11 to 20 on the right side.



3. Press the [Next] soft-key to switch to the view populated with the measured values for orders 11 to 20 on the left side and orders 21 to 30 on the right side. Press the [Prev] soft-key to return to the original view. Switch the view in the same manner for the measured values over order 21.



- 4. Press the [Volt] soft-key or [Curr] soft-key to switch to harmonic voltage or harmonic current.
- 5. Press the CANCEL key or [Exit] soft-key to return to the Continuous function view.

4.3 Measuring Inrush Current

4.3.1 Inrush Current

On an electric device using a capacitor input type rectifier circuit for power input, an excessive current in comparison to the Normal state may flow for a short period of time immediately after the start of power supply. This current is called inrush current. If such a big current flows to the power line, the supply voltage may drop due to the impedance of the power line. Therefore, the inrush current is restricted below a certain level in some standards.

Figure 4-2 shows the inrush current waveform of a small electric drill. The inrush current flows at 14 A peak, which is about four times of the rated current of 3.5 A.

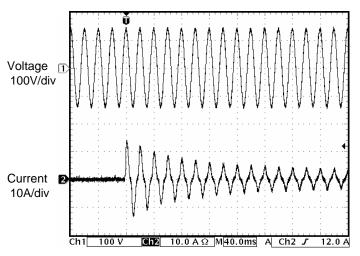


Figure 4-2 Inrush Current Example

It is necessary for an electric device with a large inrush current to use a power source with a sufficient current supplying capability. With a power source that cannot supply a sufficient inrush current, some electric devices may not start as they are not supplied with necessary power.

This product has the ability to supply peak current up to four times of the RMS rating. You can measure the maximum inrush current value using the current peak-hold function of the product.

4.3.2 Peak-hold function

- Peak-hold function holds either a positive or negative peak value, whichever is larger in absolute value.
- Clearing function for the peak-hold value is provided. The clear operation clears the peak-hold value (all phases) to 0 Apk.

------ Notes -----

• The peak hold value starts to update again immediately after the clear operation. The clear operation may not turn the current peak-hold value to 0 Apk even when no current is being output, because of noise or other reasons.

4.3.3 Measurement Method

■ Operation procedure

- 1. Before turning on the output, clear the peak-hold value. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + +/-
 - (b) Push the [Measure] soft-key. Hover the cursor over [Exec] of the [PK-H Clr] item and press the ENTER key.



- 2. Turn on the power switch of the object to be measured.
- 3. Turn on the output.
- 4. Read current peak-hold value (I_{PK-H}). This is the maximum inrush current value.

4.3.4 Measurement Tips

- You can see the difference among inrush currents at each power-on phase by changing the phase setting at output on (see 3.5.6) before turning on the output.
- The object inrush current cannot be measured correctly when the maximum peak voltage/current exceeds the one that can be supplied by this product or the peak voltage/current limiter is activated.
- Correct peak value measurement may not be accomplished for a very small load impedance, such as when there is a short at the output terminal.

4.4 Using Clipped Sine Wave

Clipped sine wave is the waveform that has its sine wave peak clipped as shown in *Figure 4-3*. This product can select the clipped sine wave as the output waveform.

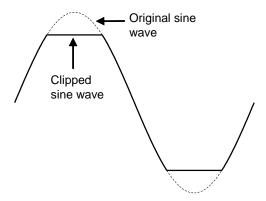


Figure 4-3 Clipped Sine Wave

The depth of clip is set using the crest factor or clip ratio. Each of them is defined by the following expression. The clip ratio is set in percentage.

Crest factor = Peak value/RMS value

Clip ratio = Clipped sine wave peak value/Original sine wave peak value

As shown in *Table 4-1*, the output voltage setting method differs depending on the clip depth setting method. Therefore, a clip ratio less than 100% makes the output voltage smaller than the setting.

Table 4-1 Different Output Voltage Settings Depending on Clip Depth Setting Method

Clip Depth Setting Method	Output Voltage Setting Method	
Crest factor	Sets the RMS of the clipped waveform	
Clip ratio	Sets the RMS of the sine wave before clipping	

------ Notes -----

• When the clipped sine wave is output in the AC, the clip of the output waveform may be tilted by the DC component remove function in the AC. To avoid this, switch to the ACDC.

■ Operation procedure

1. In the [Wave] item, select [CLP].



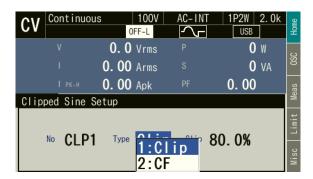
2. Move the cursor to [Setup], then select it. The clipped sine wave setting window opens.



3. In the [No.] item, select the clipped sine wave to load.



4. In the [Type] item, select [1: Clip] (clip ratio) or [2: CF] (crest factor).



5. In the [CF] (or [Clip]) item, enter the crest factor (or clip ratio).



6. Press the CANCEL key. The clipped sine wave setting window closes.

----- Notes

- All the settings from CLP1 to CLP3 are saved into the internal memory.
- The clip ratio setting value and the crest factor setting value are held independently of each other. The setting value switch as the Type is changed. Each setting value is saved per waveform when the settings are saved into the internal memory.

4.5 Using Memory Function

Using the Memory function, you can access this product's internal memory and USB memory to save, load, clear, and rename the basic setting.

4.5.1 Basic Setting Memory

The Basic Setting Memory collectively stores the output-related settings in the Continuous function (e.g. AC/DC mode, signal source, output range, AC setting, DC setting, current limiter, setting range limit). User is required to perform some operations to save these settings into the Basic Setting Memory. Both the internal and USB memories can be selected as the Basic Setting Memory.

There are 31 internal Basic Setting Memories from No. 0 to No. 30. The memory No. 0 stores the factory defaults. The internal memory No. 1 settings are loaded at power-on of this product. User can save the settings to the memories from No. 1 to No. 30. Clearing a Basic Setting Memory resets it to the factory defaults (same as the one of No. 0). Clearing a Basic Setting Memory in the USB memory deletes the applicable file in the USB memory.

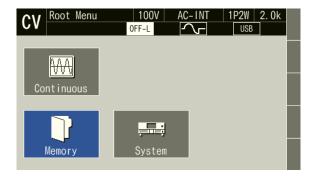
For the set content saved in the Basic Setting Memory and factory defaults, see 10.21.

------ Notes -----

- The Basic Setting Memory content cannot be copied directly between the internal and USB memories. To copy them, load them first, then save to a new destination.
- No overwrite confirmation message is displayed when you attempt to save under the same name as for the data that exists on the USB memory.
- The number of basic setting data files saved in a USB memory should be 500 or less. If the number of files exceeds this limit, this product cannot recognize the basic setting data files in the USB memory.

4.5.2 Displaying Data List View of Basic Setting Memory

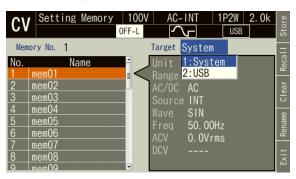
- Operation procedure
 - 1. Select [Memory] from the root memory.



2. Displays the Memory View. Select [Setting Memory].



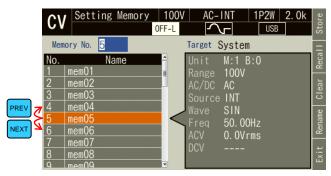
3. The Basic Setting Memory data list appears. Select reference target [1: System] (internal memory) / [2: USB] (USB memory) in the [Target] item.



4. Specify the memory number to reference in the [Memory No.] item.

Even if the cursor is not on the [Memory No.] item, you can move to the previous number by pressing

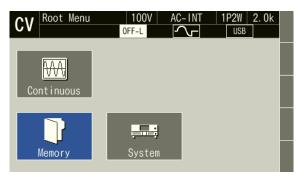
PREV, and to the next number by pressing NEXT.



5. Press the [Exit] soft-key to return to Memory View.



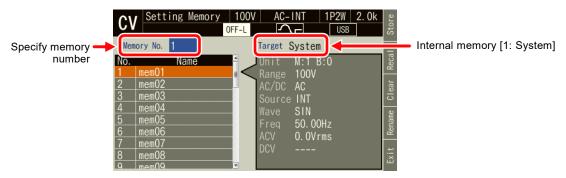
6. Press the MENU key to return to the root menu.



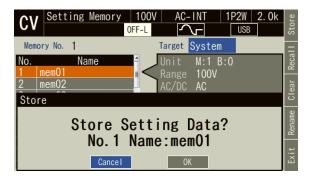
4.5.3 Saving, Recalling, and Clearing/Renaming of Basic Setting Memory

You can save the settings for the output of the Continuous function to internal memory or USB memory.

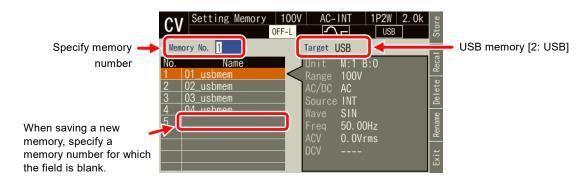
- Saving basic settings to internal memory
 - 1. Open Basic Setting Memory View (see 4.5.2). Select the [Target] and [Memory No.] items and specify the memory to save, then press the [Store] soft-key. When saving a new setting data, specify a number for which [Name] is blank in the data list.



2. A window to confirm saving opens. Select [OK].



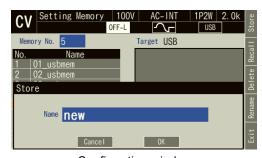
- Saving basic settings to USB memory
 - For how to connect USB memory to this product, and how to disconnect from this product, see 4.6.
 - 1. Open Basic Setting Memory View (see 4.5.2). Push the [Store] soft-key. When saving a new setting data, specify a number for which [Name] is blank in the data list.



2. When overwriting a memory, a window to confirm saving opens. Select [OK]. When saving a new setting data, a window to enter the name for saving opens. Enter the name, and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



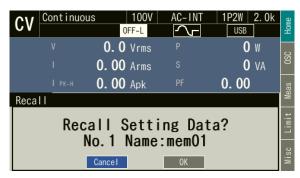
Confirmation window (when overwriting a setting data)



Confirmation window (when saving a new setting data)

■ Recalling Basic Setting Memory by using a shortcut (RECALL key)

The Basic Setting Memory of memory numbers 1 to 9 saved in internal memory can be recalled by pressing shortcut keys $\begin{pmatrix} \text{RECALL} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 \end{pmatrix} & \text{to} \end{pmatrix}$.

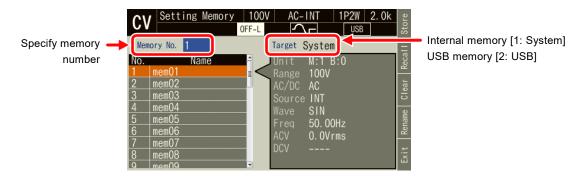


------ Notes ------

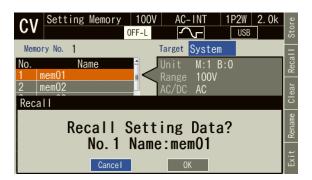
- The operation can be performed from the Continuous View.
- You do not have to hold down the RECALL key while you press a key of the numeric keypad.

■ Recalling from Data List View of Basic Setting Memory

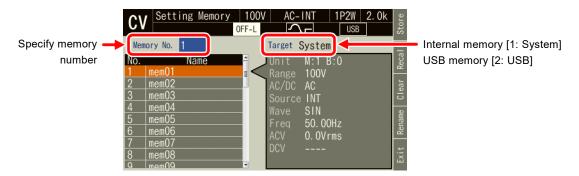
1. Open Basic Setting Memory View (see 4.5.2). Select the [Target] and [Memory No.] items and specify the memory to recall, then press the [Recall] soft-key.



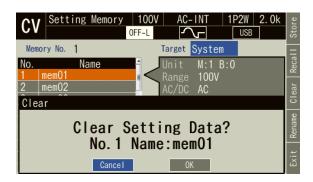
2. The confirmation window for recalling opens. Select [OK]. The Basic Setting Memory with the specified number is recalled.



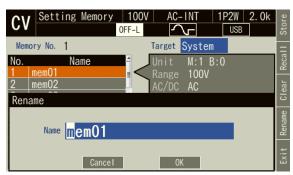
- Clearing/rename Basic Setting Memory saved in internal memory
 - 1. Open Basic Setting Memory View (see 4.5.2). Select the [Target] and [Memory No.] items and specify the memory to clear or rename.



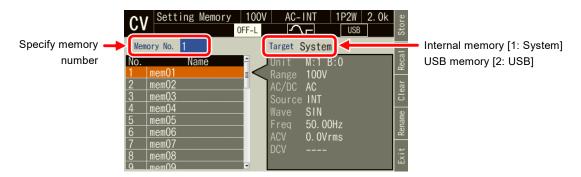
2. To clear, push [Clear] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. Clearing the internal memory resets the data to the factory default (same as the one of the internal memory No. 0).



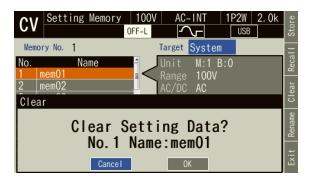
3. To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



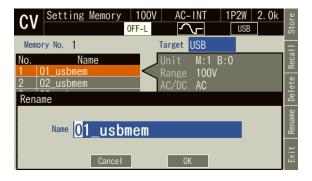
- Clearing/renaming Basic Setting Memory saved in USB memory
 - 1. Open Basic Setting Memory View (see 4.5.2). Select the [Target] and [Memory No.] items and specify the simulation to clear or rename.



2. To clear, push [Delete] soft-key. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. The corresponding file in USB memory is deleted.

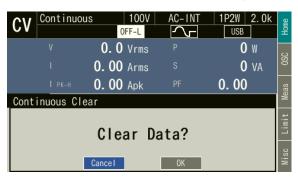


3. To rename, push [Rename] soft-key. Rename window opens. Enter a new name and then select [OK]. For how to enter a string, see 3.3.6.



■ Loading the factory defaults

Press (RECALL) + 0 in the Continuous View. Confirmation message is displayed. Select [OK]. The current settings are cleared and the factory default basic settings are loaded.



4.6 Using USB Memory Function

This product supports the mass storage class USB memory. The Basic Setting Memory can be saved into and loaded from the USB memory.

When you connect a USB memory to this product, a window opens with the confirmation message "USB Memory Connected," then closes after a while.

The root folder of the USB memory should have folders as shown in *Figure 4-4*. Otherwise, these folders are created automatically when the USB memory is connected to this product.

To remove the USB memory connected to this product, the eject operation is necessary as explained in this section.

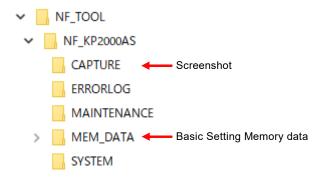


Figure 4-4 USB Memory Folder Structure

- A CAUTION -

- Do not connect anything other than a USB memory to the front USB memory connector.
- Before removing the USB memory from this product, always perform the eject operation (see the next section). Removing the USB memory while it is being accessed may damage the data.
- Do not turn off this product while it is accessing the data in the USB memory.

------ Notes -----

- We do not guarantee that all USB memories can be operational with this product.
- Use a FAT32-formatted USB memory. This product does not support the exFAT format which began to be supported from Windows Vista SP1.
- This product does not have the USB memory formatting function.
- The file name should consist of one byte alphanumeric characters. A file name that contains any double-byte character cannot be recognized correctly.
- Loading by the external control function is not available.
- Limit the number of files to save in one USB memory up to 500 of the basic setting data. If the number of files exceeds this limit, this product cannot recognize the data files in the USB memory.
- The ERRORLOG, MAINTENANCE, and SYSTEM folders in *Figure 4-4* are not used by the users. Do not delete these folders and files in them, as they are used for firmware updating of this product and other purposes.

- Removing the USB memory from this product (eject operation)
 - 1. Perform the eject operation. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: (SHIFT) + 6
 - (b) Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. In the System menu that opens, put the cursor on [Exec] next to the [USB Eject] item, then press the ENTER key.
 - 2. The window opens with the confirmation message "USB Memory Disconnected." The window closes after a while.
 - 3. Remove the USB memory.

------ Notes -----

- The eject operation cannot be performed in the following cases:
 - · When the Memory View is open
 - · When the data list box shows the files in the USB memory

4.7 Saving a Screenshot

Save the current screen to USB memory.

Operation Method

Press SHIFT + 1 shortcut key.

Save destination

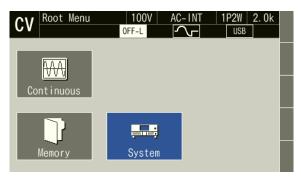
The image is saved in the NF_TOOL\NF_KP2000AS\CAPTURE folder. The file format of the saved image is bmp, the number of colors is 65,000, and the size of one file is 256 KiB. The file name is CAP YYYYMMDD hhmmss.bmp. YYYYMMDD of the file name is the date, and hhmmss is the time.

4.8 Using Monitor Function

The output voltage and current waveform can be monitored using an oscilloscope connected to the monitor output connector on the rear. For the monitor output specifications, see 10.26.

