

# High Speed Bipolar Amplifier HSA42051/HSA42052

**DC - 500 kHz**

**300 V<sub>p-p</sub>**

**2.83 A<sub>p-p</sub>**



HSA42051

**5.66 A<sub>p-p</sub>**



HSA42052

**Stable output with both capacitive and inductive loads**

Piezoelectric  
element

Coil

Magnetic  
material

Mobile Phone

Automotive

Motor

- Frequency range : DC to 500 kHz   ■ Slew rate : 450 V/μs   ■ Output Voltage : 300 V<sub>p-p</sub>
- Output Current : 2.83 A<sub>p-p</sub> (HSA42051)   5.66 A<sub>p-p</sub> (HSA42052)
- Four-quadrant operation   ■ Low output impedance
- Gain setting   ● Output polarity switching   ● Output DC offset voltage adjustment
- Output DC bias voltage setting   ● Output DC offset canceling   ● Protection function



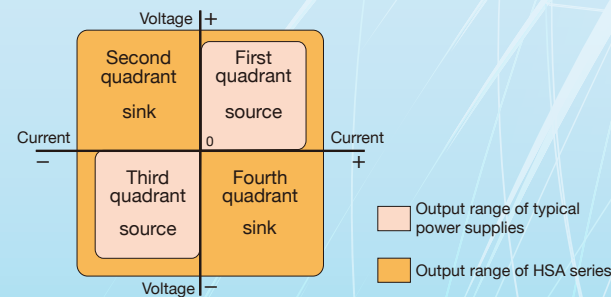
## High Speed, Broad Bandwidth, High Voltage Output

In the test of electronic components and devices such as piezoelectric elements and coils, it can stably drive the DUT that cannot be driven by other amplifiers. Used in advanced research fields such as medical and MEMS.

### Stable output under various load conditions

#### ■ Four-quadrant operation

The operation range of the HSA series is four quadrants as shown in the figure below. Current sources and sinks regardless of positive or negative output voltage.



#### ■ Stable output with both capacitive and inductive loads

When an AC voltage is applied to a load including capacitors and coils, current returns from the load. In this case, a typical AC power supply or amplifier may not be able to drive the load. The HSA series operates in the sink state in which the directions of voltage and current are opposite due to the 4-quadrant output function. Therefore, not only a capacitive load such as a piezoelectric element but also an inductive load such as a solenoid can both be driven stably.

#### ■ Fast response, wide frequency bandwidth from DC to 500 kHz

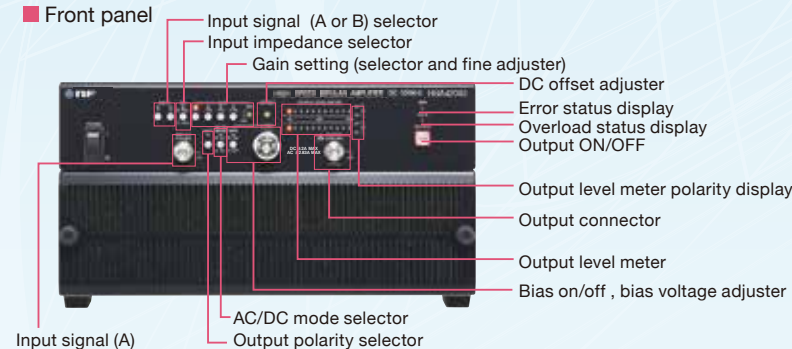
High speed and high slew rate reproduce transient and repetitive operation with sharp step response. HSA series outputs AC and DC. Therefore, it is possible to output positive/negative asymmetric signals or signals in which AC is superimposed on DC.

#### ■ Low output impedance

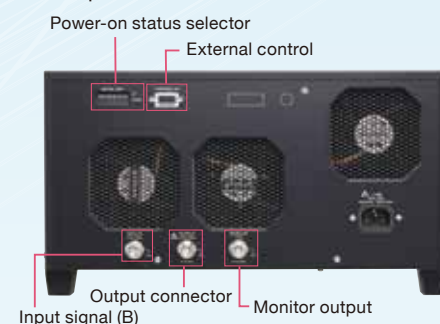
Due to the output impedance of the power supply, the rise time of a capacitive or inductive load is delayed. The HSA series maintains a low output impedance over the entire frequency band, suppresses voltage drop due to load, and operates at high speed.

