

## Examples of Measurement and Analysis

Measurement objects		Sweep parameters				Measurement parameters	Analysis and calculation
		Frequency	DC bias	AC amplitude	Time		
Piezoelectric material		<input type="radio"/>	—	—	<input type="radio"/>	Admittance (Y [S]), phase ( $\theta$ [deg]), Conductance (G [S]), susceptance (B [S])	Characteristic frequency, piezoelectric parameter
Dielectric material		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—	<input type="radio"/>	Parallel capacitance (Cp [F]), parallel resistance (Rp [ $\Omega$ ])	Dielectric permittivity ( $\epsilon_s, \epsilon_s', \epsilon_s''$ ), dissipation factor ( $\tan \delta$ )
Magnetic material		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—	<input type="radio"/>	Series self-inductance (Ls [H]), series resistance (Rs [ $\Omega$ ])	Magnetic permittivity ( $\mu_s, \mu_s', \mu_s''$ ), dissipation factor ( $\tan \delta$ )
Inductor		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Series self-inductance (Ls [H]), parallel self-inductance (Lp [H]), series resistance (Rs [ $\Omega$ ]), parallel resistance (Rp [ $\Omega$ ]), phase ( $\theta$ [deg]), quality factor (Q)	Equivalent circuit estimation, equivalent circuit estimation
Capacitor		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	Series capacitance (Cs [F]), parallel capacitance (Cp [F]), series resistance (Rs [ $\Omega$ ]), parallel resistance (Rp [ $\Omega$ ]), phase ( $\theta$ [deg]), dissipation factor (D), quality factor (Q)	Equivalent circuit estimation, equivalent circuit estimation
Resistor		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	impedance (Z [ $\Omega$ ]), phase ( $\theta$ [deg]), resistance (R [ $\Omega$ ]), reactance (X [ $\Omega$ ]),	Equivalent circuit estimation, equivalent circuit estimation
Transformer	Leakage inductance	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	<input type="radio"/>	Lleak [H]	—
	Mutual inductance	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Inductance (M[H])	Mutual inductance (M[H])
	Coupling coefficient	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Inductance (M[H])	Coupling coefficient (k)
	Turn ratio	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	<input type="radio"/>	Turn ratio (Nr)	—
Diode		<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	—	<input type="radio"/>	Parallel capacitance (Cp [F]), quality factor (Q)	Tuning characteristic simulation (resonance frequency [Hz])
Servo	Loop gain characteristic	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Gain, phase [deg], real part of gain, imaginary part of gain	Phase margin [deg], gain margin [dB], loop bandwidth [Hz]
	Closed loop gain characteristic	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Gain, phase [deg]	Phase margin [deg], gain margin [dB], loop bandwidth [Hz], closed to open loop conversion, circuit model identification and simulation
	Open loop gain characteristic	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Gain, phase [deg]	Phase margin [deg], gain margin [dB], loop bandwidth [Hz], open to closed loop conversion, circuit model identification and simulation
Amplifier circuit	Gain-phase characteristics	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	<input type="radio"/>	Gain, phase [deg], group delay [s]	Transfer function identification and simulation
	CMRR characteristics	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Gain, phase [deg]	CMRR characteristics diagram
	PSRR characteristics	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	PSRR	—
	Differential gain / differential phase characteristics	—	<input type="radio"/>	—	—	Gain, phase [deg]	—
Saturation characteristics		—	—	<input type="radio"/>	—	Gain (deviation from max. gain)	1dB compression level ( Vpk  / [dB])
Filter circuit		<input type="radio"/>	—	—	—	Gain, phase [deg], group delay [s]	Low-pass cutoff frequency [Hz], high-pass cutoff frequency [Hz], pass band gain, max. attenuation, pass-band ripple, BEF attenuation, BPF bandwidth [Hz], transfer function identification and simulation