Switching the monitor output

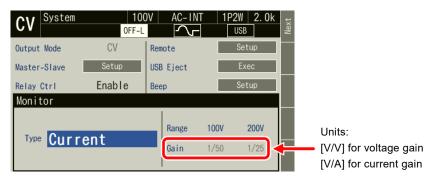
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System].



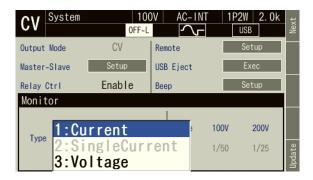
2. Put the cursor on [Setup] of the [Monitor] item, then press the ENTER key.



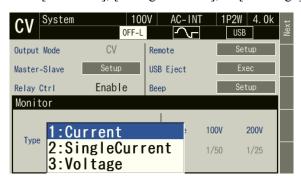
3. The window for selecting the output voltage or current opens. The gain of the signal output from the monitor output connector is displayed on the right side of the window.



(a) When single unit operation
In the [Type] item, select [1:Current] or [3:Voltage].



(b) When boosted up
In the [Type] item, select [1:Current], [2:SingleCurrent], or [3:Voltage].



4. Push the [CANCEL] key to close the [Monitor] window.

------ Notes -----

- [When boosted up] Selecting [1: Current] outputs the monitor signal of the total output current, and selecting [2: SingleCurrent] outputs the monitor signal for the output current of that single unit.
- [When boosted up] The slave of a 1P2W system (booster) outputs the monitor signal of its own single unit, respectively.
- The output voltage monitor watches the voltage at the output terminal whether the remote sensing state is on or off.

4.9 Using Remote Sensing Function

The Remote sensing function detects the output voltage at the voltage sensing terminal. When the Remote sensing function is on, the measured value of the voltage is the voltage at the voltage sensing terminal, and the Sens icon is displayed beside the measurement items. The measured values of power (P, S) and power factor (PF) are also the values that are calculated using the measured voltage value at the voltage sensing terminal.

When the Remote sensing function is on, the output voltage at the voltage sensing terminal is calibrated by the AGC or Autocal function. Thus, by combining the Remote sensing function with the AGC/Autocal function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The Remote sensing function can be turned on only when corresponds to *Table 4-2*. When the Remote sensing function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC, or when the signal source is changed to EXT or ADD, the Remote sensing function is forcibly set to off.

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- The on/off state of the Remote sensing function is kept even if the output range is changed.
- When the Remote sensing function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.

Table 4-2 Modes in Which Can Turn On Remote Sensing, AGC, and Autocal

AC/DC	Signal source				
mode	INT	VCA	SYNC		
AC *	✓	1	✓		
DC	✓	1			

^{*} For AC, they can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave.

■ Cable connection for remote sensing



• Before connecting the cable, turn off this product including its peripherals.

- 🕂 CAUTION -

- Pay attention to the withstand voltage of the cable to be connected.
- Do not connect anything to the terminals that are not used.
- Do not input a signal having a different electric potential from the output terminal (for example, the signal at the secondary side of transformer) into the voltage sensing terminal.

Connect the voltage sensing terminal to the output voltage detecting end (for example, load end) using a cable. (See 2.5.) When not using the Remote sensing function, do not connect anything.

- Turning on/off Remote sensing function
 - 1. Press the [Meas] or [Misc] soft-key and turn on or off the function in the [Rmt Sense] item.





2. When the Remote sensing function is turned on, [Sens] is displayed beside the measurement items.





4.10 Using AGC Function

The AGC (Automatic Gain Control) function calculates the ratio (calibration factor) of the output voltage measured value (effective value) versus the output voltage setting value automatically and continuously while this function is on, and multiplies the gain of the output amplifier by the calculated value, intending to match the output voltage with the setting value. With this function, the output voltage fluctuation can be suppressed even when the load is fluctuated. When the AGC function is set to on, the icon AGC is displayed.

As the detected part of the output voltage calibrated by the AGC function, either the voltage sensing terminal (the Remote sensing function is on) or the output terminal (the Remote sensing function is off) can be selected. By combining the Remote sensing function with the AGC function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The AGC function can be turned on only when corresponds to *Table 4-2*. When the AGC function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC, or when the signal source is changed to EXT or ADD, the AGC function is forcibly set to off. When the Autocal function is on, the AGC function cannot be used.

For the specification of the AGC function, see 10.16.

------ Notes -----

- If the output voltage setting is out of the "Operation range" shown in 10.16, the calibration is not performed while the AGC function setting remains on and the AGC icon is still displayed.
- If the difference is out of the "Calibration range" shown in 10.16, the AGC function is forcibly set to off the icon AGC does not disappear.
- If the limiter operates while the AGC function is on, the AGC calibration is not performed. When the limiter operation is completed, the AGC calibration restarts. If the protection function is activated, the output is turned off, but the AGC setting remains on.
- The on/off setting of the AGC function is kept even if the output range is changed.
- When the AGC function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.
- The AGC function updates the calibration factor continuously while the AGC function is on. In contrast, the Autocal function continues to use the calibration factor obtained when Autocal is turned on until Autocal is turned off. Therefore, in the AGC function, the output voltage is calibrated properly even when the load is fluctuated, but there is the response time to reflect the update of the calibration factor. Meanwhile, in the Autocal function, the output voltage may not be calibrated properly when the load is fluctuated, but once Autocal is turned on, there is no response time needed for calibration.

- Turning on the AGC function
 - 1. Turn on the output.
 - 2. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 5
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key.



3. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



4. In the [AGC] item, select [2:ON]. If the output voltage setting is within the AGC operation range, the AGC calibration is started when [ON] is selected here.



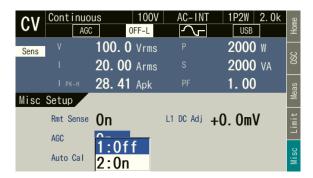
5. Close the window.

■ Turning off the AGC function

- 1. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 5
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key.



2. In the [AGC] item, select [1:OFF]. When [OFF] is selected here, the AGC calibration finishes.



3. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



4. Close the window.

4.11 Using Autocal Function

The Autocal (Automatic Calibration) function calculates the ratio (calibration factor) of the output voltage measured value (effective value) versus the output voltage setting value when this function is turned on, and multiplies the gain of the output amplifier by the calculated value, intending to match the output voltage with the setting value. The calculated calibration factor is used as a fixed value until the Autocal function is turned off. Therefore, even when the Autocal function is on, the output voltage fluctuation may occur if the load is fluctuated. When the Autocal function is set to on, the icon is displayed.

As the detected part of the output voltage calibrated by the Autocal function, either the voltage sensing terminal (the Remote sensing function is on) or the output terminal (the Remote sensing function is off) can be selected. Combining the Remote sensing function with the Autocal function, you can compensate the voltage drop due to wiring to the load.

The Autocal function can be turned on only when corresponds to *Table 4-2*. When the Autocal function is on, the waveform cannot be changed to other than a sine wave. When the mode is changed to ACDC, or when the signal source is changed to EXT or ADD, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off. When the AGC function is on, the Autocal function cannot be used.

For the specification of the Autocal function, see 10.17.

------ Notes -----

- When the Autocal function is on, the calibration factor is always used to perform the calibration as a multiplier.
- If the conditions for setting the [Acal] to [On] shown in 10.17 are not satisfied, the Autocal function cannot be turned on. However, if any one of the conditions required for setting [Acal] to [On] becomes disabled while the Autocal function is on, the ON setting of the Autocal function is retained.
- If the difference is out of the "Calibration range" shown in 10.17, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off.
- If the limiter operates while the Autocal function is on, the Autocal calibration is still applied, but the limit is applied on the output. If the protection function is activated, the output is turned off, but the Autocal setting remains on.
- When the output range is changed, the Autocal function is forcibly set to off.
- When the Autocal function is forcibly set to off, the settings saved in the System Setting Memory are not updated.
- The Autocal function continues to use the calibration factor obtained when Autocal is turned on until Autocal is turned off. In contrast, the AGC function updates the calibration factor continuously while the AGC function is on. Therefore, in the Autocal function, the output voltage may not be calibrated properly when the load is fluctuated, but once Autocal is turned on, there is no response time needed for calibration. Meanwhile, in the AGC function, the output voltage is calibrated properly even when the load is fluctuated, but there is the response time to reflect the update of the calibration factor.

- Turning on the Autocal function
 - 1. Turn on the output.
 - 2. Open the AGC/Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 5
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key.



3. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.

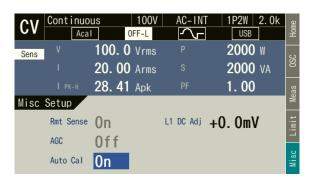


4. Use the [Auto Cal] item to turn on or off the Autocal function. When [ON] is selected here, the calibration factor of the Autocal function is calculated, and the calibration is started.



5. Close the window.

- Turning off the Autocal function
 - 1. Open the Autocal set window. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 5
 - (b) Push the [Misc] soft-key.



2. In the [Auto Cal] item, select [1:OFF]. When [OFF] is selected here, the Autocal calibration finishes, and the calibration factor is cleared.



3. Use the [Rmt Sense] item to set the Remote sensing function to on or off, if necessary.



4. Close the window.

4.12 Adjusting DC Offset

Even when the output voltage is set to 0 V, a slight DC offset may exist in the output. The DC offset adjustment function can reduce such DC offset close to zero.

For the DC offset adjustment, a total of two types of values are retained for each AC/DC mode. The setting range of the DC offset adjustment value is shown in *Table 4-3*.

Initial Minimum Maximum AC/DC mode Resolution Range Unit value value value AC-50.0 +50.00.1 0.0 mV100 V range, 200 V range ACDC, DC -250 +250 1 0 mV

Table 4-3 Setting Range of DC Offset Adjustment Value

■ Operation procedure

1. Push the [Misc] soft-key.



2. While checking the DC offset of the output voltage, adjust the value in the [DC Adj] item so that the DC offset gets close to zero.



3. Close the window.

4.13 Using as DC Power Supply

You can use this product as a DC power supply by switching from the AC/DC mode to the DC mode or the ACDC. For the output setting range, see 10.5.2.

------ Notes -----

- The signal sources that can be combined with the ACDC are INT, SYNC, EXT, and ADD.
- The signal sources that can be combined with the DC are INT and VCA.

Operation Method

- 1. Moves to ACDC or DC. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 7

Every time you press the keys, the mode is switched to AC, ACDC, and DC in this order.

(b) Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [2: ACDC] or [3: DC] in the [AC/DC] item.



2. Set the output DC voltage in the [DCV] item.





ACDC DC

4.14 Setting Voltage using External DC Input Signal

In AC-VCA, you can use the external DC input signal to set the AC output voltage or AC output current of the internal signal source. In the DC-VCA, you can use the external DC input signal to set the DC output voltage of the internal signal source. The external DC signal is input to this product through the external signal input connector. When the signal source is VCA, the specifications except the output voltage setting are same as when the signal source is INT.

4.14.1 Using External Signal in AC-VCA

You can set the output AC voltage (ACV) in the AC-VCA. The peak values of the output AC voltage (ACV) is set according to the following formulas by using the gain setting value and the voltage of the external DC signal.

 $ACV (Vpk) = Gain \times External DC signal voltage (V)$

For the specifications of the gain setting range and the external DC signal input voltage range, see 10.19.1.

------ Notes ------

- The gain setting value is retained for each of the output ranges and each of the AC/DC modes.
- Within the same range and the same mode, the same value is retained for the gain setting value, regardless of the combination of the signal sources (VCA, EXT, ADD).

■ Examples

- 1. When the waveform is SIN, the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1 V, the output will be a sine wave of which the amplitude is 100 Vpk (= 70.7 Vrms).
- 2. When the waveform is SIN, the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1.41 V, the output will be a sine wave of which the amplitude is 141 Vpk (= 100 Vrms).

■ Operation procedure

- 1. Turn off the output, and set the AC/DC mode and signal source to the AC-VCA. See 3.5.1.
- 2. Press the [Home] soft-key to open the Home screen. Set the [Wave], [Freq] and [Gain] items.



- 3. Supply a DC voltage to the external signal input connector.
- 4. Turn on the output.

4.14.2 Using External Signal in DC-VCA

In the DC-VCA, the setting value of the output DC voltage (DCV) is set according to the following formula, by using the gain setting value and the voltage of the external DC signal.

DCV (V) = Gain x External DC signal voltage (V)

DCC (A) = Gain x External DC signal voltage (V)

For the specifications of the gain setting range and the external DC signal input voltage range, see 10.19.1.

----- Notes -----

- The gain setting value is retained for each of the output ranges and each of the AC/DC modes.
- Within the same range, the same value is retained for the gain setting value, regardless of the combination of the signal sources (VCA, EXT, ADD).

■ Examples

When the gain is 100, and the external DC signal voltage is 1 V, a DC voltage of 100 V will be output.

■ Operation procedure

- 1. Turn off the output, and set the AC/DC mode and signal source to DC-VCA. See 3.5.1.
- 2. Set the [Gain] item.



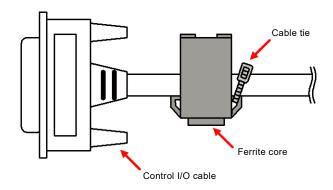
- 3. Supply a DC voltage to the external signal input connector.
- 4. Turn on the output.

4.15 Control Using External Control Function

The following functions can be selected.

Item	Description
Disabled	Disable the control input of the CONTROL I/O. The status output signal is output.
Active	Enable the CONTROL I/O.

You can control the output on/off by inputting the logic signal or the non voltage contact signal. You can also get the product state by using the logic signal. The polarity of state output can be switched. The connector to be used is DBLC-J25SAF-10L9E (D-sub, 25-pin, M2.6 mm screw) manufactured by JAE. For the specification of I/O signals, see 10.23, and for the pin assignment of the CONTROL I/O connector, see *Table 4-4*. Attach the provided ferrite core to the product side of the cable connected to the connector. If the cable is thin, bind the cable and ferrite core with the provided cable tie.



----- Notes

- We recommend that when the external control function is not used, the function is set to [1:Disable] to avoid malfunctioning due to any exogenous noise.
- The external control input signal is ignored when the product is remote controlled via the communication interface.
- The memory 1 and 2 inputs are the inputs for specifying the memory number. For No. 1 to No. 4 memory, specify the 2 bit memory number of the Basic Setting Memory in the Continuous function.
- When the memory recall input is changed from high to low, this loads the data of the Basic Setting Memory, which has the number specified by the memory 1 and 2 inputs.

Table 4-4 CONTROL I/O Pin Assignment

pin	I/O	Function	Remarks	
1	Output	Power On/Off	Low: Off, High: On	
2	Output	Output On/Off*	Low: On, High: Off (Negative)	
	Output		Low: Off, High: On (Positive)	
3	Output	Protection operation*	Low: Active, High: None (Negative)	
	Guipui	Trotection operation	Low: None, High: Active (Positive)	
4	Output	Limiter operation*	Low: Active, High: None (Negative)	
'	Output		Low: None, High: Active (Positive)	
5	Output	AGC/Autocal setting state*	Low: On, High: Off (Negative)	
	Guipui	71GC/71dtGedf Setting State	Low: Off, High: On (Positive)	
6	Output	Software busy*	Low: Busy, High: Ready (Negative)	
		•	Low: Ready, High: Busy (Positive)	
7	Output	Output range	Low: 200 V, High: 100 V	
8	Output	Output phase configuration	Low: 1P2W	
9				
10	Reserved	Do not connect anything.	Do not connect anything.	
11				
12	Output	Output mode	Low: CV	
13	Input	Output off	Falling Off	
14	Input	Output on	Falling On	
15				
16				
17	Reserved	Do not connect anything.	Do not connect anything.	
18				
19				
20	Input	Memory recall	Falling Recall	
21	Input	Memory specification 1	Specify 0 to 3 (See <i>Table 4-5</i> , equivalent to	
22	Input	Memory specification 2	memory 1 to 4, respectively)	
23	Input	Clear the current peak-hold value	Falling Clear	
24	_	GND		
25	Reserved	Do not connect anything.	Do not connect anything.	

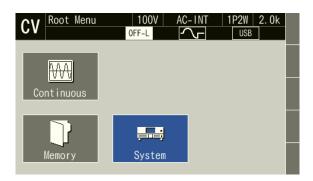
Note 1: The polarity of state output marked with asterisk (*) can be switched.

Note 2: At 25th pin, +5 V is output for test in manufacturing, and the pin is not assumed to be used by user. Do not connect this pin to anything, or the product might become unstable.

Table 4-5 Memory Specification

	Memory No.			
	1	2	3	4
Specify	0	1	2	3
Memory specification 1	Low	High	Low	High
Memory specification 2	Low	Low	High	High

- Enabling/disabling external control function
 - 1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Select the [Control I/O] item to open the setting window.



3. In the [Ext Ctrl] item, select [1:Disable] or [2:Enable].



■ Setting the polarity of the state output

Open the setting window of Control I/O, and select [Negative] or [Positive] in the [ExtOut Pol] item.



4.16 Synchronizing the Output Frequency with the Power Line or the External Signal

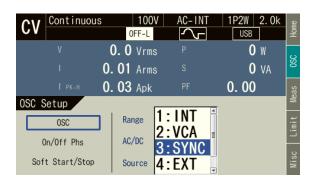
When you select SYNC for the signal source, you can synchronize the frequency of the internal signal source with the power line or the external signal. The icon Lock is displayed when the internal signal source is synchronized with the external signal. The icon Unlock is displayed when the synchronization is not performed. See 10.12 for the measurement specification of the synchronization frequency and 10.19.3 for the interface specification of the external synchronization signal.