### HSA42052

#### ■ Front panel



#### ■ Rear panel



### Convenient functions for various purposes

#### ● Gain setting

Set seamlessly by combining selectable fixed gain  $\times 1, \times 20, \times 40, \times 100$  and variable gain  $\times 1$  to  $\times 3$  (fine adjustment potentiometer). With a gain  $\times 1$  setting, it is used as a buffer amplifier that outputs at the same voltage as the external signal generator setting (when input impedance:  $10\text{ k}\Omega$ ).

#### ● Output polarity switching

With the [INVT] switch on front panel, an amplification can be selected which the input and output phases are in the same or opposite polarity. BTL connection by two HSA units with output polarity set to opposite, the output voltage and power are doubled. BTL: Balanced Transformer Less

#### ● Output DC offset voltage adjustment

Adjust the output DC offset voltage to zero volts.

#### ● Output DC bias voltage setting

Superimpose a DC bias voltage (up to  $\pm 150\text{ V}$ ) on the output voltage. (Setting by 10-turn potentiometer)

#### ● Output DC offset cancellation function

When set to AC mode, the DC offset is automatically removed and only AC voltage is output. This function is effective when a transformer or coil is magnetically saturated due to the DC component of the applied voltage.

#### ● Protection function

This instrument is equipped with protection functions against overload, overvoltage, internal error, internal temperature error, and cooling fan failure.

#### ● Others

- External control input/output
- Output voltage monitor
- Output on/off control
- Power-on status setting



### Coils and Transformers

### Magnetic powder core Ferrite core

Researchers in magnetic materials are developing new materials to achieve rare-earth-free materials. Powder magnetic cores have good magnetic properties in the frequency band of  $1\text{ kHz}$  or higher, and their production yields are good, so they are being applied to various parts. The HSA42051/HSA42052 have an output DC offset cancellation function that suppresses magnetic saturation, and with a maximum output of  $300\text{ Vp-p}$ , it is suitable for testing and measuring power inductors.



### Mobile Phone

### Touch Panel

### Verification of device malfunction due to external noise

Mobile devices such as mobile phones may malfunction due to common mode noise or noise from the AC adapter. The malfunction is verified by conducting a test that superimposes the AC voltage on the DC voltage. With the output DC bias setting and wide frequency response, it is also possible to test with a sine wave superimposed on the DC voltage.



### Piezoelectric element

### Actuator Transformer

Piezoelectric elements are also being used in new fields such as haptics and underwater communication, and fine displacement control and high power output are required. The HSA42051/HSA42052 have low output impedance, high speed, good step response, and maximum output of  $300\text{ Vp-p}$  ( $600\text{ Vp-p}$  with BTL connection), supporting device evaluation in new fields.



### Vehicle Electrical Components

### Battery charger

### High voltage of EV power supplies

The shifting to electric vehicles worldwide had made EV development more active. Vehicle power supply tends to be higher in voltage, and vehicle electrical components are also required to have power fluctuation at a higher voltage. In some cases, a high-speed bipolar power supply is required for high-frequency voltage fluctuation tests.

### Moreover...

### Capacitor

Multilayer ceramic capacitors (MLCCs), which are becoming smaller in size and larger in capacity, have a capacitance that depends on frequency and voltage. The impedance frequency response can be evaluated by applying a voltage while sweeping the frequency.

### Motor

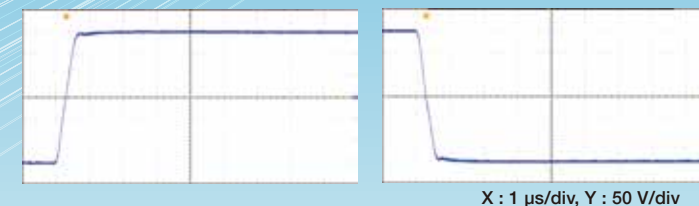
In an ultrasonic motor, it can be driven by changing the frequency, phase, and amplitude in combination with a signal generator.