------ Notes ------

- The output on phase/off phase setting (3.5.6) is valid in SYNC also.
- You cannot make the output on if synchronization is not performed.

■ Operation procedure

- 1. If you want to synchronize the internal signal source with the external signal, input the synchronization signal by using the external signal input connector. If you want to synchronize it with the power line, this step is not necessary.
- 2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [3:SYNC] from the [Source] item.



3. Press the [Home] soft-key to open the Home screen. In the [Source] item, select [1:Line] (power input) or [2:Ext] (external input signal) as the synchronization signal source.



4. When the internal signal source is synchronized, the measured synchronization frequency value is displayed. Also, the icon Lock is displayed.



4.17 Amplifying the External Signal Input

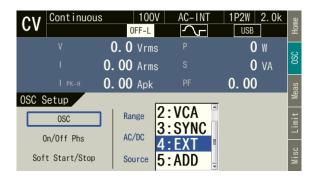
When you select EXT for the signal source, you can output the amplified external signal. Also, when you select ADD for the signal source, you can output the amplified external signal after the internal signal is added. For the specifications of the gain setting range and the input voltage range, see 10.19.2.

------ Notes -----

- Within the same range, the same value is retained for the gain setting value, regardless of the combination of the AC/DC mode and the signal sources (VCA, EXT, ADD).
- If the voltage after the external signal is amplified or if the total voltage of the amplified external signal and the internal signal exceeds ±227 V (100 V range)/±454 V (200 V range), the output voltage is clipped at that value.
- If the signal source is set to EXT, the calculation is carried out in certain intervals by the measurement function of this product. Therefore, the measurement operation cycle may become inappropriate depending on the external signal frequency, resulting in the instable measured value display. In that case, set [ADD] for the signal source and configure the settings as below. When the signal source is set to [ADD], the measurement calculation is performed in optimum interval for the frequency which is set for the internal signal source. This may solve the instability of the measured value display.
- Set the frequency for the internal signal source so that it is equal to the one for the external signal.
- Set zero for ACV and DCV.

■ Operation procedure

- 1. Input the signal to be amplified from the external signal input connector.
- 2. Press the [Osc] soft-key and select [2:Source], then select [4:EXT] or [5:ADD].



3. Press the [Home] soft-key to open the Home screen. Set the gain in the [Gain] item.



4.18 Turning the Output On or Off Rapidly

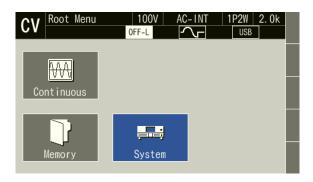
In the factory default settings, the internal output relay of this product is activated linking to the output on/off. In the output off state, the internal circuit and output terminal of this product are physically separated. On the other hand, if output relay chattering causes any problem or if you want to turn the output on or off rapidly, you can disable the control of the output relay. In that case, the output relay is fixed to the on state and the operation to turn the output on/off is performed by the semiconductor device. The output off state means the state of high impedance. The output terminal impedance in the output off state when the output relay control is disabled is $50 \text{ k}\Omega$ for the 100 V range, and $100 \text{ k}\Omega$ for the 200 V range (reference values of output terminal).

--- Notes

- Even when the output relay control is disabled, the output relay is turned off if the protection function is activated. While the error message appearing when the protection function is activated displays "Press Enter Key," pressing the ENTER key clears the message and turns on the output relay again although the output remains off.
- The output relay is in the off state during the wait time at power-on even if the output relay control is disabled.
- For the combination of the high impedance output off, and output relay control that can be set, see *Table 4-6*.
- If the output relay control is disabled, the display of the icon OFF-L is inverted so that it has a black background.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In the [Relay Cntrl] item, select [1:Disable] or [2:Enable]. If you select [2:Enable], the activation of the output relay is enabled. If you select [1:Disable], the output relay is fixed to the on state and the operation to turn the output on/off is performed by the semiconductor device rapidly.



4.19 Turning Output Off in the High Impedance State

When the high impedance output off function is enabled, the output is off in the high impedance state. This enables turning off the output without discharging the electrical charge of a capacitor or battery connected to the output.

When the high impedance output off function is disabled, the output is turned off after the output voltage is set to 0 V. This enables controlling the voltage surge when the output is off.

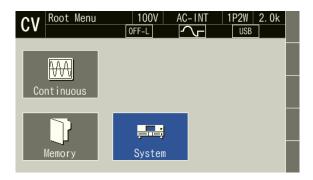
For the combination of the high impedance output off, and output relay control that can be set, see *Table 4-6*.

TT' 1 ' 1	Output relay control		
High impedance output off	Enabled (On/off operation)	Disabled (Fixed to on)	
Enabled	No	Yes	
Disabled (Output off after 0 V)	Yes	Yes	

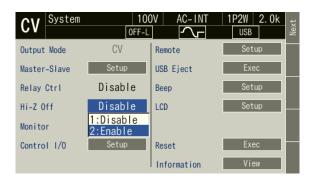
Table 4-6 High Impedance Output Off, and Output Relay Control

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In the [Hi-Z Off] item, select [1:Disable] or [2:Enable]. If you select [2:Enable], the high impedance output off function is enabled. If you select [1:Disable], it is disabled.



------ Notes -----

• When the high impedance output off function is enabled, the icon changes from OFF-L to OFF-H.

4.20 Enabling Automatic Output-On at Power-On

You can set the automatic output-on after power-on. If you set the output-on at power-on setting to [ON], the message window as shown in *Figure 4-5* is displayed for about 10 seconds after you turn on the power and the self check at start-up, until the output becomes on automatically. If you press the ENTER key in the control panel or CANCEL key during this process, the output-on at power-on setting is set to off and the output is not enabled automatically. If you do not perform this key operation, the output on is enabled automatically after the message window is closed.

----- Notes

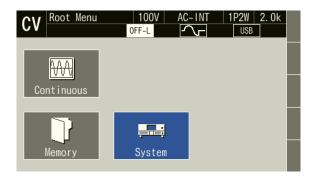
- If the unit is in the Remote state immediately after the start-up, the output-on at power-on setting is set to off and the output is not turned on automatically. The message window shown in *Figure* 4-5 is not displayed.
- If the unit enters the Remote state while the message window shown in *Figure 4-5* is displayed, this message window closes and the output-on at power-on setting is set to off, therefore the output is not turned on automatically.



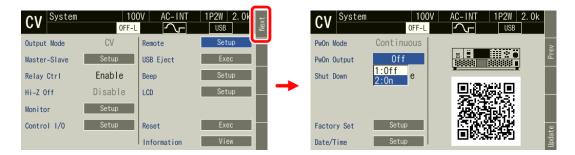
Figure 4-5 The Message Window to be Shown Before the Automatic Output-On After the Power-On

Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. In the [PwON Output] item on page 2 of the system setting window, select [1: ON] or [2: OFF]. When you select [On], the automatic output-on at power-on is enabled.



4.21 Key Lock

If the key lock is enabled, operations using the keys or MODIFY dial are not accepted. The acceptable operations are for enabling the output off and the key lock only. This function helps to avoid the incorrect user operations during running. The icon is displayed when the key lock is enabled.

■ Operation procedure

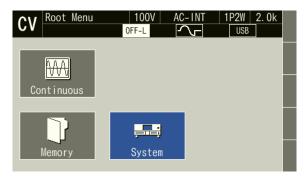
The Shortcut operation SHIFT + 4 toggles between on/off of the key lock.

4.22 Beep

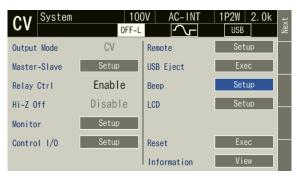
You can set whether or not a beep sounds when performing key operations or limiter operations. If the protection function is activated, the unit beeps regardless of the settings.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Select the [Beep] item to open the setting window.



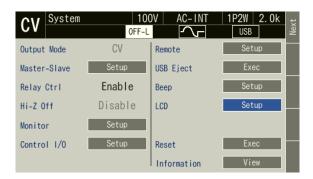
3. Set to On/Off the beep sound for limiter operations in the [Limiter] item, and the beep sound for key operations in the [Key] item.



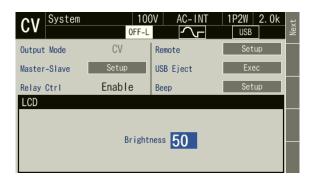
4.23 Changing the Screen Brightness

You can change the brightness of the LCD screen backlight. The brightness can be adjusted to any of 100 levels from 0 to 99. For the setting specifications, see 10.20.

- Operation procedure (master)
 - 1. Open the window for adjusting the LCD. Following two methods are available.
 - (a) Shortcut operation: SHIFT + 9
 - (b) Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [LCD] item, then press the ENTER key.



2. Adjust the brightness in the [Brightness] item. The larger the value, the brighter the screen.



3. Push the [CANCEL] key to close the window.

------ Notes -----

• In a multi-unit system, you can set the brightness for each unit individually.

- Operation procedure (slave)
 - 1. Press the [LCD] soft-key to open the window for adjusting the LCD.



2. Adjust the brightness in the [Brightness] item in the same way as for a master.



4.24 Using the Shutdown Function

This function forcibly turns off the output to stop operation by using an external signal (or non-voltage contact). Enable and disable can be selected by configuring a setting. An operation stop is performed when the input is high, and normal operation is performed when it is low. To recover after a shutdown, cycle the power.

------ Notes -----

• In the 1P2W system, booster is linked to the system master. The input terminals of the booster are disabled.

Connection method

Connect the terminals of the provided SHUT DOWN connector so that it is short-circuited during normal operation and open during shutdown, and then insert it into the SHUT DOWN connector of the unit. For the specifications of the non-voltage contact, see 10.3.

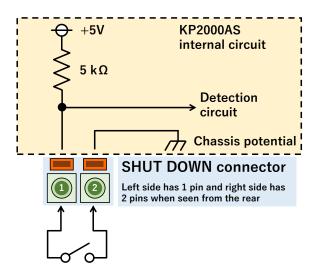
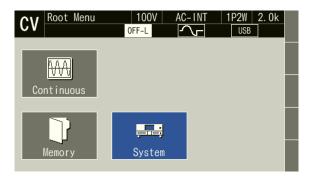
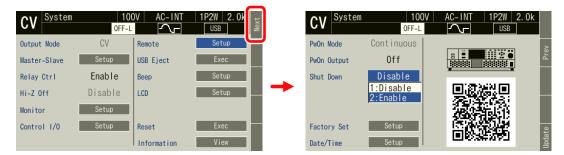


Figure 4-6 Example of Connecting SHUT DOWN Connector

- Operation procedure (setting the shutdown function)
 - 1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



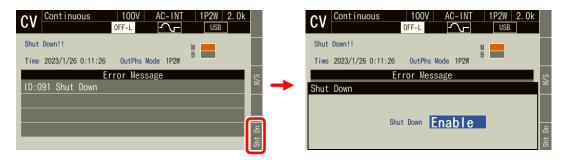
2. In the [Shut Down] item on page 2 of the system setting window, select [1: Disable] or [2: Enable].



Operation procedure (recovering from shutdown)

The following two methods are available for recovery after shutdown.

- (a) Restart the power when state of connected between the terminals of the SHUT DOWN connector.
- (b) Disable the shutdown function to restart the power supply.
 Press the [Sht Dn] soft-key to open the shutdown function setting window. Change the [Shutdown] item to [Disable].



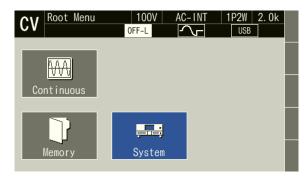
4.25 Setting the Date and Time

The date and time are used for the creation date and time of files saved by the memory function. The setting range is as follows.

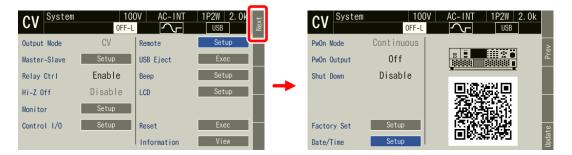
00:00:00 on January 1, 2022, to 23:59:59 on December 31, 2099

Operation procedure

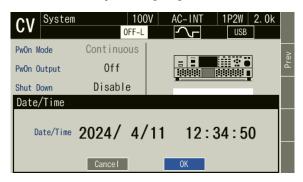
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Select the [Date/Time] item on page 2 of the system setting window. The date and time setting window opens.



3. Enter the date and time, and then finally select [OK].



----- Notes

• This product has a built-in battery. As the battery depletes, the time will deviate. For replacement of the battery, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased this product.

4.26 Restoring Initial Settings

4.26.1 Resetting

If you perform a reset, the setting items marked with "o" in *Table 4-7* are restored to the setting values in the table. Ensure that you reset this product in the output off state.

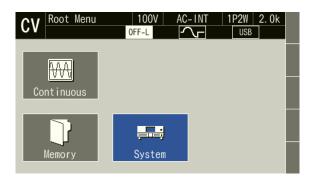
Table 4-7 Setting Items to be Reset

Setting Item	Reset	Setting value		
Output on/off	×	Off		
Master/Slave	×	Disabled, 10 s		
Output range	0	100 V range		
AC/DC mode	0	AC		
Signal source	0	INT		
External synchronization signal	0	LINE		
(LINE or EXT)				
AC voltage setting	0	0 V		
Frequency	0	50 Hz		
Output waveform	0	Sine wave		
Output on phase	0	0.0°		
Output off phase	0	Enabled, 0.0°		
Soft start	0	Disabled		
Soft stop	0	Disabled		
Balanced/Unbalanced	0	Balanced		
DC voltage setting	0	0 V		
Current limiter	0	See 10.13		
Setting range limit	0	See 10.14		
External input gain	0	0		
DC Offset	×	0 mV		
Measurement unit selection	0	RMS1		
Remote sensing	0	Off		
AGC	0	Off		
Autocal	0	Off		
Screen (LCD) brightness	×	50		
Веер	0	Key operation sound on, limiter operation		
•		sound on		
Key lock	0	Off		
High impedance output off	0	Disabled		
Output relay control	0	Enabled		
Output setting at power-on	0	Off		
Time unit	0	S		
Monitor output target	0	Current		
External interfaces	×	USB		
External control function	×	Disabled		
SHUT DOWN	×	Disabled		
Clipped Sine Wave *	0	Clip ratio specified		
		Clip ratio: 100 %		
		Crest factor: 1.41		

^{*} All three of the clipped sine waves are initialized.

■ Operation procedure

1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Put the cursor on [Exec] next to the [Reset] item, then press the ENTER key. The reset operation is performed.



------ Notes -----

• If you reset the product, the content in the Basic Setting Memory will not be cleared. Once restarted, the setting of the Basic Setting Memory No.1 is recalled. To reset the setting after restart to the factory default setting, see 4.5.3 to clear the content of the Basic Setting Memory No.1.

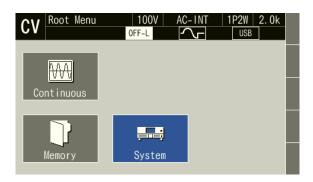
4.26.2 Restoring the Factory Default State

If you perform a factory setup, all items in *Table 4-7* are restored to their setting values. In addition, all of the Basic Setting Memory is returned to their initial settings.

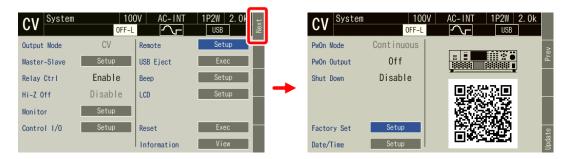
Factory settings should be made with the output switched off during single-unit operation.

■ Operation procedure

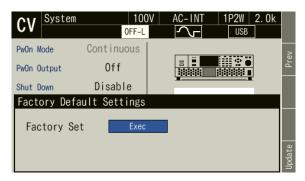
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Put the cursor on [Exec] of the [Reset] item on page 2 of the system setting window, and then press the ENTER key.



3. The execution dialog box opens. Press the Enter key to start initialization and set the factory default settings.



------ Notes -----

• A factory setup is not performed with a multi-unit system. Perform it during single unit operation.

5. Description of Screen and Menu

5.1	Screen Configuration	108
5.2	Menu Composition · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	111

5.1 Screen Configuration

Figure 5-1 shows the basic screen configuration. It consists of display areas marked as "a" to "i". The description of each area is shown in *Table 5-1*.

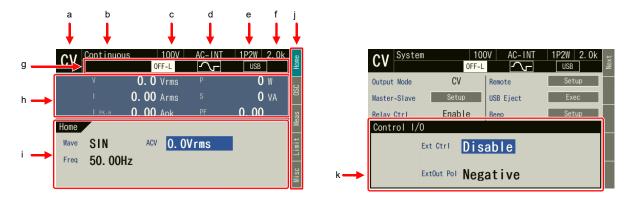


Figure 5-1 Component Name (Display Areas on the Screen)

Table 5-1 Component Name (Display Areas on the Screen)

Symbol	Area name	Description	Refer to
a	Output mode	CV is displayed.	_
b	Screen title	Title of the currently displayed screen.	_
С	Output range	Current output range.	3.5.2
d	AC/DC mode and signal source	Displayed in the format of the current "AC/DC mode - Signal source."	3.5.1
e	Output phase configuration	Current output phase configuration. 1P2W: Single-phase two-wire	_
f	Rated power	Rated output power of the current system.	3.4.2
g	Status icon	The area where an icon is displayed when the product enters the specific state, for example, when the limiter is activated.	5.1.1
h	Measured value area	The measured values are displayed.	3.5.10
i	Output display area	The output setting is displayed. Make the output settings in this area.	3.5
j	Soft-key function	Shows the functions assigned to the soft-keys on the right side of the screen.	3.3.3
k	Window	The window where the confirmation message is displayed or you change the settings. It is displayed as needed.	3.3.4

5.1.1 Status Icon

Table 5-2 shows icons displayed in specific states and their meanings.

Table 5-2 Status Icons

Icon	Name	Meaning	Refer to
2. 0k	Rated power	Indicates the maximum output power.	3.2.5
AGC	AGC	The AGC setting is on.	4.10
Acal	Autocal	The Autocal is on.	4.11
\mathbb{X}	Busy	The product does not accept key operations for changing the setting as it is performing the internal processing. Please wait for a moment.	_
11rms	RMS current limiter	The RMS current limiter is activated.	4.1.2
↑lpk	Peak current limiter	The peak current limiter is activated.	4.1.1
↑WAT	Active power Limiter	The wattage limiter is activated.	4.1.4
OFF-L OFF-H	Output relay control and high impedance output off	The background is white when output relay control is enabled, and black when it is disabled. The icon is OFF-L when the high impedance output off function is enabled, and OFF-H when it is disabled.	4.18, 4.19
\$\$\$ \$ \$\$\$	Output on/off phase setting and soft start/soft stop setting	These are the setting icons for the output on phase, output off phase, soft start, and software stop.	3.5.6, 3.5.7
←	Key lock	The key lock is enabled.	4.21
USB	Remote	Displays the currently selected remote interface. In the local state, the icon is displayed in black. In the remote control state, the icon is lit in green.	6.
Uncal	Unadjusted	Unadjusted. This icon means the abnormal state of the product. Contact us or our agent.	_

5.1.2 Measured Value Display Items

The items displayed in the measured value area are shown in *Table 5-3*.

Table 5-3 Measured Value Display Items

Item	Description
Icon Lock	With SYNC, the internal signal source is synchronized with the external signal or the power line. (See 4.16)
Icon Unlock	With SYNC, the internal signal source is not synchronized with the external signal or the power line. (See 4.16)
Icon Sens	The Remote sensing function is enabled.
V *1	Output voltage
I *1	Output current
I_{PK-H}	Output current peak-hold value
P	Output active power
S	Output apparent power
PF	Power factor of the output power
CF_{I}	Output current crest factor

5.1.3 Output Setting Display Items

The items displayed in the output setting display area are shown in *Table 5-4*.

Table 5-4 Output Setting Display Items

Item	Description
Freq	Frequency of the output AC voltage
Wave	Waveform of the output AC voltage
ACV	Output AC voltage
DCV	Output DC voltage
Gain	Gain of the external signal
Source	Synchronization signal source

5.1.4 Warning and Error Display

If a warning or error occurs, an error message is displayed in the measured value area and the output display area. For details on error messages, see 8.1.

5.2 Menu Composition

The menu composition of this product is shown in *Figure 5-2*. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu.

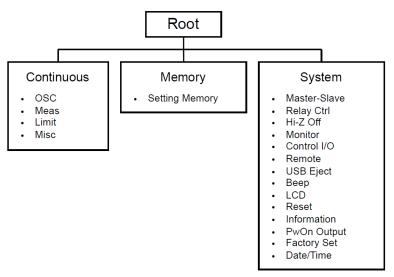


Figure 5-2 Menu Composition

5.2.1 Menus of the Continuous Function

The menus of the Continuous function are shown in *Table 5-5*. You can open each menu by using a soft-key.

Table 5-5 Menus of the Continuous Function

Menu			Description	
OSC	OSC	Range	Switches the output voltage range.	3.5.2
		AC/DC	Switches the AC/DC mode.	3.5.1
		Source	Switches the signal source.	
	On/Off Phs	OnPhs	Makes the on phase settings.	3.5.6
		OffPhs	Makes the off phase settings.	
	Soft Start/Stop	Soft Start	Sets the soft start.	3.5.7
	_	Soft Stop	Sets the soft stop.	
Meas	Rmt Sense	•	Sets the remote sensing function.	4.9
	Туре		Switches the type (effective value, average value, or peak) of the measurement value to display.	3.5.10
	PK-H Clr		Clears the peak-hold value.	3.5.11
	Harmonic		Displays the harmonic current measured values.	4.2
Limit	PK Limiter	+Iop /–Iop	Sets the limit value of the peak current limiter.	4.1.1
		Output Off	You can set whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the peak limiter.	
		Time	Sets the limiter continuous operation time for when the output is turned off.	
	RMS Limiter	Io	Sets the limit value of the RMS current limiter.	4.1.2
		Output Off	You can set whether to make the output off or not upon the triggering of the peak limiter.	
		Time	Sets the limiter continuous operation time for when the output is turned off.	
	Setting Range	V	Sets the setting range limit of the output voltage.	4.1.3
		Freq UP	Sets the setting range limit of the output frequency.	
		Freq Lo		
Misc	Rmt Sense		Sets the remote sensing function.	4.9
	AGC		Sets the AGC function.	4.10
	Aout Cal		Sets the Autocal function.	
	DC Adj		Sets the DC offset adjustment.	4.12

5.2.2 Menus of the Memory Function

The menus of the Memory function are shown in *Table 5-6*. For how to use the Memory function, see 4.5.

Table 5-6 Menus of the Memory Function

Menu	Description
Setting Memory	Saves to, clears, and renames the Basic Setting Memory.

5.2.3 System menu

The System menus are shown in *Table 5-7*.

Table 5-7 System Menus

Menu	Description	Refer to
Output Mode	CV is displayed.	_
Master- Slave	Enables/disables the master/slave functions.	3.4
Relay Cntrl	Enables/disables the output relay to coordinate with the output on/off.	4.18
Hi-Z Off	Enables/disables the high impedance off function.	4.19
Monitor	Makes the Monitor function settings.	4.8
Control I/O	Switches the control by the external control function to Enable/Disable.	4.15
Remote	Makes the communication interface settings.	6.1
USB Eject	Disconnects the USB memory before removing it.	4.6
Beep	Turns the beep sound on or off.	4.22
LCD	Sets the screen color and the contrast.	4.23
Reset	Resets the system.	4.26.1
Information	Displays the system information.	9.4
PwOn Mode	Continuous is displayed.	_
PwON Output	Enables/disables the function to turn on the output at power-on.	4.20
Shut Down	Enables/disables the shutdown function.	4.24
Factory Set	Restores the factory default settings.	4.26.2
Date/Time	Sets the date and time.	4.25

6. Remote Control

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6.1 Communication Interface

This product is provided with the USB, RS232, LAN, and GPIB (option) communication interfaces and is remote-controllable by a computer. The remote control allows almost all the operations available on the control panel to be performed. In addition, it can read the internal state such as setting values and errors. The command language is compliant with the SCPI Specification 1999.0.

Regardless of which communication interface is used, you can create and use a program that uses the Virtual Instrument Software Architecture (VISA) library. If you do not have a license to use VISA library, you need to obtain one (generally, it requires some cost).

For details of the remote control commands and programming, see "Instruction Manual (Remote Control)."

6.1.1 USB

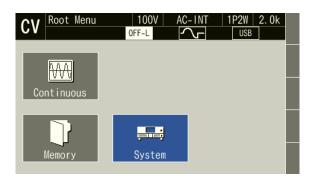
This product is compliant with the USB Test and Measurement Class (USBTMC). Normally, the USBTMC class driver supports the sub class USB488 and can perform almost the same controls as GPIB on USB.

Preparation

The computer used for control needs a USBTMC class driver installed on it. The USBTMC class driver is included in the hardware and software product of each company that provides the VISA library.

■ Operation procedure

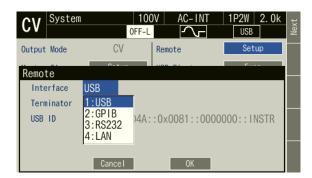
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



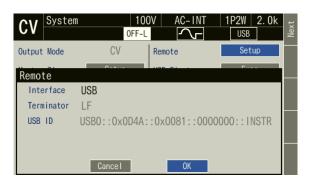
2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



3. In the [Interface] item, select [USB].



4. The window shows [Terminator] and [USB ID]. For the USB ID, see the explanation in the next section. Select [OK] to close the window.



5. Use a commercially available USB cable (Type A to B) to connect this product to the computer. USB connector is available on the rear of this product.

------ Notes -----

- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- It is recommended to use a fully-shielded, short cable.
- The use of USB hub may cause the product not to communicate properly.

■ About USB ID

Used to identify each product from the application when multiple KP2000AS units are connected through USB in the system. The USB ID is represented in the following format.

USB0::[Vendor number]::[Product number]::[Serial number]::INSTR

Vendor number: Fixed to 3402 (0x0D4A)

Product number: Fixed to 129 (0x0081)

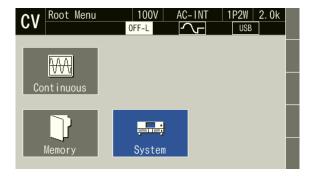
Serial number: A unique number (serial number) has been set for each product.

6.1.2 RS232

For the interface specifications, see 10.24.

■ Operation procedure

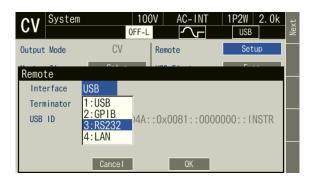
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



3. In the [Interface] item, select [RS232].



4. Set each item. Select [OK] after setting is complete.



5. Use a D-sub 9-pin cross cable to connect this product to the computer. RS-232 connector is available on the rear of this product.

------ Notes -----

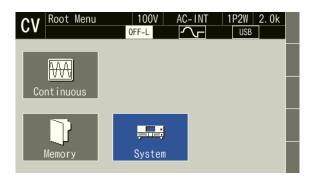
- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
- Binary transmission is not supported.

6.1.3 LAN

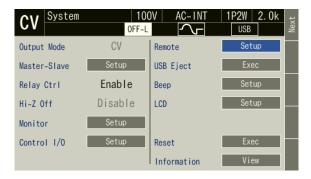
For the interface specifications, see 10.24. For how to set LAN interface, refer to the Instruction Manual (Remote Control).

■ Operation procedure

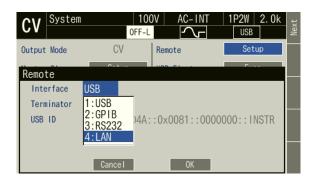
- 1. Connect this product and computer with LAN cable. LAN connector is available on the rear of this product. Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
- 2. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



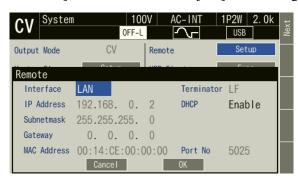
3. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



4. In the [Interface] item, select [LAN].



5. The current [MAC Address], [IP Address], [Subnet mask] and [Gateway] are displayed. To use a static IP address, set the [DHCP] item to [1: Disable]. To not use a static IP address, set the [DHCP] item to [2: Enable]. [Terminator] is fixed to LF. Select [OK] after setting is complete.



MAC Address: Device-specific address (physical address). It cannot be changed. It is 8 bit

delimited, hexadecimal notation.

IP Address: In IP (Internet Protocol), you can check the address (logical address) for

identifying the device. The range from 192.168.0.0 to 192.168.255.255 is a private

IP address that you can freely use in a small local network (Class C).

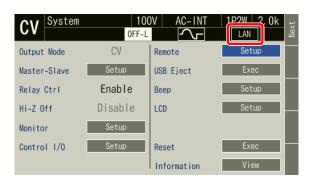
Subnetmask: You can check the mask that separates the upper network address and the lower

host address from the IP address.

Gateway: When accessing an external network, you can check the IP address of the gateway

(repeater) to use implicitly.

6. When not using a static IP address, the remote icon will be blank immediately after switching the interface. When communication becomes possible, the LAN icon is displayed. See the Instruction Manual (Remote Control).



------ Notes -----

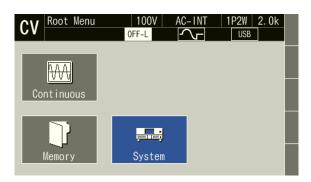
- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.
- Binary transmission is not supported.

6.1.4 **GPIB**

This product is compliant with the GPIB IEEE Standard 488.1-1987. The GPIB-based remote control is available. For the interface specifications, see 10.24.

■ Operation procedure

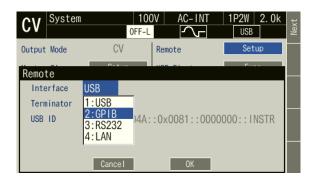
1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The system setting window opens.



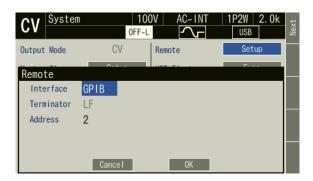
2. Put the cursor on [Setup] next to the [Remote] item, then press the ENTER key. The remote setting window opens.



3. In the [Interface] item, select [GPIB].



4. [Terminator] is fixed to "LF". In the [Address] item, set the address. Select [OK] after setting is complete.



5. Use a GPIB cable to connect this product to the computer. GPIB connector is available on the rear of this product. Turn off this product and the computer before connecting or disconnecting the cable.

------ Notes -----

- Avoid use in a place under electrically noisy environment.
- Before connecting or disconnecting the cable, turn off the power to all devices on the bus.
- When using the GPIB, turn on the power to all devices on the bus.
- Ensure that the total cable length is within 20 meters.
- Ensure that the length of one cable is within 4 meters.
- Do not set the same address as the one used for any other device connected to the same bus. Otherwise, the product cannot communicate properly.

6.2 Remote/Local State Switching

6.2.1 Remote state

In the Remote state, the control panel key operations are not accepted. However, the output off (OUTPUT key) and the switching to the Local state (\bigcirc + \bigcirc) are accepted.

■ Switching to the Remote state

When communication is established after the command is sent from the computer to this product, this product switches to the Remote state.

6.2.2 Local State

Control panel key operations are accepted.

■ Switching to the Local state

The Shortcut operation SHIFT + 0 switches to the state to Local.

7. Options

7.1	System Cable (for Boost-up) 120
7.2	GPIB120
7.3	Rack-Mount Adapter 120
7.4	Replacement Air Filter 130
7.5	Power Cable

7.1 System Cable (for Boost-up)

This cable is used to configure a 1P2W system by connecting two KP2000AS. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. For how to configure a 1P2W system, see 3.4.

Table 7-1 System Cable Model Names

Model name	Product name
PA-001-3879	System Cable (0.5 m)
PA-001-3880	System Cable (1 m)
PA-001-3881	System Cable (2 m)

7.2 GPIB

GPIB interface. This option shall be requested at the time of order. For the remote control by the GPIB, see 6.1.4.

Table 7-2 GPIB Model Name

Model name	Product name
PA-001-3917	GPIB

7.3 Rack-Mount Adapter

The rack-mount adapter is a set of brackets used to mount the product on the EIA or JIS standard compliant rack. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase.

Table 7-3 Rack-Mount Adapter Model Names

Model name	Product name
PA-001-3882	Rack-mount adapter (inch)
PA-001-3883	Rack-mount adapter (mm)

See Figure 7-1, Figure 7-2, Figure 7-3, and Figure 7-4, and then attach the adapter.

When storing the product in a rack, do not use only the rack-mount adapter to hold the main unit in place. Be sure to provide L-shaped brackets or a shelf on the rack side to hold the main unit in place.