### Advanced research

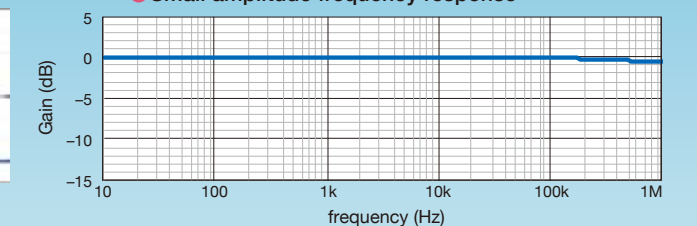
It can be used as an experimental drive amplifier in medical devices, nanotechnology and MEMS.

### Performance data HSA42052

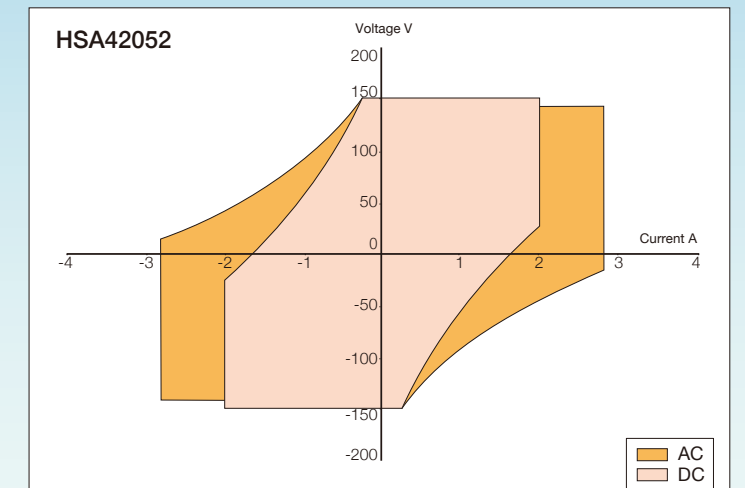
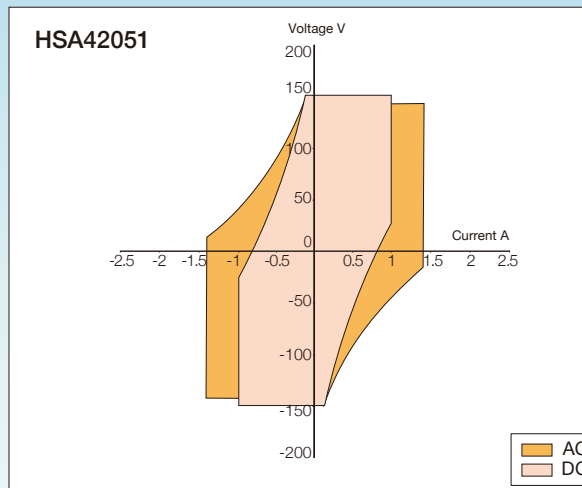
#### ● Step Response ( $300\text{ Vp-p}$ , rated Load $50\text{ }\Omega$ )



#### ● Small amplitude frequency response



### Output voltage/current range





## Specifications

### Settings and Conditions

· 30 minute warm-up · Waveform : sine wave · Polarity : In-phase · DC mode · Gain Setting : ×100 (CAL)  
· Load (PF 1, nominal value) : 100 Ω (HSA42051) , 50 Ω (HSA42052) · Input Impedance : 50 Ω

The following values with accuracy represents warranted performance, values without accuracy are not warranted, they are typical values(typ.) or reference values. Reference values are only supplementary data to use for reference, they do not guarantee performance.

#### Input

Input type	Input A, Input B or addition of input A and input B (When two inputs are on, the maximum input voltage is within ±10 V in total)
Input impedance	50 Ω±5%, 10 kΩ±5% switchable (Unbalanced, switch between two inputs A and B at once)
Maximum input voltage	±10 V
Non-destructive input voltage	±11 V
Input terminals	BNC connector Input A : Front panel, Input B : Rear panel Lo side is connected to the chassis.