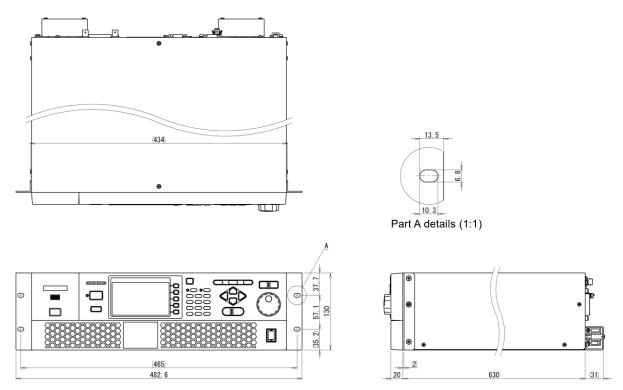


Figure 7-1 Outline Dimensional Drawing (Rack-mount Adapter [inch])

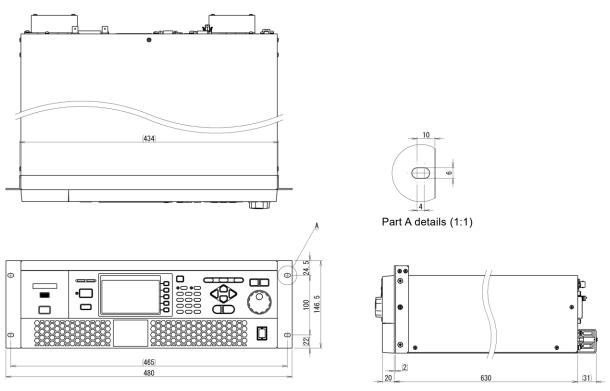


Figure 7-2 Outline Dimensional Drawing (Rack-mount Adapter [mm])

Part No	Name	Qty
1	Rack mount, EIA, L	1
2	Rack mount, EIA, R	1
3	Countersunk machine screw (M4×8)	4

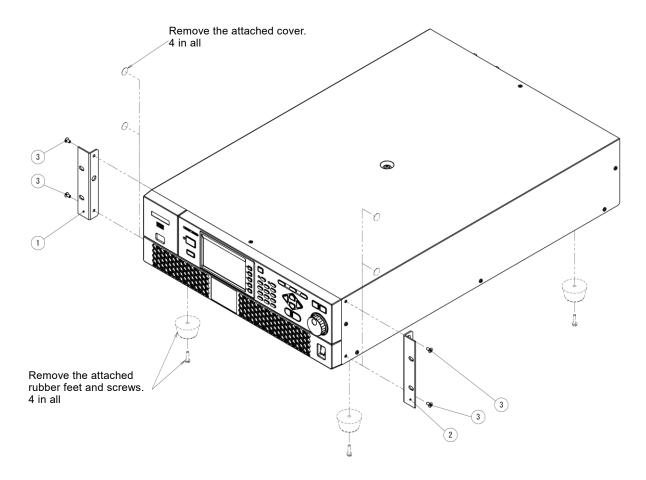


Figure 7-3 Assembly Diagram (Rack-mount Adapter [inch])

Part No	Name	Qty
1	Rack mount, EIA, L	1
2	Rack mount, EIA, R	1
3	Rack-mount JIS spacer	1
4	Countersunk machine screw (M4×8)	4
(5)	Countersunk machine screw (M3×8)	4

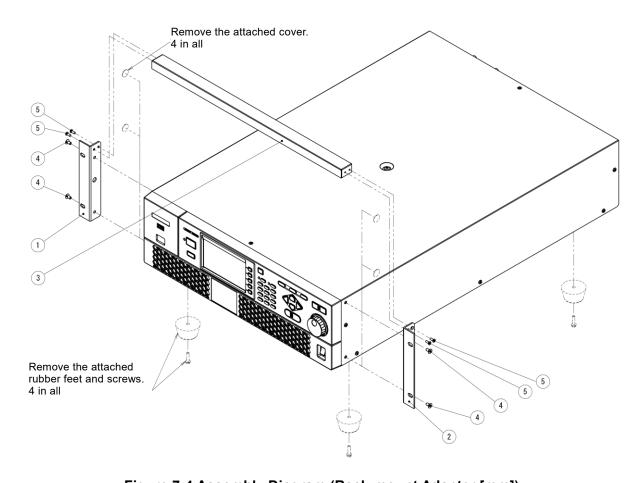


Figure 7-4 Assembly Diagram (Rack-mount Adapter [mm])

7.4 Replacement Air Filter

A set of replacement air filters on the front grill. This option can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase. For how to replace the air filters, see 9.2.

Table 7-4 Replacement Air Filter Model Names

Model name	Product name
PA-001-3884	Replacement air filter

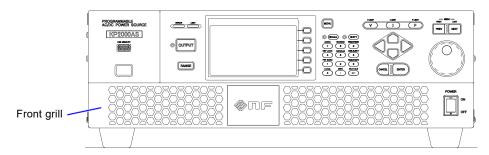


Figure 7-5 Front Grills

7.5 Power Cable

Cables for the power input. It can be requested at the time of order or added after the purchase.

The thickness, which is in accordance with the power input and rated output, is shown in *Table 7-5*. The cable has a crimp-type terminal attached to the end that is to be connected to the input terminal of this product. The length of the cable is 3 m.

- On the power cable, the end which is to be connected to the distribution board has no terminal attached. Use a crimp-type terminal appropriate for the terminal screw diameter of the distribution board to connect the cable firmly.
- The power cable is dedicated only to this product. Do not use it with any other product.

Table 7-5 Power Cable Model Names

Model name	Rated output power	Maximum power consumption	Terminal size	Nominal cross sectional area
PA-001-3885	2.0 kVA	2.65 kVA	M5	14 mm ² approx

8. Troubleshooting

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8.1 Error Messages and Error Handling

8.1.1 Error Message Screen

An error message screen opens as shown in *Figure 8-1*, for example, in case that the protection function is activated. The description of each item is shown in *Table 8-1*.

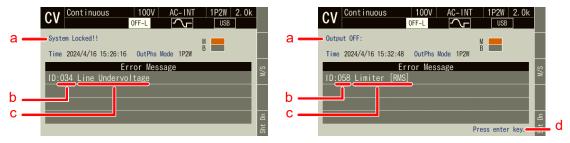


Figure 8-1 Error Message Screen Example

Table 8-1 Description of the Error Message Screen

Symbol	Name	Description	Refer to
a	Protection type	System Locked: System Lock	
	, -	Output OFF: Output off	
b	Error ID	The number to identify an error.	8.1.4
c	Message	Describes the error details.	
d	Press Enter Key	Displayed for an error whose protection type is Output	8.1.2
	View	Off.	

8.1.2 If An Error Message is Displayed

If an error message is displayed, handle it by the following procedure.

■ Handling procedure

- 1. Check on the error content and remove the reason of the error. For each message and its handling method, see 8.1.4.
- 2. When the protection type says System Locked, cycle the power of the product.
- 3. When the protection type says Output OFF, press the ENTER key. The error message disappears.
- 4. Now the product is available.

8.1.3 Protection Operation Types

When the protection function is activated or an error is detected, the product applies one of the following five types of protection operation and error message, according to the error level.

■ System Lock

No operations are accepted on the control panel. The panel says "System Locked." To operate the product again, it is necessary to cycle the power of it.

■ Output Off

The output turns off. The panel says "Output OFF" and "Press Enter Key." When you press the ENTER key, you will return to the previous window for further operations if the cause of the error has been removed. Otherwise, the error message window will be displayed again.

■ Message display only

The output state remains unchanged. The panel shows the error message window. Press the ENTER key to return to the previous screen for further operations.

Limiting action

The output is limited. The panel shows the icon indicating the limiting action, without an error message. In addition, the LIMIT LED illuminates on the front panel. The output turns off after a given period according to the limiter setting. In this case, an error message appears after the output off.

Icon display

The output state remains unchanged. The panel shows an icon instead of an error message. The panel operation is available as usual.

8.1.4 Error Message List

Error messages are listed in *Table 8-2*.

Table 8-2 Error Message List

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
2	Invalid in This Output Mode	Message display only	This output mode does not allow the setting (execution). Change the output mode.
3	Invalid with Output ON	Message display only	The output on state does not allow the setting (execution). Turn the output off, then set (execute).
4	Invalid with Output OFF	Message display only	The output off state does not allow the setting (execution). Turn the output on, then set (execute).
5	Busy	Message display only	The busy state does not allow the setting (execution). Execute after the busy icon disappears.
6	Invalid with Remote Control	Message display only	The remote control state does not allow the setting (execution). Bring the state to local control, then set (execute).
11	Under Error State	Message display only	The protection operating state does not allow the setting (execution). Cancel protection, then set (execute).
13	Auto Cal Disabled	Message display only	The Autocal setting becomes off because of out of the calibration range.
15	AGC Disabled	Message display only	The AGC setting becomes off because of out of the calibration range.
16	Invalid in Sequence Edit	Message display only	Contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased this
17	Invalid in Sequence Control	Message display only	product.
18	Invalid in Simulation Edit	Message display only	
19	Invalid in Simulation Control	Message display only	
20	Invalid	Message display only	The condition cannot be set (executed).
23	Option not Installed	Message display only	Setting (execution) is not allowed because GPIB (option), etc. is not equipped.
24	USB Memory Unconnected	Message display only	No USB memory is connected. Connect a USB memory.
25	USB Memory Removed illegally	Message display only	The USB memory was removed before the eject operation. Perform the eject operation before removing a USB memory.

Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
26	USB Memory Access Error	Message display only	The USB memory has an access error.
27	Too Many Files	Message display only	There are too many files in the USB memory. Each folder can contain 500 files or less.
28	Out of Measurement Range	Message display only	The measurable range has been exceeded.
29	Sync Frequency Unlocked	Message display only	The output cannot be turned on because of not locking to the synchronization frequency.
31	Configure Memory Error	Message display only	The internal memory has an error.
33	Line Overvoltage	System Lock	The power input voltage is excessive. Check if the power input is appropriate.
34	Line Undervoltage	System Lock	The power input voltage is insufficient. Check if the power input is appropriate.
36	Communication Failure Power Unit	System Lock	There is a communication error between the firmware and the power unit. Cycle the power. If it still occurs, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
37	Internal Communication Failure	System Lock	There is an internal communication error. Cycle the power. If it still occurs, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
38	Communication Failure Between Cabinets	System Lock	There is a 1P2W system communication error. Make sure the System Cable is connected properly.
41	Mismatched Firmware Versions	System Lock	In a 1P2W system, the main firmware versions of the units do not match.
42	Mismatched Internal Versions	System Lock	The firmware versions of the internal modules do not match.
43	Mismatched Pair of HW/SW Versions	System Lock	The internal board version and firmware version do not match.
44	Unsupported Power Unit Version	System Lock	A power unit of unsupported version is connected.
45	Mismatched Cabinet Connect	System Lock	In a 1P2W system, the system configuration is out of spec. Check the number of units comprising the 1P2W system and whether any models other than KP2000AS are connected. Furthermore, if there is a unit for which the system cable connection and the master slave setting do not match, the entire 1P2W system cannot start up. Check the master/slave setting of each unit. see 2.5.2, 3.4.2, 3.4.3.
48	Output Overvoltage	Output off	The output voltage is excessive. This may occur at an abrupt change in the output current due to the inductive load.

Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
50	Output Overcurrent [RMS]	Output off	The output current RMS value is excessive on a module in the power unit. This may occur when the output terminal is short-circuited.
51	Output Overcurrent [Peak]	Output off	The output current peak value is excessive.
52	Power Unit DCPS Error	Output off	The DC power supply in the power unit is abnormal.
53	Power Unit DCPS Overvoltage	Output off	The voltage of the DC power supply in the power unit is excessive. This may occur when the power flows back from the load.
54	Power Unit DCPS Undervoltage	Output off	The voltage of the DC power supply in the power unit is insufficient. This may occur when the overload output activated the protection function on the DC power supply.
55	Overheat	Output off	The temperature in the power unit is abnormally high. Check if the ambient temperature is appropriate. Check the filters for clogging. For filter cleaning, see 9.2.
56	Sensing Voltage Error	Output off	The sensing voltage is abnormal. Make sure the cable is properly connected to the voltage sensing terminal.
57	Sync Frequency Error	Output off	The frequency went out of the synchronizable range, and thus the output turned off.
58	Current Limiter [RMS]	Output off	The RMS current limiter was activated, and thus the output was turned off according to the setting.
59	Current Limiter [Peak]	Output off	The peak current limiter was activated, and thus the output was turned off according to the setting.
60	Power Unit Internal Error	Output off	This is a power unit internal error. If it occurs repeatedly, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.
61	↑WAT	Limiting action	The wattage limiter is activated.
62	↑Irms	Limiting action	The RMS current limiter is activated.
63	↑lpk	Limiting action	The peak current limiter is activated. The internal operation differs from that for ID 64.
64	↑lpk	Limiting action	The peak current limiter is activated. The internal operation differs from that for ID 63.

Table 8-2 Error Message List (Continued)

ID	Message	Protection type	Cause or Necessary action
67	Battery Depleted	Message display only	The built-in battery has depleted. Contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased this product.
68	Current Parameters Rounded	Message display only	When the output parameters read from the memory do not match the number of currently connected units, the output parameter are set to the initial values and a message is displayed.
69	Multi-Unit System Connection Updated	Message display only	The 1P2W system connection is detected that is different from the previous one.
70, 71	Uncal	Icon display	The power unit or the system has not been adjusted.
75	Calibration Data Error in Control Unit	Message display only	The adjustment data is abnormal.
76	Property Data Error in Control Unit	Message display only	The property data is abnormal.
77	USB Memory Connected	Message display only	A USB memory was inserted.
78	USB Memory Disconnected	Message display only	The USB memory eject operation was performed, and thus the USB memory can be removed now.
80	Invalid Character	Message display only	An invalid character has been used for the file name of memory.
82	Sequence Compile Error	Message display only	Contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased this
83	Simulation Compile Error	Message display only	product.
84	System Updated Please Reboot	System Lock	The firmware was updated.
88	Auxiliary Power Failure	System Lock	An internal auxiliary power failure was detected.
90	Mismatched System Setting	System Lock	In a 1P2W system, a system setting mismatch has occurred between the units.
91	Shut Down	Shutdown	The shutdown function operated.
99	Output OverPower	Output off	Output overpower protection activated, and the output turned off.
-200	EXECUTION ERROR	Message display only	The panel operation (or remote command) could not be executed.
-	No screen display All LEDs on the panel are lit.	System Lock	There is an internal ROM error.
-	No screen display All LEDs on the panel are lit.	System Lock	There is an internal RAM error.

8.2 When a Failure is Suspected

When a symptom occurs that suspects a failure, take an action according to *Table 8-3*. If it does not solve the problem, contact the seller (NF Corporation or our agent) from whom you purchased the product.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected

Category	Symptom	Possible cause	Necessary Actions
Problem at power	The product does not start	The power is not connected.	Connect the product to the power supply. \rightarrow 2.4
on/off	operating when the power switch	The power supply is out of the rated range.	Use the power supply within the rated range. \rightarrow 2.4
	is turned on.	The internal fuse is blown.	Ask us or our agent for repair.
	The product does not stop immediately when the power switch is turned off.	It is not abnormal. The product automatically stops after the internal voltage decreases to a sufficiently safe level.	Please wait for a moment. It will stop in about ten seconds.
Problem at key	Panel operations cannot be	The key lock is set to on.	Set the key lock to off. $\rightarrow 4.21$
operation	performed.	Keys or dials are deteriorated.	Ask us or our agent for repair.
	Numerical values cannot be entered through the numeric keypad.	In the shift state (the LED beside the SHIFT key LED is lit). Or, in the RECALL state (the LED beside the RECALL key is lit).	Press the SHIFT key to exit from the shift state. Or, press the RECALL key to exit from the RECALL state. →3.3.7
Problem at output setting	At start-up, the previous settings are not kept.	They are not saved in the setting memory No. 1.	At start-up, the settings in the setting memory No. 1 are recalled. $\rightarrow 4.5.3$
	The output voltage range cannot be switched.	The output is on.	Turn the output off before switching the output voltage range. →3.5.2
	The output voltage cannot	The signal source is set to EXT or VCA.	Change the signal source. \rightarrow 3.5.1
	be set.	You are trying to set a value that is out of the setting range.	Check for the voltage setting range limit $(\rightarrow 4.1.3)$.
	The output frequency cannot be set.	The signal source is set to EXT or SYNC.	This value cannot be set when the signal source is EXT and SYNC. Change the signal source. \rightarrow 3.5.1
		You are trying to set a value that is out of the setting range.	Check for the frequency setting range limit $(\rightarrow 4.1.3b)$).

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible cause	Necessary Actions
Problem at output setting	The line synchronization cannot be set.	The signal source is not set to SYNC.	Set the signal source to SYNC and the external synchronization signal source to LINE. →4.16
	The output on state cannot be achieved.	An error message is on- screen.	The output cannot be turned on while there is an error message. If the protection function is activated, remove the cause (→8.1.2). Press the ENTER key to clear the error message. When the message says "System Locked", cycle the power.
Output- related problem	The output voltage does not come up.	The state is the output off (the OUTPUT key LED illuminates)	Press the OUTPUT key to turn the output on.
		The output voltage is set to zero.	Check for the output voltage setting. \rightarrow 3.5.4
		The external signal source is not connected. The external input gain is zero.	When the signal source is EXT, ADD, or VCA, connect the signal source to the external signal input terminal, and set the external input gain appropriately. \rightarrow 4.14, 4.17
	When the external signal is amplified on EXT or ADD, the waveform is distorted and the intended output is not provided.	The output coupling mode is the AC.	In the AC, the waveform may be distorted as the DC component removal function works. Use in the ACDC.
	The measured voltage is different from the setting value.	Unnecessary items are set (for example, the AC voltage setting remains for the DC output).	Check for the setting again. In the ADD mode, check on the external input signal and gain setting as well. →4.17
		The limiter is activated (the limiter icon is displayed).	For a load with lower impedance, the limiter is activated to make the output lower than the setting value. Check on the limiter setting. →4.1
Output- related problem	The measured voltage is different from the setting value.	The waveform is set to CLP (clipped sine wave) and the Type is set to Clip (specified clip ratio mode).	In the specified clip ratio mode, the output voltage setting means a value for the waveform before being clipped. To set a value for the clipped waveform, set the Type to the specified crest factor mode (Type: CF). $\rightarrow 4.4$

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible cause	Necessary Actions
Output-	An error	The protection function	Connect a load within the
related	message is	was activated due to	maximum output range or
problem	displayed.	overload.	decrease the output voltage
			setting.
		Excessive signal level of	When the signal source is EXT or
		the signal generator.	ADD, lower the level of the
			connected signal generator or
			decrease the external input gain.
		The ambient	Decrease the ambient temperature
		temperature is high.	when using the product. The
			maximum current may decrease
			over 40 °C.
		Air filters are clogged.	Clean the air filters by referring to
			9.2.
		Around the front panel	Install the product so as to satisfy
		air inlet or rear panel air	the installation conditions
		outlet, there is something	described in 2.2.
		blocking the air flow.	
Measurement	The measured	The display selection is	Select RMS for AC. Otherwise,
function-	voltage or	not right.	the correct value is not displayed.
related	current is not		
problem	displayed		
	correctly.	Tr. C.1	G (d 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
	The measured	It is out of the	Set the synchronization signal
	value is	synchronization	source frequency to a value within
	displayed as "	frequency measurement display range.	the synchronization frequency
		display range.	measurement display range. \rightarrow 10.12
Measurement	The measured	The signal source is set	In EXT, the measurement cycle is
function-	value fluctuates.	to EXT.	fixed, and thus the difference from
related	varae fractaates.	10 1211.	the external signal cycle may
problem			fluctuate the measured value. On
proorein			the other hand, in the ADD mode,
			the appropriate measurement
			cycle is decided according to the
			internal signal source frequency
			setting. Therefore, if you know the
			frequency of the external signal to
			use, change the signal source to
			ADD, set the internal signal
			source frequency to the external
			signal frequency, and set the
			internal signal source output
			voltage to zero. →4.17
		A low frequency (less	For a frequency lower than 40 Hz,
		than 40 Hz) is set.	the measurement cycle is a fixed
			value and thus the measured value
			may not be stable.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible cause	Necessary Actions
Limiter/setti ng range limitation- related problem	The output current peak- hold value (measured) is larger than the peak current limiter setting	The output current overshoot occurred for the limit value.	While the peak current limiter is activated, the overshoot may occur depending on the load. →4.1.1
Remote sensing problem	The Remote sensing function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect. The waveform setting is incorrect.	The Remote sensing function can be turned on only when corresponds to <i>Table 4-2</i> . →4.9
Problem of AGC function	The AGC function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect. The waveform setting is incorrect.	The AGC function can be set to on in the AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA modes. However, for the AC, it can be set to on only when the waveform is a sine wave. →4.10
		The Autocal function is on.	When the Autocal function is on, the AGC function cannot be used. Turn off the Autocal function. →4.11
Problem of Autocal function	The Autocal function cannot be turned on.	The output mode is incorrect. The waveform setting is incorrect.	The Autocal function can be turned on only when corresponds to <i>Table 4-2</i> . →4.11
		The AGC function is on.	When the AGC function is on, the Autocal function cannot be used. Turn the AGC function off. →4.10
Problem of remote control	See the Instruction	Manual (Remote Control).	
Problem of CONTROL I/O	The product cannot be controlled by the	The external control is disabled.	Enable the external control. $\rightarrow 4.15$
	CONTROL I/O.	The Remote state is set by the communication interface.	The external control is disabled in the Remote state.
Problem of USB memory	Files in the USB memory do not appear on the screen.	USB eject operation was performed.	Perform the USB eject operation (4.6) again just in case, and remove the USB memory. Reconnect the USB memory and make sure the file names are displayed.

Table 8-3 Actions When a Failure is Suspected (Continued)

Category	Symptom	Possible cause	Necessary Actions
Problem of USB memory	Files in the USB memory do not appear on the	One folder contains over 500 files.	Reduce the number of files in a folder to 500 or less.
	screen.	The format is illegal.	Use a FAT32-formatted USB memory.
Problem at driving an inductive load (e.g., transformer)	The current waveform is abnormal (e.g., asymmetrical or excessive) when the transformer is connected as the load and the AC voltage is output.	The output offset voltage (DC component) caused the load transformer core to reach the magnetic saturation.	In the AC, the control function works to eliminate the offset voltage (DC component). When the product is used in the ACDC, switch it to the AC (\rightarrow 3.5.1). If it does not bring much improvement, adjust the DC offset (\rightarrow 4.12).
	The output overvoltage error occurs for an inductive load (e.g., transformer).	An abrupt change in the output current generated a back electromotive force.	When the output is off or the peak current limiter is activated, the load current may change abruptly, which generates a back electromotive force to cause the output overvoltage error. To avoid the abrupt current change, reduce the setting value of the peak current limiter sufficiently for a smaller output current, or conversely set it to a sufficiently large value to disable the limiter to be activated, or sufficiently reduce the amplitude before turning off the output. →4.1.1
Memory function- related problem	The memory cannot be recalled.	The output is on.	The output on state does not allow the recall. Turn the output off.
Problem of 1P2W system	The 1P2W system is not recognized at	The System Cable is not connected properly.	Check the System Cable connection for any disconnected connector, and so on. →2.5.2
	start-up.	The master/slave setting is not set properly.	If there is a unit for which the system cable connection and the master slave setting do not match, the entire multi-unit system cannot start up. Check the master/slave setting of each unit. →3.4.2, 3.4.3
		Different models are connected.	If a model any other KP2000AS is in the 1P2W system configuration, the entire 1P2W system cannot start up.

9. Maintenance

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9.1 Preface

This chapter describes the following.

- daily maintenance
- cautions and storing for nonuse over a long period
- cautions and repackaging for transportation.
- checking firmware version

For the simple operation check, see 2.6.

9.2 Daily Maintenance

The product shall be installed in a location that satisfies the installation conditions (see 2.2).

■ When the panel or case is dirty

Wipe it with a soft cloth. If the dirt is heavy, wipe it with a cloth wrung out with diluted neutral detergent solution.

- ⚠ CAUTION -

• Do not use solvents (thinners, benzine, etc.) or wipes. Otherwise, the surface may be altered or the coatings may be peeled off.

When the front grill air filters are dirty

A front grill is provided with air filters for removing dust or dirt from the intake air. Clogged air filters deteriorate the ventilation, resulting in excessive high temperature inside the product. This may activate the overheat protection, affecting the operation, or damage the internal parts, resulting in failure. Regularly check the air filters for dirt, about once a month. If air filters are found dirty, rinse with water to remove the dirt, dry completely, then remount them. You can optionally request additional air filters for replacement (see 7.4).

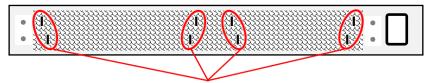
- Do not install the product in a place with a large amount of extremely fine dust (e.g., powders). The air filters may not fully work.
- Do not install the product in a damp place prone to dew. The air filters are more likely to be clogged.

↑ WARNING

• Before removing the air filters and the front grill, be sure to cut the power to the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

The air filters can be removed by the steps described below. In order to remount them later, check on the top and bottom of the front grill and the mounting position of the air filters as you remove them.

- 1. The front grill is fixed to the chassis at one point each on the left and right. Hold it at the left and right sides, and pull it out toward you to remove it.
- 2. Remove the air filter from the back of the front grill. Be careful with the small claws on the front grill that hold the air filters.



Be careful of the protrusions on which the air filter is hooked.

- 3. Rinse the removed air filters with water to remove dirt and clog. Dry them completely.
- 4. Remount them in reverse order of steps 1 to 2.

∕ WARNING

• While removing the air filters and the front grill, do not supply the power from the distribution board. Otherwise, an electric shock might occur.

9.3 Repacking and transportation

This product shall be stored in a location that satisfies the installation conditions (see 2.2).

- Storage when unused for a long time
 - Remove the power cable from the distribution board and the product.
 - Store the product in a place with no falling object or dust. If it may be covered with dust, put the cover, such as cloth and polyethylene sheet, on it.
 - Avoid a place exposed to rapid temperature change or direct sunlight. Store it under a normal temperature environment wherever possible. For the storage condition, see 10.28.

■ Repackaging and transportation

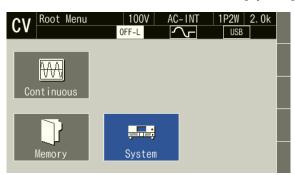
Follow the instructions below when repackaging the product due to transfer or repair.

- In order for the main unit to be sufficiently protected from impact during transportation, pack it with a shock absorber such as AirCap.
- When requesting transportation, instruct the carrier that this product is a precision equipment.
- Be sure to include the instruction manual at transportation.

9.4 Product Information Display

The model name, firmware version, and other information about this product are displayed.

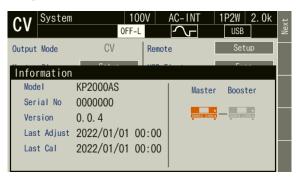
- Operation procedure for checking from the system menu
 - 1. Press the MENU key to move to the root menu, and then select [System]. The System menu opens.



2. Put the cursor on [View] next to the [Information] item, then press the ENTER key.



3. The Information window opens. The firmware version is shown at the [Version] item.



Note: This is a screenshot with firmware version 0.0.4.

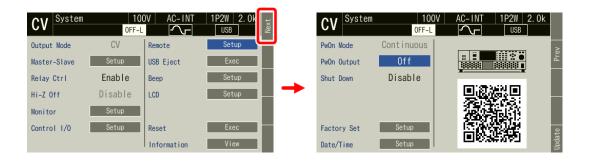
Operation procedures by using shortcuts

SHIFT + • Open the information window

Press the SHIFT key to enter the shift state (the SHIFT LED illuminates). When you press the "•" key in the numeric keypad in the shift state, the information window opens.

■ 2D barcode

A 2D barcode is displayed on the second page of the System menu. The information in the 2D barcode consists of our company name, model name, manufacturing number, device information, firmware version, date last adjusted by NF Corporation, and date last calibrated by NF Corporation.



10. Specifications

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Specifications are valid under the following settings and conditions and after a warm-up period of 30 minutes at least, unless otherwise noted.

Load: Resistive load, power factor = 1.

Signal source: INT (internal signal source).

Output voltage waveform: sine.

Remote sensing: off. AGC/Autocal: off.

Limiter: factory default setting.

[set] indicates a setting value, [rdg] indicates a read value, [rng] indicates a maximum value, and [FS] indicates a full scale value.

The description noted with "/" indicates that the specification changes by the output range, such as "100 V (20 A) range specification / 200 V (10 A) range specification."

A value with the accuracy is the guaranteed value of the specification. However, an accuracy noted as reference value shows the supplemental data for reference when the product is used, and is not under the guarantee. A value without the accuracy is the nominal value or representative value (shown as typ.).

10.1 Output Function

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Output function	Continuous		

10.2 Output Range

	Single-unit	1P2W system
Output range	100 V range, 200 V range	

10.3 AC/DC Mode

	Single-unit	1P2W system
AC/DC mode	AC, ACDC, DC	

	Description	
AC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are AC-coupled, and the DC component is canceled.	
	Only the AC output setting of 40 Hz to 550 Hz is available.	
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT, VCA, SYNC, EXT, and ADD.	
	When the waveform superimposed with DC is amplified using EXT and ADD (using external signal sources), it may not be an intended output because the DC component is canceled. In this case, select the ACDC.	
ACDC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled, and the DC component is also amplified.	
	The AC and DC output settings of 1 Hz to 550 Hz are available.	
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT, SYNC, EXT, and ADD.	
	Select this mode when you want to amplify a signal including DC, to superimpose DC (DC offset), or output a frequency of 40 Hz or lower. Also select this mode when the DC component temporally occurs, for example, by sudden change of voltage or phase.	
DC	The signal source and amplification section of this product are DC-coupled.	
	Only the DC setting is available.	
	The signal sources that can be combined are INT and VCA.	

10.4 Signal Source

	Single-unit	1P2W system
Signal source	INT, VCA, SYNC, EXT, ADD	

	Description		
INT	Uses the internal signal source.		
	Sets the output voltage, output waveform, frequency, output on phase, and output off phase by using the panel or the external interface such as USB.		
VCA	Uses the internal signal source.		
	Controls the output voltage setting of the internal signal source with the DC signal which is input to the external input terminal. The output voltage setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output voltage setting are same as INT.		
	Cannot be selected in the ACDC.		
SYNC	Uses the internal signal source.		
	Synchronizes the frequency of the internal signal source with the signal (EXT) from the external synchronization signal input terminal (also used as the external input terminal) or the power supply input frequency (LINE) of the product. The frequency setting cannot be set from external interfaces such as the panel or USB. All conditions except for output frequency setting are same as INT.		
	Cannot be selected in the DC.		
EXT	Uses the external signal source.		
	Amplifies the signal from the external input terminal by the specified gain (variable), and outputs it.		
	Cannot be selected in the DC.		
ADD	Uses both the internal and external signal sources.		
	Amplifies the signal from the external input terminal by the specified gain like EXT, and adds the internal signal source component to it.		
	Cannot be selected in the DC.		

10.5 Constant Voltage Output

10.5.1 AC Voltage Output

[V]=Vrms, [A]=Arms, unless otherwise noted.

		Single-unit	1P2W system	
Output phase		1P2W		
configurati	on	Floating output, the Lo terminal can be	grounded.	
Rated outp	ut voltage	100 V / 200 V		
Voltage Range 1		0.0 V to 175.0 V / 0.0 V to 350.0 V (AC)		
range	Range 2	0.0 V to 160.0 V / 0.0 V to 320.0 V (AC	CDC)	
Setting	g resolution	0.1 V		
Voltage acc	curacy *1	± (0.3 % of set + 0.3 V / 0.6 V)		
Maximum current *2		20 A / 10 A	40 A / 20 A	
Maximum peak		Peak value (Apk) which is 4 times of	Peak value (Apk) which is 3.5 times of	
current *3		the maximum current	the maximum current	
Power capacity		2 kVA	4 kVA	
Load power	er factor	0 to 1 (Phase lead or phase lag, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, external power injection or		
_		regeneration are not available.)		
Voltage frequency		45 Hz to 65 Hz : within ±0.3 %		
characteris	naracteristic *4 40 Hz to 550 Hz : within ±0.5 %			
Distortion *5 40 Hz to 550 Hz : 0.3 % or less				
Output waveform		sine wave, clipped sine wave (3 types)		
DC offset	*6	Within ±20 mV (typ., fine adjustment available.)		

^{*1:} In the case of 10 V to 175 V / 20 V to 350 V, sine wave, no load, 45 Hz to 65 Hz, DC voltage setting 0 V, 23 °C±5 °C.

This specification is the accuracy for the voltage settings of the system master.

- *2: If the output voltage is higher than the rated value, this is limited (lowered) to satisfy the power capacity. If there is the DC superimposition, the RMS current of AC+DC satisfies the maximum current. In the case of 40 Hz or lower, and that the ambient temperature is 40 °C or higher, the maximum current may decrease.
- *3: For the capacitor input type rectified load, the rated output voltage, and 45 Hz to 65 Hz.
- *4: For sine wave, the rated output voltage, the resistance load for the maximum current, and 55 Hz reference.
- *5: 80 % or higher of the rated output voltage, the maximum current or lower, AC and ACDC, THD. In the 1P3W system and the 3P4W system, this specification is the value for the phase voltage.
- *6: In the case of the AC and 23 $^{\circ}$ C±5 $^{\circ}$ C.

10.5.2 DC Voltage Output

[V	=Vdc,	[A]	=Adc.	, unless ot	herwise	noted.	The p	olari	ty is	relat	ive	to t	the I	Lo termi	nal.
----	-------	-----	-------	-------------	---------	--------	-------	-------	-------	-------	-----	------	-------	----------	------

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Output phase	1P2W		
configuration	Floating output, the Lo terminal can be	grounded.	
Rated output voltage	100 V / 200 V		
Voltage setting range	-227.0 V to +227.0 V / -454.0 V to +4	54.0 V	
Setting resolution	0.1 V		
Voltage accuracy *7	$\pm (0.05\% \text{ of set} + 0.1 \text{ V} / 0.2 \text{ V})$		
Maximum current *8	20 A / 10 A	40 A / 20 A	
Maximum instantaneous source current *9	Peak value (Apk) which is 4 times of the maximum source current	Peak value (Apk) which is 3.5 times of the maximum source current	
Power capacity	2 kW	4 kW	

^{*7:} In the case of -227 V to -10 V, +10 V to +227 V / -454 V to -20 V, +20 V to +454 V, no load, AC setting 0 V, and 23 °C±5 °C.

10.6 Output Frequency

		Single-unit	1P2W system
Frequency		40.00 Hz to 550 Hz (AC)	
set	ting range	1.00 Hz to 550 Hz (ACDC)	
	Setting resolution	0.01 Hz (set < 100 Hz)	
		$0.1 \text{ Hz (set } \leq 550 \text{ Hz)}$	
Fre	equency accuracy	±0.01 % of set (23 °C±5 °C)	
Fre	equency stability *10	±0.005 %	

^{*10:} This is the specification at rated output voltage, no load, and the resistance load for the maximum current. Furthermore, this is a specification for the 45 Hz to 65 Hz, operating temperature.