#### Output

Output mode	Constant Voltage (CV)
AC/DC mode	DC or AC
Output polarity	In-phase or reversed phase (switchable with switch on front panel)
Gain setting function	Fixed : ×1, ×20, ×40, ×100 Variable: ×1(CAL) to ×3 consecutive Gain Setting is (Fixed)×(Variable).
Gain error	±5% (Fixed Gain : ×1, ×20, ×40, and ×100, Variable Gain: CAL, Input voltage 0.1Vrms or more, at 400 Hz)
Maximum output voltage	
DC mode	Load of Resistance 100 Ω <sup>*1</sup> 100 Vrms (40 Hz to 200 kHz) 40 Vrms (20 Hz to 500 kHz) Load of Resistance 150 Ω <sup>*2</sup> ±150 V (DC to 50 kHz) ±140 V (50 kHz to 200 kHz) ±55 V (200 kHz to 500 kHz)
AC mode	Load of Resistance 100 Ω <sup>*1</sup> 100 Vrms (40 Hz to 200 kHz) 40 Vrms (20 Hz to 500 kHz) Load of Resistance 150 Ω <sup>*2</sup> ±150 V (10 Hz to 50 kHz) ±140 V (50 kHz to 200 kHz) ±55 V (200 kHz to 500 kHz)
Maximum current (AC)	<b>HSA42051</b> : 1Arms, 2.83Ap-p(40Hz to 200kHz) <b>HSA42052</b> : 2Arms, 5.66Ap-p(40Hz to 200kHz)
Maximum current (DC)	<b>HSA42051</b> : ±1 A <b>HSA42052</b> : ±2 A
Low amplitude frequency response	
DC mode	DC to 100 kHz : -0.3 dB to +0.3 dB 100 kHz to 300 kHz : -1 dB to +0.5 dB 300 kHz to 500 kHz : -3 dB to +0.5 dB (Output Amplitude 20 Vrms, reference 400 Hz)
AC mode	10 Hz to 100 kHz : -0.3 dB to +0.3 dB 100 kHz to 300 kHz : -1 dB to +0.5 dB 300 kHz to 500 kHz : -3 dB to +0.5 dB (Output Amplitude 20 Vrms, reference 400 Hz)
Slew rate	450 V/μs or above
Output DC offset <sup>*3</sup>	
DC mode	Adjustment Range : ±1 V or above (Input Terminal Short circuit)
AC mode	Adjustment Range : ±1 mV or above
Output DC bias	±150 V or above on/off with switch on front panel
Harmonic distortion factor	0.1% or less (40 Hz to 1 kHz, output 80 Vrms) 0.5% or less (1 kHz to 20 kHz, output 80 Vrms)
Spurious	-46 dBc or less (20 kHz to 50 kHz, output 80 Vrms) -30 dBc or less (50 kHz to 500 kHz, output 30 Vrms)
Output noise <sup>*3</sup>	(7.2+0.16×G) mVrms or less (G=1 to 3) (1+0.4×G) mVrms or less (G=20 to 300) (Input terminal short circuit, bandwidth 10 Hz to 1 MHz)
Output impedance <sup>*4</sup>	<b>HSA42051</b> : [0.19+0.016·√f (1+j)] Ω or less (typ.) <b>HSA42052</b> : [0.19+0.0084·√f (1+j)] Ω or less (typ.)
Output terminals	BNC connector Number of terminals: 2 (One each on the front and rear panels) Lo side is connect to chassis. Terminals on front panel and rear panel are connected in parallel.

<sup>\*1</sup> 50Ω for HSA42052 <sup>\*2</sup> 75Ω for HSA42052

<sup>\*3</sup> G means gain. <sup>\*4</sup> f means frequency, unit is Hz.