10.7 Output On and Off Phase

	Single-unit, 1P2W system
Output on phase setting range *11	0.0° to 359.9° variable
Setting resolution	0.1°
Output off phase setting range *12	0.0° to 359.9° variable (Enable / Disable selectable)
Setting resolution	0.1°

^{*11:} It cannot be set to a value other than 0.0° if soft start is set to Enable.

^{*8:} If the output voltage is higher than the rated value, this is limited (lowered) to satisfy the power capacity. If there is the AC superimposition, the RMS current of DC+AC satisfies the maximum current. In the case that the ambient temperature is 40 °C or higher, the maximum source current may decrease.

^{*9:} Instantaneous = within 2 ms, at the rated output voltage.

^{*12:} It cannot be selected Enable if soft stop is set to Enable.

10.8 Soft Start and Soft Stop

		Single-unit	1P2W system	
Soft start Setting time: 0 s to 30 s (Enable / Disable selectable)			ole selectable)	
	*13 *14	Enable: Gradual increase in output when output is switched on.		
Soft stop		Setting time: 0 s to 30 s (Enable / Disable selectable)		
	*13 *15	Enable: Gradual decrease in output who	en output is switched off.	

- *13: When EXT, VCA, or ADD is selected as signal source, or when AGC or Autocal setting is on, or when high impedance output off function setting is enabled, these settings cannot be selected Enable.
- *14: It cannot be selected Enable, when the set value of the output on phase is set to a value other than 0.0°.
- *15: It cannot be selected Enable, when the output off phase setting is Enable.

10.9 Output Stability

	Single-unit	1P2W system
Fluctuation with		
input voltage	Within ±0.1 % (typ.)	
*16		
Fluctuation with	DC, 10 Hz to 100 Hz	
output current	Within $\pm 0.1 \text{ V} / \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$	
*17	100.1 Hz to 550 Hz	
	Within ±0.3 V / ±0.6 V	
Fluctuation with		
ambient temperature	Within ± 0.01 %/°C (typ.)	
*18		

- *16: For power input 90 V to 250 V, power input 200 V reference, and for the resistance load at the maximum current, the rated output voltage, DC or 45 Hz to 65 Hz. Transition state immediately after a change of the input power-supply voltage is not included.
- *17: In the case that the output current is changed from 0 % to 100 % of the maximum current. For output voltage 50 V to 160 V/100 V to 320 V, no load reference. However, if the output voltage is higher than the rated value, the maximum current is limited to satisfy the power capacity. When the output frequency is between 10 and 40 Hz, the peak output current is within the maximum current.
- *18: For power input 200 V, DC or 45 Hz to 65 Hz, no load, and rated output voltage.

10.10 Power Input

	Single-unit
Voltage	100 V to 230 V \pm 10 %, with limited to 250 V or lower,
	Overvoltage Category II
Frequency	50 Hz ±2 Hz or 60 Hz ±2 Hz
Phase	Single-phase
Power factor *19	0.95 or higher (typ.)
Efficiency *19	80 % or higher (typ.)
Maximum power	2.65 kVA or lower
consumption	

^{*19:} In the case of AC- INT, the rated output voltage, the resistance load at the maximum current, 45 Hz to 65 Hz output.

10.11 Withstand Voltage and Insulation Resistance

Power input - Output/Chassis and Power input/Chassis - Output

_	
	Single-unit
Withstand voltage	AC 1500 V or DC 2130 V, 1 minute.
Insulation resistance	$30 \text{ M}\Omega$ or higher (DC 500 V)

10.12 Measurement Function

All accuracy of the measurement function is indicated for 23 °C±5 °C.

Voltage *20

		Single-unit	1P2W system		
Effective value	Full scale	250.0 V / 500.0 V			
(rms)	Resolution	0.1 V			
	Accuracy	DC, 40 Hz to 550 Hz			
		\pm (0.3 % of rdg + 0.5 V / 1.0 V	7)		
DC average	Full scale	±250.0 V / ±500.0 V			
value (avg)	Resolution	Resolution 0.1 V			
	Accuracy	DC			
		$\pm (0.3\% \text{ of rdg} + 0.5 \text{ V} / 1.0)$	V)		
Peak value (pk)	Full scale	±250.0 V / ±500.0 V			
(each of	Resolution	0.1 V			
max and min) Accuracy DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz					
	*21	$\pm (2\% \text{ of rdg} + 1 \text{ V} / 2 \text{ V})$			

^{*20:} The accuracy values are in the case that the output voltage is within voltage setting range.

^{*21:} The accuracy of the peak value is for a waveform of DC or sine wave.

Current *22

		Single-unit	1P2W system			
Effective	Full scale	24 A / 12 A	48 A / 24 A			
value	Resolution	0.01 A				
(rms)	Accuracy	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz: \pm (0.3 % of rdg	+ 0.3 % of FS)			
		40 Hz to 550 Hz: \pm (0.6 % of rdg	` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` ` `			
DC	Full scale	±24 A / ±12 A	±48 A / ±24 A			
average	Resolution	0.01 A				
value	Accuracy	DC: $\pm (0.3\% \text{ of } rdg + 0.3\% \text{ of } FS)$				
(avg)		DC. ± (0.5 /0 01 ldg + 0.5 /0 01 l'S)			
Peak	Full scale	±96 A / ±48 A	±192 A / ±96 A			
value (pk)	Resolution	$0.01 \text{ A (rdg < 100 A)}, \ \ 0.1 \text{ A (rdg < 1000 A)}$				
(each of max and min)	Accuracy (Reference Value) *23	DC, 45 Hz to 65 Hz: ± (2 % of rdg + 0.3 % of FS)				
	Hold	Holds the maximum values of max and min with the polarity (with the clear function)				

^{*22:} The accuracy values are in the case that the output current is 5 % to 100 % of the maximum current.

Power *24 *25

		Single-unit	1P2W system			
Active	Full scale	±2.4 kW	±4.8 kW			
(W)	Resolution	1 W				
	Accuracy *26	45 Hz to 65 Hz: ± (0.3 % of rdg + 0.3 % of FS)				
Apparent	Full scale	3.0 kVA	6.0 kW			
(VA) *27	Resolution	1 VA				

^{*24:} All in the case of sine wave, 50 V or higher output voltage, and that the output current is 10 % or higher of the maximum current.

Load power factor, Load crest factor

		Single-unit	1P2W system
Power factor	Measuremen t range	-1.00 to +1.00	
*28	Resolution	0.01	
Crest factor	Measuremen t range	0.00 to 50.00	
	Resolution	0.01	

^{*28:} The power factor is not displayed in the DC.

Synchronization frequency (only SYNC)

	Single-unit	1P2W system
Display range	38.0 Hz to 550.0 Hz	
Resolution	0.1 Hz	
Accuracy	40 Hz to 550 Hz: ±0.2 Hz	

^{*23:} The accuracy of the peak value is for a waveform of DC or sine wave.

^{*25:} The apparent powers are not displayed in the DC.

^{*26:} The accuracy of the active power is for the load with the power factor 0.5 or higher.

^{*27:} The accuracy of apparent power is a composite of the accuracy of voltage and current.

Harmonic analysis (AC-INT) *29

		Single-unit 1P2W system		
Measurement object		Output current, Output voltage, Sensing output voltage		
Measuremen	t item	Effective value, Percentage of t	he effective value relative to the	
		fundamental.		
Frequency ra	C	40 Hz to 550 Hz		
(fundamenta	l wave)	40 112 to 330 112	40 HZ 10 330 HZ	
Measurement range *30		Up to 1st to 50th order of the fundamental wave.		
Full scale	Current	24 A / 12 A	48 A / 24 A	
Voltage		250.0 V / 500.0 V		
Resolution Current		0.01 A		
	Voltage 0.1 V			
	Percentage	e 0.1 %		

^{*29:} The measurement does not conform to the IEC or other standard.

10.13 Current Limiter

This controls the output voltage for the output current to be within the limiter setting value when the peak value or RMS exceeds it. The output can be configured to be turned off when the limited state continues over the specified time.

If a configuration change is made that changes the setting range, the limiter setpoint is reset to the largest absolute value.

Peak current limiter

		Single-unit	1P2W system	
Positive	Setting Range	+10.0 A to +84.0 A	+20.0 A to +168.0 A	
current	(Peak value)	/ +5.0 A to +42.0 A	/ +10.0 A to +84.0 A	
	Factory default	+84.0 A / +42.0 A	_	
Negative	Setting Range	−84.0 A to −10.0 A	-168.0 A to -20.0 A	
current	(Peak value)	/ -42.0 A to -5.0 A	/ −84.0 A to −10.0 A	
	Factory default	-84.0 A / -42.0 A	_	
Resolution	on	0.1 A (set < 100 A), 1 A (set < 1000 A)		
Limiter of	operation	Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off		
		when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution		
		1 s).		
Fac		Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.		

RMS current limiter

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Setting range	1.0 A to 21.0 A	2.0 A to 42.0 A	
(effective value)	/ 1.0 A to 10.5 A	/ 2.0 A to 21.0 A	
Factory default	21.0 A / 10.5 A	_	
Resolution	0.1 A		

^{*30:} The maximum frequency that can be analyzed is 5000 Hz. The upper limit of the analysis order depends on the frequency of the fundamental wave.

Limiter operation	Select whether to recover automatically (continuous) or turn the output off
	when the limited state continues over the specified time (1 s to 10 s, resolution
	1 s).
	Factory default setting is output OFF when the limit state continues for 10 s.

10.14 Setting Range Limit Function

This is the limit function for the setting of the internal signal source. It works when the signal source is INT, VCA (frequency setting limit only), SYNC (voltage setting limit only), or ADD (internal signal source only). It does not also work for the external signal source of EXT and ADD.

10.14.1 Voltage Setting Limit Function

Output voltage setting limit function.

Voltage setting limit 1

(in the AC, and sine wave or clipped sine wave is selected)

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Phase voltage setting range (effective value)	0.1 V to 175.0 V / 0.1 V to 350.0 V		
Factory default	175.0 V / 350.0 V		
Resolution	0.1 V		
	_	Line voltage setting: 0.2 V	

Voltage setting limit 2 (other than Voltage setting limit 1) *31

		Single-unit	1P2W system
Positive voltage Setting Range (Peak value) +0.1 V t		+0.1 V to +227.0 V / +0.1 V to +454	1.0 V
	Factory default	Fault +227.0 V / +454.0 V	
Negative voltage	Setting Range (Peak value)	-227.0 V to -0.1 V / -454.0 V to -0.1 V	
	Factory default	t -227.0 V / -454.0 V	
Resolution		0.1 V	

^{*31:} The limitation is applied to the additional values of the AC voltage setting (recalculated to a peak value) and the DC voltage setting.

10.14.2 Frequency Setting Limit Function

Frequency setting limit (the lower limit ≤ the upper limit)

		Single-unit	1P2W system
Upper limit	Setting Range	40.00 Hz to 550.0 Hz (AC)	
		1.00 Hz to 550.0 Hz (ACDC)	
	Factory default	550.0 Hz (AC, ACDC)	
Lower limit	Setting Range	40.00 Hz to 550.0 Hz (AC)	
		1.00 Hz to 550.0 Hz (ACDC)	
	Factory default	40 Hz (AC)	
		1 Hz (ACDC)	
Resolution		0.01 Hz (set < 100 Hz), 0.1 Hz (set	set ≤ 550 Hz)

10.15 Remote Sensing

This switches the voltage used for measurement. When the remote sensing is on, the V sensing terminal voltage is used. When it is off, the output terminal voltage is used.

By combining with AGC or Autocal, a voltage drop due to wiring to the load can be compensated. When the remote sensing is on, the output voltage detection point corrected by the AGC or Autocal function is switched to the V sensing terminal. When AGC or Autocal is off, only the detection voltage used for measurement display is switched.

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC.

	Measurement	AGC/Autocal	
voltage, power, power factor		Off	On
On	Use the V sensing terminal voltage	Not active	Active
Off	Use the output terminal voltage	Not active (factory default)	Active

10.16 AGC

When the AGC (Automatic Gain Control) is on, the detection point voltage is always measured, and the output voltage is continuously corrected so that its effective value is equal to the output voltage setting value. The fluctuation of the detection point voltage can be suppressed even when the load is fluctuated. The detection point can be switched between the V sensing terminal (remote sensing on) and the output terminal (remote sensing off).

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. It cannot be selected when the Autocal is set to on.

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Response time	Within 100 ms (typ.)		
	(DC/50 Hz/60 Hz, at the rated output volt	age)	
Operation range	The output voltage setting is 8 V or higher		
Calibration	Within ±10 % (difference between the output voltage and measured value)		
range	The output voltage should be within the allowed voltage setting range of the product.		
Accuracy	Within ±0.5 V / ±1.0 V		
	(in the case of DC or 40 Hz to 550 Hz, 50 V or higher output voltage, resistance		
	load, the output current is the maximum current or less)		

10.17 Autocal (Output Voltage Compensation)

When the Autocal (Automatic Calibration) is on, the detection point voltage is always measured, and the output voltage is continuously corrected so that its effective value is equal to the output voltage setting value. The ratio (correction factor) of the detection point voltage to the output voltage setting value is used until the Autocal or the power is turned off. Therefore, the detection point voltage is not necessarily maintained if the load changes while the Autocal is on. The detection point can be switched between the V sensing terminal (remote sensing on) and the output terminal (remote sensing off).

Unlike the AGC, it cannot follow a load fluctuation because it does not keep track of the voltage. On the other hand, when the load is stable, it has a merit of short response time on changing the output voltage setting.

Effective only for AC-INT, AC-VCA, AC-SYNC, DC-INT, and DC-VCA and when the waveform is sine wave or DC. It is turned off when the Sequence or Simulation is selected.

It cannot be selected when the AGC is set to on.

	Single-unit	1P2W system
Restriction when on	The output voltage setting is 8 V or high	her
Calibration range *32	Within ± 10 % (difference between the output voltage and measured value) The output voltage should be within the allowed voltage setting range of the product.	
Accuracy *32	Within ± 0.5 V / ± 1.0 V (in the case of DC or 40 Hz to 550 Hz, 50 V or higher output voltage, resistance load, the output current is the maximum current or less)	

^{*32:} The values of the calibration range and accuracy are the ones at the time when the Autocal is turned on.

10.18 Clipped Sine Wave

The peak clipped sine wave can be output, based on the crest factor (CF) setting or the percent setting to the peak value.

		Single-unit	1P2W system	
Number of memories		3 (non-volatile)		
CF	Variable range	1.10 to 1.41		
*33	Factory default	1.41		
	Setting resolution	0.01		
	Effective value correction	Yes		
Clip ratio	Variable range	40.0 % to 100.0 %		
*34	Factory default	100.0 %		
	Setting resolution 0.1 %			
	Effective value correction	None		

^{*33:} The crest factor is represented as "voltage peak value/voltage effective value." It is 1.41 for sine wave.

Example) For the output voltage setting of 100 Vrms and the clip rate of 80 %, the peak is clipped at 113.1 Vpk.

10.19 External Signal Input

The external signal input works differently depending on the selection of the signal source.

10.19.1 Voltage Setting Signal Input (Signal Source VCA only)

This is the signal to set the output voltage amplitude of the internal signal source (DC input).

Output voltage (Vpk) = Voltage setting signal (Vdc) \times Gain (Vpk/Vdc)

Example 1) For the AC/DC mode = AC, signal source = VCA, the gain of 100.0, and the voltage setting signal input of 1 Vdc, the output voltage is 100 Vpk.

Example 2) For the AC/DC mode = AC, signal source = VCA, the gain of 141.4, and the voltage setting signal input of 1 Vdc, the output voltage is 141.4 Vpk (=100 Vrms).

		Single-unit	1P2W system	Factory default	
Gain setting range		100 V range: 0.0 to 227.0 times		100	
		200 V range: 0.0 to 454.0 times		200	
I I	tting solution	0.1			
Gain accuracy *35		±5 %			
Input terminal		BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)			
		Also used as the external synchronization signal input			
Input impedance		1 ΜΩ			
Input voltage		±2.2 V (A/D resolution 10 bit)			
range					
Nondestructive					
maximum input voltage		±10 V			

^{*35:} DC or 45 Hz to 550 Hz, the gain is the factory default, no load, and the rated output voltage.

^{*34:} When the clip ratio is specified, the peak is clipped by the voltage corresponding to the specified % to the peak value of the setting voltage (100 %).

10.19.2 External Signal Input (only EXT and ADD)

This multiplies the input signal by the specified gain and outputs it. For ADD, the internal signal source is added.

Not available for the polyphase system.

EXT: Output voltage (V) = External signal input $(V) \times$ Gain (V/V)ADD: Output voltage (V) = External signal input $(V) \times$ Gain (V/V)+ Internal signal source setting (V)

	Single-unit	1P2W system	Factory default	
Setting Range for gain	100 V range: 0.0 to 227.0 times		100	
	200 V range: 0.0 to 454.0 times		200	
Setting resolution	0.1			
Gain accuracy *36	±5 %			
Input-output phase	In-phase			
Input terminal	BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)			
	Also used as the external synchronization signal input			
Input impedance	$1 \text{ M}\Omega$			
Input voltage range	±2.2 V (A/D resolution 12 bit)			
Nondestructive	±10 V			
maximum input voltage	±10 V			
Input frequency range	DC to 550 Hz			

^{*36:} DC or 45 Hz to 550 Hz, the gain is the factory default, no load, and the rated output voltage.