#### Output voltage monitor

Monitor ratio	1/100 of output voltage (1 V / 100 V), same polarity as output voltage
Monitor accuracy	±5.0% (DC to 500 kHz) (Error between output voltage and monitor output conversion voltage, load impedance 1 MΩ)
Output impedance	50 Ω±5%
Output terminal	BNC connector (rear panel)

#### Output level LED meter

Display item	Output voltage and Output current Level display from 0% to 100% with 11 LEDs.
Detection method	Average value detection (AC+DC). Calibrated with sine wave.
Full scale (100%)	<b>HSA42051</b> : Voltage : 150 V Current : 1 A <b>HSA42052</b> : Voltage : 150 V Current : 2 A

#### Protection function

Overload	By detecting excessive output current or excessive internal power loss, the output current is clipped and the front panel overload LED lights up. Output turns off if the overload condition continues for 10 seconds or longer.
Output overvoltage	Output turns off when an error is detected.
Internal power supply error	The internal power error LED on the front panel flashes when an error is detected. Then output off.
Internal temperature error	The front panel overload LED lights up when an error is detected. Output turns off if the temperature error continues for 10 seconds or longer.
Cooling fan error	Output turns off when an error is detected.

#### External control input/output

Control item	Output on/off
Control input valid/invalid	Setting with the DIP switch on the rear panel
Input level	Hi : +4.0 V or more Lo : +1.0 V or less
Non-destructive input	+6 V/-5 V
Input type	Photocoupler LED input (series resistance 150 Ω)
Signal detection cycle	50 ms
Output type	Open collector output
Range of voltage and current	15 V or less, 10 mA or less
Status item	Output on/off (output on is short-circuited), Overload (output overload is short-circuited)
State update cycle	10 ms
Terminals	D-sub 9-pin multi connector (rear panel)

#### Output on/off control

Output on/off	Controlled by front panel switch or external control input (When the external control input is valid, only output off is valid for front panel operation)
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#### Power-on status setting

Setting method	The DIP switch on the rear panel
Setting items (9 items)	Output (on/off), Gain, External control (on/off), Output polarity, input A (on/off), input B (on/off), Input impedance (50Ω/10kΩ), DC bias (on/off) AC/DC mode (AC/DC)

#### General Information

Power input	AC100 V to 230 V±10% (Maximum voltage 250 V), Overvoltage category II 50 Hz ±2 Hz or 60 Hz ±2 Hz (Single-phase), Power consumption (Maximum) 1050 VA Power factor 0.95 or more (AC 100V, 50Hz)
Consumption Power	<b>HSA42051</b> : 580 VA or more <b>HSA42052</b> : 1050 VA or more
Withstanding voltage*	AC1500 V
Insulation resistance*	10 MΩ or higher (DC 500 V)
Operating environment	Indoor use, Pollution degree 2
Guaranteed performance	+5°C to +35°C 5% RH to 85% RH, (Absolute humidity 1 to 25 g/m³, no condensation)
Storage conditions	-10°C to +50°C 5% RH to 85% RH, (Absolute humidity 1 to 29 g/m³, no condensation)
Dimensions (W×H×D) mm	<b>HSA42051</b> : 290(W)×132.5(H)×450(D) mm <b>HSA42052</b> : 350(W)×177(H)×450(D) mm
Weight (approx.)	<b>HSA42051</b> : 11kg <b>HSA42052</b> : 16kg

\*Between power input vs. others and chassis in total

#### High Speed Bipolar Amplifier lineup

Model name	Frequency characteristics	Output voltage	Output current	Slew rate
<b>HSA42011</b>	DC to 1 MHz	150 Vp-p	3 Ap-p	475 V/μs
<b>HSA42012</b>	DC to 1 MHz	150 Vp-p	6 Ap-p	475 V/μs
<b>HSA42014</b>	DC to 1 MHz	150 Vp-p	12 Ap-p	475 V/μs
<b>HSA42051</b>	DC to 500 kHz	300 Vp-p	2.83 Ap-p	450 V/μs
<b>HSA42052</b>	DC to 500 kHz	300 Vp-p	5.66 Ap-p	450 V/μs
<b>BA4825</b>	DC to 2 MHz	300 Vp-p	0.5 Arms	500 V/μs

\*Note: The contents of this catalog are current as of June 23th, 2023.

Product appearance and specifications are subject to change without notice.

Before purchase, contact us to confirm the latest specifications, price and delivery date.

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