10.19.3 External Synchronous Signal Input (Signal Source SYNC only)

This is the signal to synchronize the frequency of the internal signal source with the one of the external signal source.

When the signal source is SYNC, you can select whether to synchronize with this external signal input or the power input frequency of the product. When synchronizing with the power input frequency, no signal input is needed.

	Single-unit	1P2W system	Factory default
Synchronization signal source switch	External synchronization signal (EXT)		LINE
	or Power input (LINE)		
Synchronization frequency range	40 Hz to 550 Hz		
Input terminal	BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)		
Input impedance	1 ΜΩ		
Threshold of input voltage	Low: 0.8 V or less, High: 2.6 V or more, chassis potential		
Minimum pulse width	300 μs		
Nondestructive maximum input voltage	±10 V		

10.20 General Function

		Description	Factory default
LCD display setting	Brightness	0 to 99	50
Веер	*37		
(key operation	and	On or Off	On
erroneous oper	ation,	Alarms on abnormal situation regardless of the setting	Oli
limiter operation	on)		
Key lock	*37	On or Off	Off
		On: Only key lock-off and output-off are available	OII
High impedance	ce output off	Setting high impedance output off function	
	*37 *38 *39		
		Enable: The output is switched off in a high impedance	Disable
		state.	
		Disable: The output is switched off after the	
		output voltage is set to 0 V.	
Output relay co		Setting output relay operation.	
	*37 *39	(Enable can only be set when the high-impedance output	
		off function is disabled.)	
			Enable
		Enable: The output relay is used to turn the output on/off	
		Disable: The output relay is not used. High impedance to	
		turn the output off	
Output setting		On or Off	Off
at power-on On: Output on after power-on			
Reset function	Reset function Resets the items stored in the System Setting Memory (excluding		
	external interface setting and external control setting) and the items that		
		are to be reset at power-on, to the factory default settings.	
Date and time	Date and time setting Year (4 digits), month, day (also for leap years),		
		hour (24-hour system), minute, second	

^{*37:} In the 1P2W system, booster is linked to the system master.

If the high impedance output off function is disabled, the output voltage is set to 0 V before the output is switched off, thereby suppressing voltage surges when the output is switched off.

*39: See table below.

		Output relay control	
		Enable	Disable
		(on-off operation)	(always on)
High impedance output off	Enable	Impossible	Possible
	Disable (Output off after 0 V)	Possible	Possible

^{*38:} When the high impedance output off function is enabled, the output is switched off in a high impedance state, so that the output can be switched off without discharging the electric charge of the capacitors or batteries connected to the output terminals.

10.21 Memory Function

You can save basic settings (AC/DC mode, signal source, output range, AC setting, DC setting, current limiter, setting range limit, etc.) in the non-volatile Basic Setting Memory of No.1 to No.30, and recall them to use when the output is off. The No.1 setting is restored at power-on. The No.0 setting includes the setting items for the factory default.

The external control, display, and other settings are saved in non-volatile System Setting Memory when they are changed by the panel operation or remote command.

The clipped sine wave is saved in their own non-volatile memories.

The RECALL key and numeric keypad can be used to directly recall the basic setting memory from No. 0 to No. 9.

Items in the Basic Setting Memory *40

	Factory default
Number of connected units *41	1 unit
Output range	100 V range
AC/DC mode	AC
Signal source	INT
External synchronization signal (LINE or EXT)	LINE
AC voltage setting	0 V
Frequency	50 Hz
Output waveform	Sine wave
Output on phase	0.0°
Output off phase	Enable, 0.0°
Soft start and soft stop	Disable
DC voltage setting	0 V
Current limiter	See 10.13
Setting range limit	See 10.14
External input gain	100 / 200

^{*40:} Some items do not exist depending on the AC/DC mode or signal source.

Items in the System Setting Memory

	Factory default
Master-slave	Disable
Output function	Continuous
DC offset setting	0 mV
Measurement unit selection	rms
Remote sensing	Off
AGC	Off
General function	See 10.20
Waveform monitor output target	Current (L1 phase)
External interface	USB
External control	Disable
Clipped sine wave	See 10.18
SHUT DOWN input	Disable

^{*41:} If there is a discrepancy between the number of connected units stored and the actual number of connected units, the items relating to the number of connected units are reconciled.

10.22 Self-diagnosis/Protection Function

At power-on	Description
ROM check	Checks the internal ROM.
RAM check	Checks the internal RAM.
Basic Setting Memory check	Checks the Basic Setting Memory.
System Setting Memory check	Checks the System Setting Memory.
Waveform Memory check	Checks the Waveform Memory.
Adjustment value memory check	Checks the adjustment data memory.
Version check	Checks the version of the internal software.
System configuration check	Checks the 1P2W system.

While energizing	Description	
Abnormal output	Turns off the panel display and output when an output overvoltage or overcurrent is detected.	
Power unit error	Turns off the panel display and output when a power unit error is detected.	
Internal control error	Turns off the panel display and output when an internal communication or other error is detected. Also stops all the operations excluding power-off.	

10.23 CONTROL I/O

When you enabled the external control from the menu, you can control this product by using the external signal (or non-voltage contact). The state output is always on. The detection and state switching are done at 10 ms-cycle or less. If the Remote state is achieved by the external interface, a control input is ignored.

Only the system master can use this function when configuring a 1P2W system. Booster cannot be used.

Item	Description
Disable	Disable the control input of the CONTROL I/O. The status output signal is output.
Enable	Enable the CONTROL I/O.

Item		Item	Description
Control	External	control input	Enable or Disable
input	Input leve	el	Low: 0.8 V or less, High: 2.6 V or more
			chassis potential
	Nondestr	uctive maximum input	+10 V / -5 V
	Input impedance		Pull-up to +5 V via 47 kΩ
	Control	Output Off	Falling Off
		Output On	Falling On
		Memory recall *42	Falling Recall
		Memory specification 1	Specify 0 to 3 *43
		Memory specification 2	(Equivalent to memory 1 to 4, respectively)
		Clear the current peak-hold value	Falling Clear

^{*42:} The memory recall input of the control input recalls the setting memory.

^{*43:} The memory specification is shown in the table below.

	Memory No.			
	1	2	3	4
Specify	0	1	2	3
Memory specification 1	Low	High	Low	High
Memory specification 2	Low	Low	High	High

(Continued)

		Item	Description Factory default	
State	Output l	evel	Low: 0.4 V or less, High: 2.7 V or more	
output			chassis potential	
	Output i	mpedance	$220~\Omega$	
	Polarity	*/	4 Positive or Negative Negative	
	Status	Power On/Off	Low: Off, High: On	
		Output On/Off*	Low: On, High: Off (Negative)	
			Low: Off, High: On (Positive)	
		Protection operation*	Low: Active, High: None (Negative)	
	_		Low: None, High: Active (Positive)	
		Limiter operation*	ation* Low: Active, High: None (Negative)	
			Low: None, High: Active (Positive)	
		AGC/Autocal setting state*	Low: Off, High: On (Positive) Low: Busy, High: Ready (Negative)	
		Software busy*		
			Low: Ready, High: Busy (Positive)	
		Output range	Low: 200 V, High: 100 V	
Terminal	al D-sub 25-pin multi-connector (rear panel, female, M2.6 screw)			

^{*44:} Polarity reverse (collective) is available only for the state with *.

10.24 External Interface

This is the interface to control the product from an external computer. The USB, RS232, and LAN interfaces are provided by default.

The command language is compliant with the SCPI Specification Version 1999.0. (Factory default is USB). It is not possible to use several interfaces at the same time.

USB interface (USB2.0, Type B) *45

Item	Description
Device class	USBTMC-USB488 subclass
ID	Already assigned for each device
Terminator	"LF"
Signal rate	Full-Speed USB

^{*45:} The use of USB hub may cause a communication failure. It is recommended to use a fully-shielded, short cable.

RS232 interface *46 *47

Item	Description or Selection Factory default	
Terminal	D-sub 9-pin (male, UNC #4-40 screw)	
Baud rate	9600 / 19200	9600 bps
Terminator	"CR" "LF" / "CR" / "LF"	"CR" "LF"
Parity	None/Odd/Even	None
Stop bit	1/2	1 bit
Data bit	7 / 8	8 bit
Flow control	None/Hardware/Software	None

^{*46:} Binary transmission is not supported.

LAN interface (IEEE802.3) *48

Item	Description or Selection Factory default	
Terminal	RJ-45 modular jack	
Transmission method	Ethernet (100BASE-TX / 10BASE-T)	
Communication protocol	SCPI-RAW	
Terminator	"LF"	
IP address setting	Auto, Fixed	Auto

^{*48:} Binary transmission is not supported.

GPIB interface (Option, IEEE488.1 std 1987, IEEE std. 488.2-1992)

Item	Description or Selection Factory default
Address	0 to 30 2
Terminator	"LF"
Interface function	SH1, AH1, T6, L4, SR1, RL1, PP0, DC1, DT0, C0

10.25 USB Memory Interface

Commercial USB memory sticks can be used.

	Description	
Available memory *49	USB 2.0-compliant product	
Connector	USB-A (front panel)	
Format	FAT32	
Signal rate	Full-Speed USB (12 Mbps maximum)	
Writable/readable contents	Basic Setting Memory	
File operation	Create dedicated directory, rename, delete, load, and save	
2-byte characters (Japanese, etc.) are not supported.		

^{*49:} We do not guarantee that all USB memories can be operational with this product.

^{*47:} Use a cross cable.

10.26 Waveform Monitor Output

This can monitor the waveform of the output voltage or current. (only one terminal)

Only the system master can use this function when configuring a 1P2W system.

Only the system master and phase master can use this function when configuring a 1P3W system or 3P4W system.

	Single-unit	1P2W system	
Monitored	Output voltage or output current (switched)		
Accuracy *50	±5 %		
Output terminal	BNC connector (rear panel, unbalanced)		
Output impedance	600 Ω		
Voltage gain (V/V)	$\frac{1}{200} / \frac{1}{400}$		
Current gain (V/A)	$\frac{1}{50} / \frac{1}{25}$	When selecting own unit $ \frac{1}{50} / \frac{1}{25} $ $ 1P2W \text{ system} $ $ \frac{1}{100} / \frac{1}{50} $	

^{*50:} No load on the monitor output, the rated output voltage, the resistance load at the maximum current.

10.27 SHUT DOWN Input

An external signal (or no-voltage contact) forcibly switches off the output to stop operation. Either Enable or Disable can be selected by the setting. The operation is stopped when the input is high, and normal operation is performed when the input is low. To recover after SHUT DOWN, restart the power supply.

		Single-unit	1P2W system		
Input terminal		Spring type terminal			
		AWG 24 to 16			
Input level		Low: 0.8 V or less, High: 2.6 V or more			
		chassis potential			
Nondestructive maximum input		+10 V / -5 V			
Input impedance		Dull up to 15 V vio 5 lcO			
		Pull-up to +5 V via 5 kΩ			
Input signal	*51	Low or High (operation stops on high).			
		Enable or Disable selectable.			

^{*51:} In the 1P2W system, booster is linked to the system master. The input terminals of the booster are disabled.

10.28 Operation Environment

	Single-unit
Operation Environment	Indoor, Pollution Degree 2
Altitude	2000 m or lower
Operating temperature/	0 °C to +50 °C, 5 % to 85 %RH
humidity	The absolute humidity should be 1 to 25 g/m ³ , without dew condensation.
-	On some specifications, the temperature range limit is stricter.
Storage temperature/	-10 °C to +60 °C, 5 % to 95 %RH
humidity	The absolute humidity should be 1 to 29 g/m ³ , without dew condensation.

Figure 10-1 shows the ranges of the ambient temperature and the humidity.

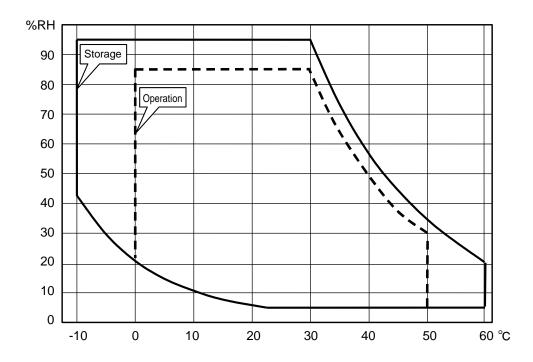


Figure 10-1 Range of Ambient Temperature/Humidity

10.29 Externals, Mass, and Terminal Block

	Single-unit
Dimensions (W×H×D) (Excluding projections)	430×130×650 mm
Mass	20 kg approx.
Power input terminal (rear)	M5 screw
Output terminal (rear)	M5 screw
V sensing terminal (rear)	Spring type terminal AWG 24 to 16

10.30 Option

Option name	Description	Remarks
System Cable PA-001-3879 (0.5 m) PA-001-3880 (1 m) PA-001-3881 (2 m)	Allows you to configure the boost-up by using multiple units.	On order and after purchase
GPIB PA-001-3917	This product can be controlled by GPIB.	On order
Rack-Mount Adapter EIA (inch) PA-001-3882 JIS (mm) PA-001-3883	The rack-mount adapter is a set of brackets used to mount the product on the EIA or JIS standard compliant rack.	On order and after purchase
Replacement Air Filter PA-001-3884	Replacement air filter.	On order and after purchase
Power Cable (Approx. 3 m) PA-001-3885	Cables for the power input.	On order and after purchase

10.31 Outline Dimensional Drawing

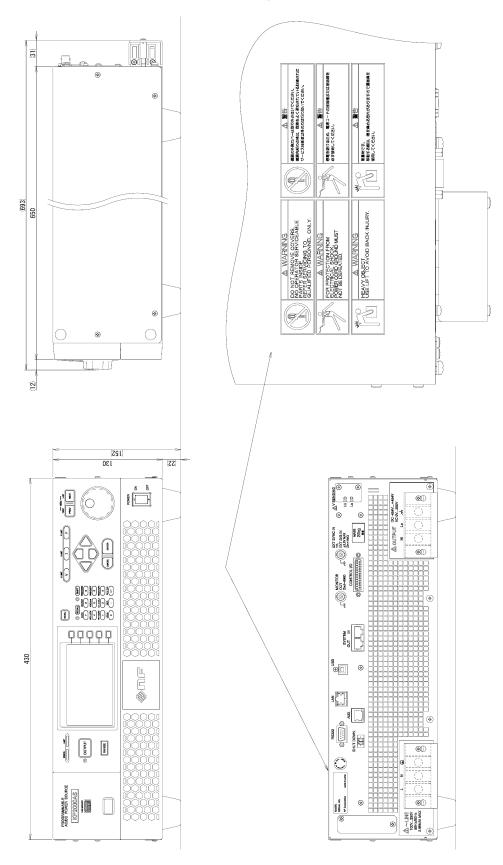


Figure 10-2 KP2000AS

WARRANTY -

NF Corporation certifies that this product was thoroughly tested and inspected and found to meet its published specifications when it was shipped from our factory. In the unlikely event that you experience an issue during use, please contact our company or agency of our company from which you purchased the product.

All NF products are warranted against defects in materials and workmanship for a period of one year from the date of shipment. During the warranty period, NF will repair the defective product without any charge for the parts and labor.

For repair service under warranty, the product must be returned to either NF or an agent designated by NF. The Purchaser shall prepay all shipping cost, duties and taxes for the product to NF from another country, and NF shall pay shipping charges to return the product to the purchaser.

This warranty shall not apply when corresponding to following particulars.

- A) Failure caused by improper handling or use of the product in a manner that does not conform with the provisions of the Instruction Manual.
- B) Failure or damage caused by transport, dropping, or other handling of the product after purchase.
- C) Failure caused by repair, adjustment, or modification of the product by a company, organization, or individual not approved by NF.
- D) Failure caused by abnormal voltage or the influence of equipment connected to this product.
- E) Failure caused by the influence of supply parts from the customer.
- F) Failure caused by such as corrosion that originate in the use of causticity gas, organic solvent, and chemical.
- G) Failure caused by the insect or small animal that invaded from the outside.
- H) Failure or damage caused by fire, earthquakes, flood damage, lightning, war, or other uncontrollable accident.
- I) Failure caused by the reason that was not able to be foreseen by the science and technology level when shipped from our company.
- J) Replacement and replenishment of consumables such as batteries.

NF Corporation

WABUN: (DA00104171)

If there are any misplaced or missing pages, we will replace the manual. Contact the sales representative.

NOTES

- Reproduction of the contents of this manual is forbidden by applicable laws.
- The contents of this manual may be revised without notice.
- Information provided in this manual is intended to be accurate and reliable. However, we assume no responsibility for any damage regarding the contents of this manual.
- We assume no responsibility for influences resulting from the operations in this manual.

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Programmable AC/DC Power Source
KP2000AS
Instruction Manual

NF Corporation

6-3-20, Tsunashima Higashi, Kohoku-ku, Yokohama 223-8508 JAPAN Phone +81-45-545-8111 Fax +81-45-545-8191

